PUBLISHED MONTHLY.—PRICE 8 ANNAS.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 50,816—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—MONDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1896.

THE INDIAN RAILWAY
TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.
THE BEST AND MOST COMPLETE GUIDE IN INDIA.
Time and Fare Tables of all Indian Railways, Steam Boats, and Daks. Places of interest Inland and along the coast, Postal and Telegraphic information, &c., &c.
COLOURED MAP OF INDIA.
"Bombay Gazette" Press, Fort, Bombay.

A FINE SELECTION OF
WATCHES
SILVER AND GOLD
SUITABLE FOR PRESENTS,
BY JOHN JONES.
BOMBAY AGENT:—
37, PARSEE BAZAAR, FORT.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	SATURDAY, 2 P.M.
B.L. CARTHAGE	5263	M. De Horne	17th Oct.
† THAMES	4113	W. J. Nantes	24th ,,
B.M. INDIA	8000	R. F. Briscoe	31st ,,
† ORIENTAL	6284	L. H. Moule	7th Nov.
B.L. CALEDONIA	7558	W. B. Andrews	14th ,,
† THAMES	4113	W. J. Nantes	21st ,,
B.L. PENINSULAR	5207	W. A. Wheler	28th ,,
† ORIENTAL	6284	L. H. Moule	5th Dec.
B.L. INDIA	8000	R. F. Briscoe	12th ,,
† THAMES	4113	W. J. Nantes	19th ,,
B.L. CARTHAGE	5263	M. DeHorne	26th ,,

The Steamers marked B. L. proceed to BRINDISI MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH and LONDON.
The Steamers marked † proceed to Aden only, and Passengers tranship there to a Steamer for BRINDISI and LONDON.
The "India" marked B.M. proceeds to Brindisi and Marseilles. Passengers for London by sea cannot be booked for this voyage.
Heavy Baggage must be sent to the P. and O. Dockyard at Mazagon before 8 A.M. on the day of sailing.
A Steam Tender leaves the Ballard Pier at noon, on the day of sailing to convey Passengers on board, and only hand packages will be received. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with Port of Destination.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AUSTRALIA, AND NEW ZEALAND.
The Company's STEAMERS LEAVE BOMBAY FORTNIGHTLY, usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for COLOMBO, AUSTRALIA, the STRAITS, CHINA, and JAPAN, and Return Tickets are issued on Favourable terms.
Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals.
For further particulars apply to
I. M. SHIELDS,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 5th September, 1896.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S.N.Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH
THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

ACCELERATED SERVICE TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, *VIA* ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To Sail on
IMPERATOR	J. Nicolich	4,119	750	1st Nov. 1896.
IMPERATRIX	T. Rassevich	4,194	750	1st Dec. 1896.
IMPERATOR	J. Nicolich	4,119	750	1st Jan. 1897.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE, VENICE, Or BRINDISI	Rs. 600	Rs. 325	Rs. 150

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd, and BRINDISI on the 4th of each month.
A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

ORDINARY SERVICE TO TRIESTE, *VIA* KURRACHEE, ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To Sail on
MARIA VALERIE	A. Fellner	4,235	350	7th Nov.
VINDOBONA	C. Hellen	4,351	350	7th Dec.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE or VENICE	Rs. 395	Rs. 150

STEAMERS for BOMBAY LEAVE TRIESTE on the 21st of each month.
A Surgeon and a Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RETURN TICKETS
By either Accelerated or Ordinary Service to TRIESTE.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
AVAILABLE for 8 MONTHS	Rs. 960	Rs. 575
AVAILABLE for 12 MONTHS	Rs. 1060	Rs. 635

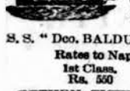
INCLUDING WINE OR BEER SUPPLIED AT MEALS.
THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.
1st and 2nd Class Single and Return are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothard's, and other Routes.
In connection with the Steamers' Tickets the Company issue now Railway Tickets to the Principal Towns of Austria and Germany, as well as Tickets by steamers of the "Nord-deutscher Lloyd" (North German Lloyd) to ports of North and South America, Australia, &c., called at by their vessels.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, AND KOBE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To Sail on
GISELA	G. de Grisogono	4,253	350	21st Oct., 1896.

Connecting at Colombo with the s.s. DAPHNE to Madras and Colombo.
For further Particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., apply to
E. BACHRACH,
Acting Agent.
Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay, Oct., 10, 1896.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.



BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA, Calling at ALEXANDRIA for BRINDISI and VENICE.
S. S. "Duc. BALDUINO" ..... 15th Oct., 1896.
Rates to Naples, Genoa, Brindisi, or Venice:—

1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.
Rs. 500	Rs. 325	Rs. 150.

RETURN TICKETS TO THE ABOVE PORTS:—
1st class, Strictly within three Months, Rs. 750; six Months, Rs. 900; nine Months, Rs. 925; and twelve Months, Rs. 950.
Passengers have the option of going via Venice and Returning via Genoa or vice versa, and can Break their Journey at any Port, resuming it by subsequent Steamers of Bombay or other Weekly and Daily Local Lines.
Through and Return Tickets to London on Application.
BOMBAY to HONGKONG, calling at Singapore 8th of each month.
For Freights and Passage, &c., apply to
E. C. BARBORO,
Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Sept. 17, 1896.

THOS. COOK AND SON,
BANKERS AND ARMY AGENTS.

PASSAGES PROMPTLY ENGAGED by P. & O. MAIL, and all other Steamers, including non-Liners, FREE of CHARGE for COMMISSION.
SPECIAL ATTENTION given to the selection of berths and Social Grouping of Passengers.
THROUGH TICKETS issued available from any Railway Station in India to all parts of the Globe.
CONTINENTAL TRAVELLING TICKETS issued, allowing breaks of Journey at all places of interest.
PASSENGERS with COOK'S Tickets met and assisted at all Chief Continental Ports and Cities.
REDUCED RATES to Railway employés, Family Parties and Missionaries.
OUTWARD PASSAGES engaged and Tickets supplied from any part of the World to India.
HOTEL COUPONS available at over 2,000 Hotels.
REDUCED FARES for Military Officers Government Officials, and Missionaries to Europe via China and America.
HEAVY BAGGAGE received, forwarded and insured.
LIFE and ACCIDENT INSURANCE policies issued.
CIRCULAR NOTES and LETTERS of CREDIT issued for the use of Travellers in all parts of the World.
DRAFTS issued at the Exchange of the day.
SOVEREIGNS, BANK NOTES, and Foreign money bought and supplied. CURRENT ACCOUNTS kept, and Interest allowed when the Credit Balance does not fall below Rs. 1,000
DEPOSITS received. Rate of interest on application.
INTEREST, PAY and PENSIONS collected and every description of Banking and Money Agency transacted.
Handbook of information free on application.
BOMBAY: 13, Esplanade Road.
CALCUTTA: Old Court Street House.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,
BOMBAY.
[illegible]AY & CO., CALCUTTA.
BANKERS AND AGENTS.
PASSENGER DEPARTMENT.
[illegible]RD PASSAGES booked without [illegible]ge and on the most favourable terms. Berth [illegible]y selected, with special attention to grouping.
[illegible]EEPING CAR AND CONTINENTAL RAILWAY [illegible]CKETS procured.
[illegible]AILWAY OFFICIALS, MISSIONARIES, &c., booked [illegible]ems of existing concessions.
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS, AND SOVEREIGNS, at current rates.
HAND-BOOKS supplied gratis, and general information promptly given.
LONDON AGENTS.—MESSRS. GRINDLAY & Co.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED),
Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.
S. S. "DWARKA," 1,695 tons, on the 17th Oct., at 2 p.m., or on arrival of in-coming English Mail Steamer, if later arriving.

FOR KURRACHEE VIA KATHIAWAR COAST PORTS AND MANDAVIE.
S. S. "DUMRA," 1,695 tons, on the 13th Oct., at 10 a.m., calling at Veraval, Mangrole, Porebunder and Cutch Mandvi, in the foregoing or any order. (Weather permitting.)

FOR KURRACHEE VIA CUTCH MANDAVIE.
S. S. "KAPURTHALA," 1,120 tons on the 17th Oct., at 10 a.m.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.
S. S. "PURULIA," 1,554 tons, on or about the 15th Oct., noon, calling at Kurrachee, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order. (Weather permitting.)

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.
S. S. "CHANDA," 2,022 tons, about the 15th Oct., calling at such Ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the Undersigned.

FOR COAST AND RANGOON.
S. S. "CHILKA," 1,971 tons, on or about 13th October.

FOR ADEN, LAMOO, MOMBASSA AND ZANZIBAR.
S. S. "CANARA," 1,902 tons, on or about 7th Nov..

FOR SEYCHELLES, MOMBASSA, ZANZIBAR AND DELAGOA BAY.
S. S. "NOWSHERA," 3,024 tons, on or about 26th Oct., calling at Seychelles, Mombassa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Inhambane, and Delagoa Bay in the foregoing or any order.
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 10th October, 1896.

KING, KING & CO.,
BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGES engaged by P. & O. and all Steamers at the lowest rates obtainable free of charge or Commission.
Lists of the LATEST SAILINGS, with Fares and full information as to berths available, furnished at once.
Special attention paid to the grouping of those wishing to travel 2nd Class, P. & O. Every assistance rendered to Passengers arriving in Bombay for embarkation. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and shipped.
THROUGH RAILWAY TICKETS from any Station in India to Bombay, and Tickets for all Continental Routes furnished on application.
SPECIAL AGENTS of the Firm meet all Steamers at BRINDISI and MARSEILLES.
PACKAGES of every description received for despatch as CARGO to Messrs. Henry S. King & Co., London; or Messrs. King, Baillie & Co., Liverpool. Freight and Marine Insurance effected at the Lowest Rates. QUOTATIONS FURNISHED on APPLICATION.
KING, HAMILTON & CO.,
CALCUTTA.
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.
Under Contract with the French Government.
DEPARTURES TO MARSEILLES, DIRECT,
VIA ADEN, SUEZ & PORT SAID.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on Saturday, at noon.
NATAL	4074	Bourdon	31st October 1896.
OCEANIEN	4259	Schmitz	28th Nov. ,,
ERNEST SIMONS	5707	Le Troadec	26th Dec. ,,

DEPARTURES TO COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, JAVA, SAIGON, TONQUIN, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessel.	Capt.	Tons.	To sail on or about
SALAZIE	Paul	4,255	22nd Oct.

Four weekly departures thereafter.
Passengers for Australia Tranship at Colombo.
A steam launch from Ballard Pier will convey Passengers on Board.
The S.S. "PERSEPOLIS," Captain Etienne, WILL LEAVE BOMBAY for KURRACHEE and PERSIAN GULF, on or about 20th October, 1896.
N.B.—RETURN TICKETS TO MARSEILLES for four, six, and twelve months delivered at specially REDUCED RATES.
THROUGH TICKETS are issued, including Railway Fares, from Marseilles to London.
For further particulars apply to
E. DE BAILLOU, Agent.
Old Oriental Bank Buildings, 57, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

INDIGESTION
PERMANENTLY
CURED
BY
PAPARIDINE.

TAKEN as liqueur after meals, PAPARIDINE instantly relieves all sense of fulness, and, in a few days, the digestive organs regain their normal condition.
Testimonials from all parts of India.
Price Rs. 2 per Bottle.
PREPARED ONLY BY
KEMP & CO., LD., BOMBAY.

NOTES.
INDIAN LAND REVENUE,
FOR PRINCIPLE AND SOUND
POLICY
BY
TODARMAL
Price, Re. 1. Postage half-anna.
Copies can be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

TREACHER & CO., LD.

HOT WEATHER WINES.
CLARETS, BURGUNDIES,
RHINE WINES,
MOSELLES, SAUTERNES.
TREACHER & Co. have large stocks of High class Wines of the above kinds in excellent condition and at very moderate rates.
SPECIAL TERMS TO MESSES AND CLUBS.
BOMBAY. BYCULLA. POONA.

THACKER & Co., LD., BOMBAY.

	Rs. as.
INDIA, Forty Years of Progress and Reform, being a sketch of the Life and Times of Behramji M. Malabari, by R. P. KARKARIA, Editor of Carlyle's Unpublished Letters on European Literature and Culture	5 10
CHAMBERS'S ENCYCLOPÆDIA, A DICTIONARY OF UNIVERSAL KNOWLEDGE, In Ten Volumes Revised and Corrected to date. Price, bound in Cloth, Rs. 75-0: Price in Half Morocco Leather, Rs. 112-8. CHAMBERS'S ENCYCLOPÆDIA is acknowledged to be the best book of the kind at present before the public. It is in use as a standard authority and work of reference on all subjects, wherever the English language is spoken.	
LA SCULPTURE AUX SALONS, by Armand Silvestre de 1896	4 0
PHILOSOPHY OF THEISM, A LECTURE by The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur Mr. Justice M. G. Ranade, M.A., LL.D., C.I.E., etc., Puisne Judge, H. M.'s High Court, Bombay, etc., etc., etc.	0 4
THE WORLD-WIDE ATLAS of Modern Geography, Political and Physical, 3rd Edition. Containing 112 plates and complete Index with an introduction by J. Scott Keltie, Assistant Secretary to the Royal Geographical Society, London, 1896	5 10

MICROBE-PROOF FILTERS.

IT has been shown by many eminent Bacteriologists that these FILTERS render the water ABSOLUTELY STERILE, hence perfectly pure. CHOLERA and TYPHOID MICROBES are EFFECTUALLY REMOVED.

STONEWARE FILTERS. Nicely decorated and complete with Silver-plated tap.

1½ gallon with 4 filtering Candles	Rs. 21-0
2½ ,, ,, 5 ,, ,,	,, 28-8

PRESSURE FILTERS—for attaching to tap. Nickel-plated.

No. 1 SIMPLE ATTACHMENT	Rs. 13-0
,, 2 WITH HIGH PRESSURE TAP	,, 19-0
,, 3 WITH 3 TUBES and WALL BRACKET	,, 68-0

PHILLIPS & CO., LD., BOMBAY & POONA.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DISINFECTANTS!
DISINFECTANTS!!
DISINFECTANTS!!!
USE ONLY
TREACHER AND COMPANY'S
RELIABLE DISINFECTANTS.

CREASOTINE.
THE EFFICIENT STANDARD DISINFECTANT.
An atmosphere impregnated with Creasotine vapour is incapable of conveying infection.
Creasotine is a powerful antiseptic and germ destroyer.
This Preparation is specially recommended for the disinfection of Drains, Cesspools, removing offensive smells, neutralizing and destroying contagion.

TREACHER'S
CARBOLIC ACID DISINFECTING POWDER.
Guaranteed to contain 15 per cent. pure Carbolic Acid.
This Disinfectant contains fully 15 per cent. guaranteed Carbolic Acid; will be fouud most satisfactory in its action; it is far superior to the weak disinfecting powders at present so much in use.

TREACHER'S
CRUDE CARBOLIC ACID.
ALL THE ABOVE SUPPLIED IN ANY
QUANTITY.
SPECIAL QUOTATIONS FOR LARGE BUYERS.
TREACHER & Co., LIMITED,
BOMBAY. BYCULLA. POONA.

BUBONIC FEVER.
KEMP'S MOSQUITO CONES.

MANY diseases are carried from one human being to another by Mosquitoes. Our Cones prevent this, for if burnt in a closed room the Mosquitoes die.
Per tin Re. 1.
KEMP & CO., LD., BOMBAY.

PROVED,

By the unfailing test of years. There can be no better evidence.
KEMP'S
EQUATORIAL HAIR DOUCHE
is recognised throughout India as the most suitable preparation for daily use. It acts as a restorative and renewer, and provides for the Hair the daily nutriment which is as necessary as food to the human frame.
It is, in fact,
A perfect FOOD for the Hair, besides being refreshing, cooling and stimulating in use.
Re. 1-8 and Rs. 2-8 per bottle.

AN AMERICAN TRIBUTE.
From THOS. HARRIS, M.D., Texas,
Dated 21st August, 1896.
"Would you kindly inform me if you have an Agent in New York who handles your
EQUATORIAL HAIR DOUCHE.
I have used it for many years and know of nothing more delightful and refreshing, and would like to get some more if I possibly could."
THOS. HARRIS, M.D.
21st August, 1896.
KEMP & CO., LD., BOMBAY.

WATERPROOF BILLIARD COVERS indispensable during the Monsoon, may be obtained at JOHN ROBERTS and Co., Ld., 18, Marine Street.

NOTICES.

PROSPECTUS,
INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

A PUBLIC Competitive EXAMINATION will be held on MONDAY, the 19th October, 1896, at the Grant Medical College, Bombay, for the examination of Candidates for the Military Assistant Surgeon Branch of the Indian Subordinate Medical Department of the Bombay Subordinate Medical Service.
Candidates must be of European or Eurasian parentage, between 16 and 19 years of age, of healthy constitution, physically fit for Military service, and of good character. They will be required to produce certificates showing that they possess these qualifications.
NOTE.—For further particulars apply to the Secretary to the Surgeon-General with the Government of Bombay, Town Hall, between 11 A.M., and 4 P.M., on any day except Saturdays, Sundays and Holidays.
By Order,
S. E. PRALL, Surgeon-Captain,
Acting Secretary to the Surgeon-General with the Government of Bombay.

INDIAN MIDLAND RAILWAY.
TENDERS FOR THE SUPPLY OF STORES, &c.
TENDERS are invited and will be received by the Agent at his Office, Jhansi, up to noon on 20th October, 1896, for the SUPPLY at the Jhansi Depot, of the Articles below noted, during the 12 months commencing 1st January, 1897:—
I.—Oils comprising Castor, Cocoanut, Kerosine, Linseed Boiled and Raw, and Tallow, and Cotton Waste.
II.—Miscellaneous Country Stores.
III.—Miscellaneous European Stores.
IV.—Stationery.
2. Separate Tender forms of each of the above giving particulars of the approximate quantities and description of Stores and Stationery required for delivery at the Jhansi Depot and the conditions on which tenders will be received, may be obtained on application at the Chief Storekeeper's Office, Jhansi, on payment of Rs. 2 each.
3. The Agent reserves the right to select one or more items from any Tender without reference to the other items on the same tender, and the Tenderer shall be required to supply the same at the rates quoted.
4. Tenders should be superscribed with headings as above (I, II, III, IV), and a deposit of Rs. 1,000 (one thousand), for the articles included under headings I, II and III, should accompany tenders and a deposit of Rs. 200 (two hundred), should accompany the tender for stationery, without which no tender will be considered. Only cash, currency notes or Government Promissory notes will be received as deposits, and if the latter, they must be en orsed in favour of the Agent, "Indian Midland Railway Company, Limited."
5. All Stores to be in accordance with the Company's standard samples, which may be seen at the Chief Storekeeper's Office, Jhansi.
6. The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.
By Order,
G. M. OLIVER,
Acting Chief Storekeeper.
Chief Storekeeper's Office, Jhansi, 29th September, 1896.

THE SOONDERDASS SPINNING AND WEAVING MILLS Co., LD.
ધી સુંદરદાસ સ્પીનીંગ એંડ વીવીંગ મીલ્સ કંપની, લીમીટેડ.
NOTICE is hereby given that the TWENTY-FOURTH ANNUAL ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held on MONDAY, the 12th October, 1896, at 4 P.M., at the registered office of the Company, No. 3, Tamarind Lane, Fort, for the purpose of transacting the following business, viz:—
1st. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Accounts and Balance-Sheet for the year ending 30th June, 1896.
2nd. To declare a Dividend.
3rd. To appoint Directors in the room of those who retire by rotation but are eligible for re-election.
4th. To appoint auditors for the year 1896-97 and to fix their remuneration.
5th. To transact such other business as may be brough forward by the Chairman.
By Order of the Board of Directors,
મુળજી જેઠાની કુંપ,
i.e., MOOLJEE JAITHA & Co.,
Secretaries and Treasurers.
Bombay, 19th Sept. 1896.
N.B.—The TRANSFER BOOKS of the above Company will be CLOSED from 22nd September to 12th October, 1896, both days inclusive.

GEMMED RINGS.
AT present our Supply comprises the prettiest collection in the World of this form of ORNAMENT. The style of setting of a few is quite "ORIENTAL." The application of the term Oriental conveys an idea of crude workmanship to many minds; but we beg to state that our collection though suggesting crudity in an appreciable form as far as fashion is concerned is made up of the finest and most finished workmanship, Better value is not obtainable in any Establishment at Bombay, Native or European. Quality for Quality our prices will be found the lowest in Bombay. For the finest Qualities in Diamonds, Rubies, Emeralds, Sapphire, Turquoises, etc., etc.
MARCKS & Co., Ld
JEWELLERS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

THE PATENT
"MOVILLETTE" EYE-GLASS.
ABSOLUTELY THE MOST COMFORTABLE PINCE-NEZ EVER MANUFACTURED.
PERFECT FOR SPHERICAL CYLINDRICAL OR PRISMATIC LENSES.

A BOON TO PEOPLE who have noses with an even extended surface. To adjust the eye-glass is very simple. Two spurs are grasped between the finger and thumb of one hand. This causes the plaquets to extend, and the eye-glass is then placed on the nose. Upon releasing the pressure the plaquets adapt themselves in a very pleasant fashion to any shaped nose and with the very least feeling of pressure.

ADVANTAGES OF THE NEW "MOVILLETTE."
1. They adapt themselves to any shaped nose.
2. One hand only is necessary to adjust them.
3. They always maintain their horizontal position.
4. They are suitable for any kind of lens.
5. They are easy to repair and do not soon get out of order.
6. They are neatness itself.
7. They do not injure the cartilage of the nose.
8. They are the acme of comfort.
9. The lenses need not be touched by the fingers.

CAN BE PROCURED FROM
MARCKS & CO., LIMITED,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

PROTECT YOURSELVES
From BUBONIC PLAGUE, CHOLERA, DYSENTERY, TYPHOID and ENTERIC FEVERS
By being ABSOLUTELY certain that your DRINKING WATER is GERMLESS and STERILIZED
AMIANTHUS PORCELAIN THE MALLIE FILTER BY THE USE OF PASTEUR THEORIES.

The following are some of the results obtained at the Laboratory of Toxicology of Paris, with these magnificent Filters:—
January 27th, 1892.
1. A sample of flood water was examined and found to contain 1,200 colonies of bacteria. A sample was filtered through AMIANTHUS PORCELAIN FILTERS and examined, and there were found, after 48 hours, NO colonies of bacteria whatever.
2. A culture of TYPHOID BACCILUS in beef-tea was added to water and filtered—no BACILLI PASSED THROUGH THE FILTER.
3. A culture of anthrax bacilli was passed through with similar results. A guinea-pig INOCULATED WITH THE CULTURE DIED IN 36 HOURS; another guinea-pig inoculated with the filtered LIQUID WAS ABSOLUTELY UNAFFECTED.
The immense number, the regular size, and the minuteness of the grains of Amianthus Porcelain explain its rapid filtering property and its impenetrability to microbes bacilli.
Signed—Dr. R. Durand Fardel and Dr. F. Bordas.
Paris, 26th May, 1892.
LOSE NO TIME.—Send for Illustrated descriptive List or call and examine the Filters.
BEYNON & CO., SOLE RETAIL AGENTS BOMBAY & POONA.

BERTIE-SMITH & CO.,
APOLLO STREET, BOMBAY.
SOLE CONSIGNEES FOR INDIA, BURMA AND CEYLON.

AVOID SUNSTROKE
"BUY A RELIABLE"
"SUN HAT"
OUR SEASON STOCK has arrived made by the CELEBRATED MAKERS Hawkes & Co., Ellwood & Sons, &c.
Our New Illustrated Catalogues Free on application.
THORPE AND CO.,
RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

COURVOISIER'S BRANDY,
CONSUMED LARGELY THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.
IT IS a SIGNIFICANT FACT, despite the proverb that a prophet has no honour in his own country, that it is precisely in France and along the Riviera where this Brand enjoys the greatest popularity, commanding, in Short, the highest price in the Market. Rs. 2-4 per bottle of D. C. OOMRIGUR, D. D. BANNA, M. P. BARIA, J. N. GAZDAR, E. B. LAKDAWALA an J. F. KATHOKE, and other Licensed Wine and Spirit Merchants.

REMEMBER OUR NAIONAL HAIR DYE!
Acknowledged to be the best Hair Dye for changing Grey Hair to its natural shade. Quick in action, pleasant to apply, and perfect in effect. Re. 1-10.
F. S. MADON & Co., Near Zooma Musjid, Bombay.

GOLD MEDALS—Kimberley, 1892. Tasmania, 1892. California, 1894.
SILVER MEDAL—Melbourne, 1883. HIGHEST AWARD—Chicago, 1893.
JOYCE'S CARTRIDGES.
CARTRIDGES LOADED WITH EVERY KNOWN ENGLISH POWDER.
SOLID-DRAWN METAL CARTRIDGES FOR RIFLES AND REVOLVERS.
PERCUSSION CAPS (Originators of).
GUN WADS.
SALOON AIR AND GUN AMMUNITION.
GUN IMPLEMENTS.
JOYCE'S AMMUNITION is obtainable from Dealers throughout the World, and Wholesale of
F. JOYCE & Co., LD., 57, Upper Thames Street, London, E.C.,
THE OLDEST HOUSE IN THE TRADE.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE GUZERAT FEEDER RAILWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.

(Registered under the Indian Company's Act VI of 1882).

Capital Rs. 10 Lakhs into 2,000 shares of Rs. 500 each.

(With power to increase the Capital).

Office of the Company—Opposite KARANJA GARDEN,—AHMEDABAD.

PERSONS desirous of obtaining SHARES are requested to send for the Prospectus from the Agents of the Company, Messrs. DHUNJIBHAI TRICUMLAL & Co., at Ahmedabad.

DRESS SUITS—SHIRTS.

CLUB JACKETS—RIDING BREECHES.

ASQUITH & LORD,

SPECIALITY.

Write for New Catalogue.

MANUFACTORY AND SHOW ROOMS,

APOLLO STREET, BOMBAY.

ROPES! ROPES!! ROPES!!!

FOR Plain and Fancy-Coloured Ropes for Punkahs, apply to

THE ELGIN MILLS,

CAWNPORE.

GRESHAM

LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1848.

FINANCIAL POSITION.

ANNUAL INCOME .....£ 1,084,823

ASSETS .....£ 5,902,483

PAYMENTS UNDER POLICIES £12 865,781

In form of Policy, prompt settlement of claims equitable dealing with Policyholders, in strength of organisation, and in everything which contributes to the Security, Cheapness and Popularity of Life Assurance.

THIS SOCIETY STANDS UNSURPASSED.

For Forms of application, &c., Apply to :—

CROFT, MODY & Co.,

Agents, Bombay.

VICTORIA HOTEL.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

WINES AND SPIRITS,

Bottled by J. CONNELL.

WHISKIES.

OLD HIGHLAND ****	per doz. Rs.	38
OLD "HIGHLAND" ***	" "	27
OLD SCOTCH (Yellow Label)	" "	24
OLD SCOTCH (White Label)	" "	23
OLD HIGHLAND O. WHISKY	" "	26
IRISH WHISKY	" "	25

BRANDIES.

JAMES CONNELL'S * * *, a choice, thoroughly matured grape spirit (12 years' old)	per doz. Rs.	47
JAMES CONNELL'S *** (10 years' old)	" "	35
JAMES CONNELL'S Old Pale, a good "Peg" Brandy	" "	28

"NEUBERG'S CHEROOTS."

NEW SHIPMENT OF

TRICHINOPOLY CIGARS & CHEROOTS.

"Well rolled and well flavoured they bear off the palm. They soothe leisure moments and anger disarm, From the crown of your hat to the soles of your boots, You feel that there's virtue in Neuberg's Cheroots."

Respectful attention is requested to present Stocks, which are simply *unapproachable* as regards QUALITY and CONDITION.

☞ Parcels for Friends at Home made up on Shortest possible Notice.

!!SPECIAL REGARD FOR DUTIABLE WEIGHTS!!

FLOR DE JAVAS.

Not to be confounded with so-called JAVAS obtaining elsewhere. These are the ONLY ORIGINAL JAVAS.

FREE DRAUGHT,

SPLENDID CONDITION,

PUREST TOBACCO.

"TORPEDO SPECIALS;"

"GYMKHANAS."

"BEACONSFIELDS; BAHADURS."

And all the present leading Indian Brands.

FOREIGN CIGARS.

"SPOTTED DOGS,"

"SPOTTED ZENOBIAS,"

"SEMIRAMIS."

The Genuine Articles. Very Choice.

REAL BURMAH CHEROOTS.

Direct from Burmah.

Very finest obtainable.

GENUINE

HAVANNA CIGARS,

In boxes of 25 and 50.

J. NEUBERG,

51, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.

LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE INSURANCE COMPANY.

ESTABLISHED 60 YEARS.

INVESTED FUNDS OVER 9 MILLIONS STERLING.

FIRE Insurance at Current Rates.

LIFE: Whole Term, Short Period, and Endowment Assurance issued at moderate rates.

9-10ths of Profits in Participating Class divided amongst Policy-holders.

The LARGE REVERSIONARY BONUS, of 35s. per cent. per annum, or £2-15 per cent. for the quinquennium has been declared at each valuation and compares favourably with that of the very best Proprietary or Mutual Companies.

RITCHIE, STEUART & Co.,

Agents, Bombay.

SHERRY.

"LA TORRE," a natural Solera, is a Dry Wine, combining great Flavor with Delicacy of Bouquet.

Rs. 27-10, CASH.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.,

BOMBAY.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

THIS DAY MONDAY, the 12th inst, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, a quantity of grey, white, and coloured piece-goods and the following:—

1 English double-cased gold hunting watch.
1 new corn grinding machine.
1 washing, squeezing and ironing machine.
1 nearly new ebonized cottage piano by Rose & Co.
2 mahogany square pianos.
1 fourteen-stop organ by Rose & Co.
2 harmoniums.
5 drums Izal disinfectant, each 5 gallons.

Teak and blackwood furniture, such as drawing-room suite, lined leather, single and double almyrahs, clothes press, dressing and washhand tables, easy and light chairs, meat safe, &c.

1 Camera complete by Lancaster and Son of Birmingham.
An invoice of new perambulators and tricycle horses.

By order of the concerned and on account and at the risk of Messrs. Tyabjee Habibbhoy and Co.:—

694—S K 1 G—1-18—16 bundles each 6 ash oars 10 to 16 feet.
19-21—3 cases 1537 lbs. rubber packing 3-32 in. and 1-8 in. by 36 in.
27-35—5 cases 50 gallons extra cylinder oil.
37—1 case 3 dozen hurricane lanterns.
2 dozen hurricane lanterns with reflectors and bull's-eye.

By order of the Administrator-General the effects of the late Mr. JAMES COTTAM, consisting of wearing apparel, &c.

The effects of the late Haji Tyeb Haji Gani, consisting of chairs, sofas, marble-top table, cupboard, cushion chairs, teapoys, easy chair, double cot, almyra, wardrobe, dressing table, globe lamps, plated salvers, brass and copper utensils, iron safe, wearing apparel, &c.

AT 2 P.M.

1 handsome strong-built light victoria.
1 second hand double-seated brougham.
1 strong-built serviceable landau.
1 Jafferabad cow with calf.

By order of the Administrator-General—

1 C spring victora with a grey Arab horse and harness, belonging to the estate of the late Mr. JAMES COTTAM, and any other carriages and horses which may be offered.

On FRIDAY, the 16th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Hummum Street, Fort, next to Messrs. Rogers and Co., the valuable and substantial mahogany and black and teakwood dining, drawing, and bedroom furniture, plated ware, crockery and glasswares, windproof lamps by Hinks and Ditmar, fancy table ornaments, also an invoice of handsome boatwood furniture by Joseph Kohn, consisting of revolving, office, rocking, piano, and light chairs, etc.

The property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

On SATURDAY, the 17th inst., at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at No. 40, Marine Lines (opposite the New Bung-lows) the valuable and substantial blackwood and teakwood, dining, drawing, office and bedroom furniture of the latest design, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, a mahogany square pianoforte by Soundy & Co., Hinks' and Ditmar's, lamps, rich table ornaments, Brussels' and Persian carpets, etc., the property of Captain H. JENNINGS.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

On SATURDAY, the 24th inst, at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Cumballa Hill, opposite Messrs. Kemp and Co.'s premises, the very valuable and artistic French-polished blackwood and teakwood, dining-room, drawing-room, office, and bedroom furniture made to order by Mr. Davjee Canjee, superior electro-plateware by Reed and Barton and by Treacher, solid silverware, very rich crockery and glassware, rich table ornaments, windproof lamps by Hinks and Ditmar, rich Brussels' and Persian carpets, a large collection of choice garden plants, &c., the property of ALFRED H. ELLIS, Esq.

Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view four days before the sale.

SALE OF ORDNANCE STORES.

Under instructions from the Ordnance Officer, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at the Arsenal on TUESDAY, the 3rd November next, at 2 p.m.

A quantity of stores consisting of leather pieces, pawlins, forges, Singer's sewing machines, &c.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 12th October, 1896.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,
AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS,
21, MEDOWS STREET, BOMBAY.

SALE OF A LANDED PROPERTY AT BHOIWADA CROSS ROAD IN BOMBAY.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction on the premises THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 12th instant, at 4 p.m., the following landed property by order of the executors of the will of the late Nursidass Jeitram the mortgagee, and on account and at the risk of the heirs and representatives of the late Meratram Gunpatram, the mortgagor, and on account of all whom it may concern, by virtue of the power of sale given in the mortgage deed, dated the 6th day of January 1887. All that piece of parcel of land or ground situate on the north side of the Bhoiwada Cross Road, formerly in the sub-district of Mandvi, now in that of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 483 square yards, be the same little more or less, and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 400, new No. 4174, old Survey No. 1-12 and new Survey No. 2-2049 and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under ward No. 957-2 and Street No. 317A and bounded on the North by the ground of Jao Antonio Souza, on the south by the Bhoiwada Cross Road, on the east by the ground of Hargovandass Bhickarigass, and on the west by the ground of Manockjee Eduljee and now in the possession of and in the occupation of the tenants the said executors.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned office.

WEEKLY SALE.

On WEDNESDAY, the 14th inst., at 2 p.m., Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Sale Rooms, as follows :—

On account of whom it may concern—

50 boxes brandy in quart bottles.
20 " " in pint "
10 " " in half flask.
300 casks Fletcher Brothers and Co.'s carbolic powder, in casks, 200 lbs. nett.

Few remaining casks of Minton Hollins and Co.'s patent floor and wall tiles of various colours and shades, will sell off to close account.

SALE OF SWEEPINGS, OLD WOOD, IRON, &c., at the Victoria and Prince's Docks premises.

By order of the Superintendent of the Victoria and Prince's Docks, Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction on the abovementioned premises, on Friday, the 16th instant, sale to commence at 1 p.m., viz :—

A lot of sweepings (grain, &c.) old wood, iron, &c.

TERMS OF SALE.—A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale, and balance to be paid and goods cleared away within next day.

N.B.—Also Government duty on the value of the purchased goods should be paid by the purchasers.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.

Bombay, 12th October, 1896.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.,
No. 4, FORBES & MEDOWS STREETS, FORT.

SALE OF Valuable Landed Property at Kalbadevi Road (in the part called Moroba Poputjee's Part.)

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 12th instant, at 4 p.m. Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on the premises, by order of the mortgagees, Thucker Lalljee Doongersey, Jadowjee Doongersey, and Jadowjee Jeiram, by virtue of a mortgage deed, dated 6th March, 1891, and on account and at the risk of the original mortgagor Vulubram Mayaram, and also on account and at the risk of Vulubji Poonjabhai, who has purchased the equity of redemption in respect of the premises from the said mortgagor, Vulubram Mayaram, by a conveyance dated 4th April, 1891.

All that piece of pension and tax land, together with the message, tenement, or dwelling-houses and sweet water well standing thereon, situate, lying and being without the Fort of Bombay, at the western side of Kalbadevi Road, in the part called Kolbhatwady First Lane or otherwise called Moroba Poputjee's Part, in the registration sub-district of Bombay, and now in the occupation of the tenants of the said vendors, and assessed by the Collector of Assessment under No. 17 and now under ward No. 3006 and street No. 55; containing by admeasurement about 250 square yards, registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Pension and Tax Collector's old No. 57, Collector new No. 531, old Survey No. 10-1215, and new Survey No. 91 and which said land, messuage, tenement, hereditaments, and premises standing in the name of the said Vrubram Mayaram both in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue and Municipality; and bounded on the east by the property of Kawasjee Framjee, on the west partly by the property of Aspanjarjee Shapurjee, partly by the property of Rustomjee Pestonjee Limboowalla, partly by the property of Muljee Limjeebhoy Saumpuria, partly by the property of Nowrojee Pestonjee Kapadia and partly by the property of Nusserwanjee Nowrojee Bode, on the north by the property of Jugmohundas Jumnadas, and on the south by the said Kolbhatwady First Lane.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Tyabjee, Dayabhoy and Co., solicitors to the mortgagees, or to the undersigned.

Sale of Tools and Plant, Portable Engines, Drilling Machines, Pumps, Belting, Hoses, Fuses, Timber, Pipes, Tanks, Pumices, &c.

Under instructions from the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON and Co. will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, the 26th October, 1896, at 2 p.m., at Colaba Foreshore, near the B. B. & C. I. Railway Colaba Station, the plant and materials used for Colaba Sewerage Works, consisting 1 portable engine, Ruston Proctor and Co., No. 13196, 12 H.-P.; 1 portable engine, John Fowler & Co., No. 3696; 6 and 4 inch centrifugal pumps with pipes, hand pumps, double and single; drilling machine, vice, iron tanks, gland, beam scale and weights, C. I. water-pipes, cleaning rods, disks, stones, bags of pumice, coke, paint, boiled oil, shingle, sand coils of waterproof fuses, pickaxes, powras, hammers, steel jumpers, sutkees, rammers, buckets, mortar-pans, hands, iron pails, kodlees, chains, iron and steel bars, plates, copper tamping bars, brass couplings, cocks, lead, bellows, anvils, ratchet braces, spirit levels, 7, 6, and 4 inch beltings, 2½, 3, 4, 5, and 6½ inch rubber and canvas hoses, cotton line, wire and coir rope, spun yarn, L.I.R. sheet, hide, fitters tools, bolts and nuts, saws, nails, metal flaps, iron gutters, castings, fire bars, lamps, writing and drawing tables, chairs, cupboard, half tubs, notice boards, empty kerosine-oil tins, empty boxes and casks, teak and jungle wood beams, struts, posts, planks, scantling, round teakwood, rafters, bamboos, centres platforms, measuring boxes, &c., &c.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.

Bombay, 12th October, 1896.

ENGLISH COUNTRY HOME FOR INDIAN GIRLS.

A LIMITED NUMBER of PUPILS from INDIA are received at a Pleasantly Situated Country Home, near Cambridge. The usual English subjects and accomplishments carefully Taught by a duly qualified Staff of Resident Governesses and Visiting Professors. Charming walks, Refined and Comfortable Home, and good Library. Special attention paid to delicate or backward Pupils. Apply "C.P." Advertising Dept. "Gazette" Office, Bombay.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTIE AT CHOWPATTY AND GAMDEVI ROAD.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction.

Suit No. 327 of 1895.

Hajee Sultanalli Shustri, of Bombay, Moghul, Mahomedan Inhabitant, residing in Bombay, at Grant Road, without the Fort.....Plaintiff.

vs.

(1) Mooljee Jewraj, of Bombay, Khoja Mahomedan Inhabitant, residing in Bombay, at Don Tad, 3rd Row, without the Fort, an adjudged lunatic, by his committee and guardian ad litem Ebrahim Nathoo of Bombay, Khoja Mahomedan, residing at Khoja Gully, without the Fort. (2) Shaik Abdool Aziz bin Ally Ebrahim, and (3) Shaik Mahomed bin Alli Ebrahim, both of Bombay, Mahomedan Inhabitants, residing at Chowpatty road, outside the Fort of Bombay ...Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the directions contained in the Decree, dated the 1st day of August, 1896, passed in the above suit and under the instructions of the plaintiff abovenamed, with the consent and concurrence of the 2nd and 3rd defendants abovenamed, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on the premises, at 4 p.m., THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 12th day of October, 1896, the undermentioned immoveable properties, and the right, title and interest of the parties to this suit therein.

Particulars of the Property.

FIRSTLY.—All that piece or parcel of pension tax land or ground and part called Chowk Pole, with the messuage, dwelling-house, bungalow, stable, and outhouses standing thereon, situate, lying and being near Chowpatty in the Island of Bombay, assessed by the Collector of Assessment under old No. 509, and new No. 2490, old survey No. 630, and new survey No. 7933, and by the Municipal Commissioner formerly under No. 9 and now under No. 16, and bearing ward No. , and Street No. , and containing by admeasurement 1947 square yards or thereabouts, and bounded as follows :—That is to say, on the east by the property now or formerly of Vinayek Moroba and partly by the property now or formerly of Pandurang Narayen, on the west by the Gamdevi Road, on the north by the property of Rowjee Pandurang Panchkasi, and on the south by the said Chowpatty Road, and which said premises are at present in the occupation of the tenants of Mooljee Jewraj, the mortgagor.

SECONDLY.—All that piece or parcel of land or ground with the hereditaments standing and erected thereon, situate at Gamdevi Road, without the Fort of Bombay, assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under Nos. 55/56, and 57, and by the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 509, and new No. 2195, and old survey No. 630, and new survey No. 1-7992, and bearing ward No. admeasuring 1,552 square yards or thereabouts, in the registration sub-district of Bombay, and bounded as follows :—That is to say, on the east by the properties of Raghoba Vuemall, Bhawoo Vithoba, Harry Balajee, Purshotum Maneckjee, Bapu Maneckjee, and Pandurang Narayen, on the west by the Gamdevi Road aforesaid, on the north by the part of Ramchandra Raghoba and others, and on the south by the property of the said Mooljeebhoy Jeewraj, the mortgagor, and which said premises are now in the occupation of the tenants of the said mortgagor.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application should be made to Messrs. Mambooy and Jamietram, attorneys for the plaintiff abovenamed, at their office, at No. 9, Bell Lane, Fort, or to Messrs. Framjee Moos and Mehta, attorneys for the 2nd and 3rd Defendants, at their office, at No. 11, Hornby Row, or to the undersigned.

On WEDNESDAY, the 14th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the Ridge, Malabar Hill, very valuable and handsome teak and blackwood French-polished substantial-made household furniture of the latest design, plateware, rich crockery and glassware, a first-rate mahogany grand square pianoforte, rich Persian carpets, Ditmar's table and hanging kerosine lamps, a large collection of choice and rare plants in tubs and pots, &c., the property of HUGHES SYMONS, Esq.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

On WEDNESDAY the 14th proximo at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at "The Beehive," Napean Sea Road, Malabar Hill, valuable and handsome teak and blackwood French-polished household furniture by John Roberts, also Rutnasey made furniture, a first-rate mahogany full sized slate billiard table by John Roberts with balls, cues, &c., complete, a handsome mahogany grand square pianoforte by Schiedmayer in good order, handsome wall lamps, a strong English-built barouche on C-spring, a large collection of choice and rare plants in tubs, pots, &c., the property of the Hon'ble A. C. TREVOR and J. L. JENKINS, Esq., I.C.S.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 12th October, 1896.

BANKS.

COMPTOIR NATIONAL D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

HEAD OFFICE :— 14, Rue Bergere.

LONDON 52 :— Threadneedle Street. E.C.

LIVERPOOL AND MANCHESTER.

CAPITAL ...Fcs. 100,000,000 (£4,000,000).

LONDON BANKERS:—
BANK OF ENGLAND.
UNION BANK OF LONDON.

BRANCHES in all Principal Towns of France, Calcutta Bombay, Tunis, San Francisco, Chicago, New Orleans, Melbourne, Sydney, Tamatave, and Tananarivo.

Current Deposit Accounts are opened, and Interest is allowed on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 100,000. Rates to be learnt on application.

Special arrangements may be obtained on application.

Deposit Accounts are Opened for Fixed Periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

Drafts and Letters of Credit issued payable at any of the chief Commercial Towns of the World.

The Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris beg to draw the attention of Travellers to its Letter of Credit Department in Paris at the Branch Office, 2, Place de l'Opera, in the very centre of the fashionable quarter of Paris, on the Boulevards, facing the Grand Opera, and within easy reach of the principal Hotels, Theatres, and Shops.

Writing and Reading Rooms, Telephone, all necessary arrangements for receiving and despatching Correspondence, exchanging Money, letting Safes or parts thereof wherein travellers can deposit valuables which they do not wish to keep in the hotels, further Strong Rooms for the storage of heavy luggage, etc.

Dividends Coupons, etc., on Government Paper, and other Stocks cashed for customers without charge if remitted Home through the Bank.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on Government Paper Gold, Silver, and Produce.

C. HENRIOT,
Manager.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$	100,00,000
Reserve Fund	$	60,00,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$	100,00,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

T. JACKSON, *Chief Manager*.

London Bankers.—LONDON and COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD.

LONDON COMMITTEE:

E. F. DUNCANSON, Esq. (of Messrs. T. A. Gibb & Co).
WM. ANASTATIUS JONES, Esq. (Director of the London and County Banking Co., Limited).
W. D. BARNES, Esq. (Managing Director, P. & O. S. N. Co.

EWEN CAMERON, } Managers.
G. E. NOBLE, }

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CALCUTTA.	MANILLA.	SINGAPORE.
COLOMBO.	NAGASAKI.	TIENTSIN.
FOOCHOW.	NEW YORK.	YOKOHAMA
HAMBURG.	PEKING.	

BOMBAY AGENCY.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 1 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances if not under Rs. 1,000, and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000.

Money taken on deposit for Fixed Periods, at rates to be learnt on application.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China, and Japan.

G. H. TOWNSEND
Agent.

40, Church Gate Street, Bombay and at 31 Dalhousie Square South, Calcutta.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	Yens 12,000,000 =	Rs.	24,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL	" 4,500,000 =	"	9,000,000
RESERVE FUND	" 4,130,000 =	"	8,260,000

HEAD OFFICE :—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

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BANKERS—The LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK; The UNION BANK of LONDON; THE PARR'S BANK, LIMITED.

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CREDITS granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

DRAFTS granted on JAPAN, and the Chief Commercial places in the World.

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Sirdar's Palace, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

BADHAM,

PILE & CO.,

LTD.,

BOMBAY.

TENNIS SHOES,
REAL WHITE BUCKSKIN
RUBBER SOLES,
Rs. 16-12.

TENNIS SHOES,
WHITE CANVAS
RUBBER SOLES,
Rs. 11-4.

CRICKET SHOES,
REAL WHITE BUCKSKIN
WITH SCREWS OR NAILS,
Rs. 16-12.

CRICKET BOOTS,
REAL WHITE BUCKSKIN
WITH SCREWS OR NAILS,
Rs. 21-12.

CASH OR V. P. P.

BAHADUR CIGARS.

PAR EXCELLENCE THE LEADING BRAND OF INDIAN CIGARS.

UNRIVALLED IN QUALITY AND FLAVOR.

The nearest approach to a GENUINE HAVANNA.

BAHADURS No. 1.		BAHADUR "BOUQUETS"	No. 3.
BAHADURS No. 2.		BAHADUR "BOUQUETS"	No. 4.
BAHADURS No. 3.		BAHADUR REGALIAS.	
BAHADURS No. 4.		BAHADUR PRINCESSAS.	
BAHADUR "SPECIALS"	No. 1.	BAHADUR DAWSON'S	No. 1.
BAHADUR "SPECIALS"	No. 2.	BAHADUR DAWSON'S	No. 2.
BAHADUR "SPECIALS"	No. 3.	BAHADUR EXCELSIORS.	
BAHADUR "SPECIALS"	No. 4.	BAHADUR MANILLAS	No. 1.
BAHADUR "BOUQUETS"	No. 1.	BAHADUR MANILLAS	No. 2.
BAHADUR "BOUQUETS"	No. 2.	BAHADUR MORNING WHIFFS.	

BAHADUR REEDS.

SOLE MANUFACTURERS, BAHADUR CIGARS,

McDOWELL AND CO.,

MADRAS.

BANKS.

THE AGRA BANK, LIMITED

CAPITAL FULLY PAID..... £600,000

LONDON BANKERS.
THE BANK OF ENGLAND.
GLYN MILLS, CURRIE AND COMPANY.
NATIONAL BANK OF SCOTLAND. SCOTLAND.
NATIONAL BANK OF SCOTLAND AND BRANCHES, IRELAND.
PROVINCIAL BANK OF IRELAND AND BRANCHES.

BRANCHES :

At Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, Lahore, Kurrachee.

CORRESPONDENTS.

PARIS	The Anglo-Egyptian Bank, Ld.
SINGAPORE	Messrs. Boustead & Co.
PENANG	
HONGKONG	Messrs. Gilman & Co.
AUSTRALIA	Bank of Australasia and Branches.
COLOMBO	The Bank of Madras.
RANGOON	Bank of Bengal
AGRA	Alliance Bank of Simla, Ld.
DELHI	Bank of Bengal.

BOMBAY BRANCH.

ACCOUNTS CURRENT opened and Interest allow when the Balance does not fall below Rs. 1,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS

received on Terms to be learnt on application.

HOME REMITTANCE DEPOSITS for family and other remittances to Europe in the Bank's own Bills and Interest at 3 per cent. allowed thereon pending remittances.

Circular Notes issued negotiable in all the principal Towns in Europe, Securities received in safe custody and Interest and Dividends realised thereon.

LOANS granted on Government Paper or other convertible Securities and APPROVED Bills discounted.

GOVERNMENT and other STOCKS and SHARES bought and sold, and the safe custody of the same undertaken.

INTEREST, PAY and PENSIONS collected; and every other description of Banking Business and Money Agency transacted.

SYDNEY L. WYATT, Manager.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ...£1,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL £500,000
RESERVE FUND £170,000

HEAD OFFICE :
47, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON, E.C.

BRANCHES :

Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, Colombo, Kurrachee, Delhi, Rangoon, Mandalay, Tuticorin, Kandy, Newera Elya, Zanzibar, Steamer Point, Aden, Cawnpore and Mombassa.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no Interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 10 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

H. CHALMERS,
Manager.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

PAID-UP CAPITAL—£800,000.

RESERVE FUND—£350,000.

HEAD OFFICE :

HATTON COURT, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON.

BOMBAY AGENCY.

INTEREST ALLOWED

On CURRENT ACCOUNTS at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balances up to Rs. 10,000.

All Letters should be addressed, and Remittances made Payable to THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

T. FRASER,
Acting Agent.

BANKS.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	£1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£1,114,625
PAID-UP CAPITAL	£557,312 10s.

HEAD OFFICE :
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E. C.

LONDON BANKERS :
The Bank of England.
The London Joint Stock Bank.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, and SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms :—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Fixed Deposits for 12 months at 4 per cent.

Rates for Deposits for shorter periods may be learned on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

J. K. MOIR,
Manager.

Elphinstone Circle, Bombay

CREDIT LYONNAIS.

ESTABLISHED 1863.

CAPITAL.....Fcs. 200,000,000 = £8,000,000

RESERVE FUND...Fcs. 40,000,000 = £1,600,000

BOMBAY BRANCH : ESPLANADE ROAD.

CENTRAL OFFICE : PARIS. HEAD OFFICE : LYONS.

BRANCHES in all the principal Towns of France and Algiers

LONDON OFFICE 40, Lombard Street, E.C.

WEST END BRANCH 4, Cockspur Street, S.W.

BRANCH IN CALCUTTA.

FOREIGN BRANCHES.

Alexandria, St. Petersburg, Madrid, Brussels, Constantinople Cairo, Moscow, Barcelona, Geneva, Smyrna, Port Said, Odessa, Jerusalem

THE CREDIT LYONNAIS, BOMBAY BRANCH sells Drafts and Telegraphic Transfers on all parts of the world, negotiates and collects Bills and Coupons on all English and Foreign Towns.

Issues Letters of Credit.

Exchanges Foreign money, executes investment orders in Securities on all Indian, English, or Foreign Stock Exchanges and gives information when required on Securities dealt in on the Leading Stock Exchanges.

Receives Securities for safe custody and collects interests or dividends on same on conditions to be arranged.

Grants advances in current account, or for fixed periods, on Rupee paper, approved stock, shares, bullion, and produce.

Opens deposit accounts, allowing interest on the daily balances.

Receives fixed deposits on terms to be ascertained on application

COMMERCIAL AND LAND MORTGAGE, BANK (LIMITED).

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....Rs. 25,00,000

RESERVE FUNDS AND REST... " 10,79,540

HEAD OFFICE :—MADRAS.

BRANCHES :—

BOMBAY AND RAWALPINDEE.

BANKERS & AGENTS throughout INDIA, BURMAH CEYLON, & in LONDON, EDINBURGH & DUBLIN.

LOCAL BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

HON'BLE MR. FAZULBHOY VISRAM, C.I.E. GORDHANDAS KHATAO Esq.
SASSOON J. DAVID, Esq. NOWROJEE JEHANGIER GAMADIA, Esq.

FIXED DEPOSITS.—Terms may be ascertained on application.

PRESIDENTIAL FUND.—Bearing Half-yearly Compound Interest.

STERLING DEPOSITS.—4 per cent. per annum on Money awaiting remittal.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS.—2 per cent. per annum on Balances not exceeding Rs. 10,000 which do not fall below Rs. 500 during the Half-year.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on Security of Goods, Produce, Shares, House Property, and approved personal Security.

Every description of Banking Business Transacted.

Full Information and Rules of business furnished on application.

By Order of the Board :
F. D. STRANACK,
Manager.

Esplanade Road, Bombay

INSURANCES.

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY.

TOTAL INVESTED FUNDS EXCEED £12,000,000 Stg.

LIFE ASSURANCE WITH ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

AT MODERATE RATES.

Policy for Rs. 5,000 payable at Death only.		Policy for Rs. 5,000 payable at age 55 or Death if it occurs sooner.		Policy for Rs. 5,000 payable at age 60 or Death if it occurs sooner.	
Age next Birthday.	Monthly premium.	Age next Birthday.	Monthly premium.	Age next Birthday.	Monthly premium.
	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.
25	11 8 0	25	15 7 0	25	13 13 0
30	12 12 0	30	18 6 0	30	16 0 0
35	14 3 0	35	22 13 0	35	19 1 0
40	16 1 0	40	30 1 0	40	23 10 0

Rates for other ages and under other systems will be supplied on application.

NON-FORFEITURE POLICIES—LIBERAL SURRENDER VALUES.

AGENTS :—
EWART LATHAM & CO.,
FLEMING SHAW & CO.,
BOMBAY.

Guarantees Against Embezzlement.

INDIAN GUARANTEE ASSOCIATION.

HEAD OFFICE : ALBERT BUILDING, BOMBAY.

Funds in Government Securities only, and remain in India.

THE Association provides Security for the Intromissions and Fidelity of Persons in situations of Trust and Responsibility.

For Prospectuses and Proposal Forms apply to

D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F.I.A.,
Secretary.

SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF INDIA, LD.

BOMBAY BRANCH.

LIFE, ACCIDENT AND GUARANTEE LIFE DEPARTMENT.

THIS Company offers unusual advantages to intending Assurers. The tables are popular and easily understood. The POLICIES are the most liberal offered to the Public, and ARE FREE FROM ALL UNNECESSARY RESTRICTIONS, WORLD-WIDE and UNCONDITIONAL Policies. LARGE GUARANTEED BONUS OF 2 PER CENT., per annum on the sum Assured.

ACCIDENT DEPARTMENT.

THE POLICIES of this Company cover Accidents of all kinds incurred in Sport, Business, or Travel at Home or abroad without restriction.

Ordinary Risks.—Rs. 50 per annum will Secure Rs. 10,000 on Death; Rs. 10,000 on Permanent Total Disablement; Rs. 5,000 on Permanent Partial Disablement; Rs. 50 Weekly during Tem

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last Half-Yearly Divid.	Cash Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	10 p. c. 1 bon.	1,402½
Bank of Bengal	40,000	500	all	10 pr. ct.	1,345xd½
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	10 pr. ,,	1,315
Commercial & Ld. Mge ...	{10,000 / 15,000}	100	{100 / 75}	10 p. c.	155
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Agra ...	100,000	£10	all	5 pr. ct.	80
Charter Bank ...	40,000	£20	£20	7 pr. ct.	£27
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation ...	80,000	$125	all	£1-5s.	£41
National Bank of India ...	40,000	£25	£12½	8 pr. ct.	300

PRESS COMPANIES.

				Yearly	
Akbar ...	200	1,250	1,250	75	1,150
Albert Ginning Co ...	100	500	all	18 pr. ct.	45
Albert (Kurrachee) ...	200	1,100	1,100	Rs 80	1,180
Bellary ...	167	1,000	1,000	dvd 14 x	225
Bhownuggur City Press & Manfg Co, Ld	550	250	250	25	275
Bombay Cotton Breul's Cawnpore Press Co., Ld ...	600	200	200	14	187½
Broach City Press Co., Ld	600	200	200	dvd Rs25	230
Colaba ...	500	1,588	1,588	dvd Rs15	300
East India ...	350	1,000	1,000	75	1,375
English Press and Manfg ...	400	200	...	dvd Rs 8	100
Fort ...	150	8,600	500	dvd Rs30	1,125
French ...	300	500	500	dvd Rs30	600
Harvey and Sabapathy ...	450	450	500	dvd Rs40	385
Hingoll Press Co., Ld ...	700	100	100	dvd Rs11	160
Khansaum ...	240	450	450	Rs40	530
Mahura Press Co., Ld ...	300	200	all	15 pr. ct.	255
Mahadpura Cotton G. and P. Co., Ld. ...	200	500	500	53	95
Mercantile ...	1,000	125	125	dvd Re4	85
Mofussil Co ...	5,125	400	400	Nil	380
Munmar M. ...	1,000	250	all	15	215
New Bezar ...	1,200	500	500	dvd Rs30	600
New Indian ...	4,000	125	125	dvd Rs 9	147½
Prince of Wales ...	100	500	500	35	475
Sabapathy (Bellary) ...	500	500	75	20	385
Sassoon ...	200	500	500	20	685
Sind and Punjab Co ...	100	1,000	1,000	200	3,250
Star ...	400	2,000	750	50	660
Ulrah Woollen Mills ...	1,200	250	250	Nil	87
Surat City Press Co., Ld.	270	200	all	12	230
Volkart ...	...	1,000	...	10 dvd Rs5	1,250

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

				guar.	
G. I. P. R. Consolidated Stock ...	...	£100	all	5 p. c.	
B. B. & C. I. R.	...	£ 18	...	0.	420
Ahmedabad Prantej ...	4,000	500	300		
The Tapti Valley ...	28,000	500	50	...	70

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

				Half yearly	
Alliance ...	1,500	1,100	all	Nil	660
Anglo-Indian ...	1,345		100		60
Aurangabad S. & M. Co., Ld.	6 8	1,000	1,000	60	1,000
Bellary S & W Co. Ld (Bellary) ...	371	00	all	9 per ct.	290
Bombay United ...	900	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.40	800
Bombay Cotton Manfg. Co ...	900	500	500	dvd Rs.30	550
Bombay National Manfg. Co, Ld ...	500	1,000	1,000	...	710
Britannia Mills ...	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.40	785
Central India ...	1,000	500	500	dvd Rs.50	1,080
Chiaa Mills Co Ld ...	800	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.50	860
City of Bombay Mills ...	600	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.50	1,080
Coimbatore S and W ...	6,000	100	100	9 per ct.	125
Connaught Mills ...	600	500	500	25	720
Colaba Land & Mills ...	4,000	700	...	dvd Rs12	645
Coorla Mills ...	800	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.50	590
Currimbhoy Mill ...	800	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.60	1,000
David Mill ...	1,400	500	500	dvd Rs.30	525
Dhun Mills ...	1,000	1,000	1,000	40	500
Empress ...	2,100	500	500	dvd Rs 25	490
Framjee Pet's ...	1,350	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs30	760
Hindustan Hingunghat Mills ...	875	1,000	1,000	30	730
Howard and Bulloughs ...	700	500	500	40	660
Hope Mills ...	1,500	500	500	25	700
Hyderabad ...	1,500	1,000	1,000	50	625
Imperial Cotton	900	1,000	1,000	40	1,550
Indian Manfg.	900	500	500	dvd Rs.15	490
Indo-China Manufacturing Co., Ld ...	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.50	1,250
Jacob Sassoon ...	700	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.50	775xd
James Greaves ...	1,100	500	500	20	760
Jaffer Alli ...	600	500	500	dvd Rs.20	225
Jamshed Manufacturing Co.	1,800	250	250	dvd Rs.10	220
Jeeraj Balloo ...	2,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.20	950
Jubilee Mills Co., Ld ...	843	1,000	1,000	20	550
General Mills ...	750	1,500	1,000	dvd Rs30	800
Khandelsh ...			250	Nil	850
Khangaum Manfg. Co ...	400	250	250		
Khatao Makunjee ...	1,000	1,230	1,000	dvd Rs35	800
Leopold ...	2,500	160	103	dvd Rs.10	260xd
Lord Reay Mfg	450	1,000	1,000	30	800
Lukmidas Spinning & Weaving Co ...	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.50	1,080
Madras United	358	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.100	3,350
Mahalumee ...	600	1,000	1,000	Nil	570
Mahboob Shah Mills (Gulburga) ...	3,400	500	500	15 pr ct	...
Manockjee Petit ...	4,000	1,000	1,000	dv Rs100	2,345
Mazagon ...	5,000	250	250	dvd Rs 5	145
Morarji Goculdas ...	1,950	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs75	2,300
Mysore S & M Co Ld ...	4,000	250	250	dvd 15	250
Madura Mills...	7,779	100	100	Nil	pm
National ...	500	1,000	1,000	Nil	620
New Great Eastern...	1,400	1,000	1,000	Rs 20	660
Oriental ...	5,725	625	625	dvd Rs10	360
Presidency Mills Co (Ld).	743	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs50	1,300
Queen Mills ...	380	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs 60	860
Ripon Mills ...	600	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs60	1,250
Sassoon ...	1,500	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs50	1,100
Shalapore Mills	500	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs60	1,650
Soonderdas ...	750	1,900	1,000	dvd Rs40	910
Southern India	1,000	500	500	15	150
Southern Mahratta ...	1,212	250	250	dvRs 12½	365
Sun Mills, Ld ...	1,800	250	250	dvd Rs 20	490
Standard Mills Co. ...	1,600	500	500	25	375
Star of India ...	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	850
Swadeshi Mills.	475	500	500	dvd Rs15	660
Sassoon and Alliance...	,000	00	500	dvd Rs15	680
Union Spinning and Manufacturing Co...	900	1,000	1,000	60	510
Union Mills Ld	00	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs30	550
Venkishunker Mill Co Ld ...	900	500	900	dvd Rs40	410xd
Victoria Mills ...	550	1,000	1,000	Nil	450
Western India...	1,200	1,000	1,000	35	850
Wadia Mills ...	1,287	1,000	1,000	...	

MISCELLANEOUS.

				Half yearly	
Alcock Ashdown ...	{1,750 / ...}	100	100	dvd Rs 5 7½	310
Asiatic Fire Insurance Co Ld	...	1,000	100	...	115
Back Bay Baths	500	30	50	12	5
Badham Pile...	6,000	100	100	12	160
Bombay & Burma Trading Corporation...	1,000	2,500	2500	300	6,250
Do. New Issue.	500	375	625	75	1,570
Bombay Ice Mfg. Co., Ld.	1,250	100	100	dvd 3	65
Bombay Land and Building Co., Ld ...	480	500	500	5 pr. ct.	50
Bombay Flour Mill ...	720	500	500	50	1,250xd
Deccan Paper Mills ...	1,000		500	5 pr. ct.	250
Delhi and Northern India Flour Mills...	1,500	200	200	dvd Rs16	215
Delhi Cloth & General Mills Co., Ld ...	2,800	250	250	8 pr. ct.	350
Indian Guarantee Surety Ship Assn ..	5,000	100	10	10 pr. ct.	17
John Roberts & Co ...	1,500	100	100	10 pr. ct.	190
Kemp & Co....	4,000	200	175	21	380xd
Kurrachee Landing ...	600	500	300	30	200
Marcks & Co., Ld ...	4,000	100	100	dvd Rs15	178xd
Napier Hotel Co	2,000	100	100	9 pr. ct.	40
Nasler Foundry	1,000	100	200	...	60
Oriental Govt. Security Life Insurance ...	5,000	200	50	12 pr. ct.	165
Phillips & Co., Ld ...	4,000	100	100	dvd Rs.6	98xd
Port Canning Co ...	6,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs20	490xd
Soundy & Co..	1,000	100	100	9	50
Treacher & Co	2,000	500	25	50	1,070xd
Thacker & Co.	1,500	100	100		13
Telephone Co.	9,000	251	100	dvd Rs1	3

PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

English Gold ...	Rs.	27-2
Gold Leaf ...	,,	27-4 Nom.
Pekin, bar Gold, old ...	,,	26-14 ,,
Do. do. new ...	,,	26-12 ,,
Australia bar Gold ...	,,	26-14
Bombay bar Gold ...	,,	26-6
Sovereigns ...	,,	17-2
Do. Dragons ...	,,	17-1
Silver 17 ...	,,	90-2
,, (Do. 17½ ...	,,	90-2

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 5h. 53m. Sun sets, 5h. 39m. High water, 3-3m, 2-46a. Low water, 8-59m., 8-13a.
Meeting of Bombay Legislative Council at Poona.
Municipal Corporation, 3 p.m.
Gymkhana Hockey Tournament, 4-45 p.m.
Gymkhana Golf Scratch match.
Gymkhana Bowls handicap.
Asiatic Fire Insurance Company, Apollo Street, 3 p.m.
Soonderdas Spinning and Weaving Mills Company, Tamarind Lane, 4 p.m.
Y. M. C. A., Apollo Bunder, Prayer meeting, 5-45 p.m.
Annual meeting of Bombay Jackal Club at Gymkhana, 5-30 p.m.
Adjourned meeting of the Bombay Medical Union *re* the Bubonic Fever, Readymoney Building, Apollo Bunder, 5-15 p.m.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The steamer Alphee left the dock on Saturday.

VICTORIA DOCK.—The steamer Kt. of St. George entered the dock on Saturday.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for China and Australia, per s. s. Ravenna, will be closed at the General Post Office, at 7 p.m., on Wednesday, the 14th inst.

MANOCKJEE NUSSERWANJEE PETIT CHARITABLE DISPENSARY.—The total number of patients treated during the month of September last was 5,584, the daily average 180, and the total of new patients, 998.

ROBBED WHILE ASLEEP.—Hansraj Lalliji, a cotton merchant, residing at Naigaum Cross Road, reported to the police, on Friday last, that, at 3-30 a.m., during the previous night, while his wife was asleep in a room on the upper floor, someone entered the room through an open door and stole from her neck a gold necklet, called mahaamalla, of the value of Rs. 200.

BURGLARY AT SAMUEL STREET.—Jainabee, a Mahomedan widow, residing in a room on the third floor of a house in Samuel Street, locked the door of her room, at 7 o'clock, on Thursday evening, and went to the Khoja Jamatkhana, where she slept for the night. On her return home, about half-past 5 o'clock on the following morning, she found the lock on the door broken and lying on the ground. On entering the place she discovered her cupboard had been forced open, and silk wearing apparel, of the aggregate value of Rs. 136-8, stolen therefrom.

REPORTED ROBBERY AT MAHIM.—Ruttonbai, a Hindu woman, residing in a shed off the Lady Jamsetji Road, Mahim, and maintaining herself by cultivating land, reported to the police, on Friday morning, that, about 3 a.m. that day, she went out of her hut, when someone seized her from behind and forcibly removed from her ears five gold ear-rings, of the collective value of Rs. 100, and decamped. The woman could not give any description of the thief, as, she stated, she did not see him nor could she raise any alarm at the time through fear of being beaten by the man.

BURGLARY AT GIRGAUM BACK ROAD.—Dewchund Hiralal, residing at Girgaum Back Road, has reported to the police that, some time during the night of the 8th instant, his house was broken into, entrance having been effected by forcing open a window at the back of the house. Two steel trunks, containing gold and silver ornaments, clothing, &c., were carried away into the compound, where the thief or thieves broke them open, and carried away ornaments, of the collective value of Rs. 568-8, therefrom, leaving the trunks with property therein, of the value of Rs. 134, in the compound.

THE HYDERABAD SHOW.—A correspondent wires:—His Highness the Maharajah of Kapurthalla visited the Indian Travelling Trading Company's Exhibition of Indian and foreign arts at Chudderghat, at seven, yesterday evening. His Highness was received at the landing by Mirza Akbar Ali Khan and Mr. Hemchandra Rai. He was conducted to the show rooms, inspected different stalls, and was presented with an address of welcome which he acknowledged in gracious terms. His Highness before leaving expressed his great satisfaction at the undertaking and its management.

THE HOSPITAL FOR ANIMALS.—On the first of September last there were 95 bullocks, 25 horses, and 14 dogs at the Bai Sakarbai Dinshaw Petit Hospital for Animals at Parel. During the month 93 bullocks, 35 horses, and 33 dogs were admitted, and 91 bullocks, 33 horses, and 23 dogs were discharged from the hospital. 1 case among bullocks, 1 case among horses, and 8 cases among dogs proved fatal. The following animals were treated as out-patients:—18 horses, 2 bullocks, 40 dogs, 2 kine, 1 she-goat, 4 buffaloes, 1 monkey, and 2 fowls.

BATHING FATALITY.—Mr. Allan F. Turner, the coroner, held an inquiry on Saturday, at Bhoiwada, touching the death or Dhondoo Pandoo, a barber, aged twenty years, residing at Naigaum. About 4 o'clock, on Friday afternoon, the deceased, on returning home from work, went to bathe in a quarry hole near his house in company of his uncle. The latter after having had his bath came out, leaving deceased in the water, who about a couple of minutes afterwards was found missing. The uncle raised an alarm, when a labourer, who was working in the quarry, jumped into the water and dived, but failed to recover the body. The police were informed, and they dragged the quarry and recovered the body at 6 p.m., life being then extinct. A verdict of accidental death was recorded.

FATAL FALL OFF A TREE.—An inquiry was held, on Saturday, at Matharpakady Road, Mazagon, on view of the body of a Hindu lad, named Shunker Dhugroo, aged ten years. The deceased resided with his parents at Matharpakady Road and attended a Marathi school in that locality. About 7 o'clock, on Thursday morning, Shunker climbed up a tree in order to remove a kite that had got entangled amongst some branches. While he was endeavouring to remove it, the branch on which he was standing gave way and he fell on to the ground below, a distance of only about four feet, sustaining a contused wound on the lower hip and internal injury to the stomach. He was conveyed to the J. J. Hospital, whence after treatment he was taken home by his parents. The lad complained of severe pain in the stomach, and he died, at 11 o'clock, on Friday night. The jury brought in a verdict of accidental death.

DAIWADNYA MEETING.—A largely attended meeting of the Daiwadnya community, writes a correspondent, was held in an indifferently erected shed in Madhowsett's Lane, Old Sonapur Street, yesterday afternoon. Owing to differences in this community in connection with the adoption of Rawjee there has been a split. The late Hon'ble Jagonnathjee Shunkersett left a charitable bequest of Rs. 25,000 for the use and benefit of this community. For the last thirty-two years this large sum is not used for the purposes for which it was intended by the donor. Apprehending that this sum will have to be given up to the caste, several persons interested in the non-payment of this sum arranged between themselves on a plan to stop the business of the meeting. When the nomination of a capable chairman was put to the vote and carried by an overwhelming majority, an amendment was put in by a railway clerk that Rao Saheb G. M. Pitale should take the chair. This was a signal for confusion and hot words. Thus ended in a fiasco a meeting which, if well managed, would have been the means of doing in a position to aid materially the indigent poor of the Daiwadnya community. The laudable steps taken by Mr. Harichundraji Pandoorungji, a leading member, to prepare his castemen to support the original intention of the conveners of the meeting, were consequently frustrated.

FATAL ACCIDENT TO A HOUSE PAINTER.—A coroner's inquiry was held, on Saturday, at Apollo Street, Fort, on view of the body of Govinda Vithoo, a house painter, aged twenty-five, residing at Coombharwada. For the last fortnight deceased and three other labourers had been engaged by a Borah contractor, named Adamji, in painting the Mayor's buildings, in Apollo Street. For the last five days they had been painting the ceiling of the second floor of the house. Bamboo scaffolding had been erected by carpenters and planks put across the room resting at the ends on the scaffolding, and in the middle on the wooden partition which divided the room into smaller rooms. At about 10 o'clock, on Saturday morning, the deceased and his fellow-workmen were standing on one of the planks, painting the ceiling, when the wooden partition, on which a plank rested, suddenly gave way, precipitating the deceased and other labourers down on to the second floor. The plank on which they were standing fell on the top of the deceased, who, on being extricated, was found to be dead, bleeding from the nose and mouth. One of the fellow-labourers, who sustained a cut on the shin and some contused wounds by the fall, was conveyed to the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital. The jury on the evidence returned a verdict that the death of the deceased was caused by injuries received by the plank on which he was standing giving way. The jury are of opinion that the wooden partition on which the plank rested was not sufficiently strong enough to support it.

CHARGE OF ENTICING AWAY A MARRIED WOMAN.—At the Mazagon Police Court, on Saturday, one Salam Abdulla, a Mahomedan weaver, appeared before Mr. W. Webb, Acting Second Presidency Magistrate, to answer a summons taken out against him by one Cheeragan Peerbux, a Mahomedan, native of Ajamgar, at present residing at Kamatipoora, charging him with enticing away his wife, Moolina. Mr. Boyce, pleader, appeared for complainant; while Mr. Salmon, pleader, defended. From the information filed by the complainant, on the 20th July last, before Mr. W. R. Hamilton, and from the evidence given by the complainant on a subsequent date before Mr. W. Webb, it appears that the complainant was married to Moolina about ten or twelve years ago, at his native country, Ajamgar, and that they subsequently arrived in Bombay and put up in a room of a chawl at Kamatipoora, where accused also occupied another room. It was stated that some intimacy sprang up between accused and Mooleena while residing in that chawl, and they disappeared some time in the beginning of June last. The complainant made inquiries about them for about a month, but failing to find them anywhere made a report to the police, who advised him to take proceedings against the accused in a court of law as soon as the man could be traced. Mr. Hamilton granted a summons against the accused, which was served on him on the 8th September at Poona, where he was traced by complainant. When the case came on for hearing, on the 17th September last, the woman Moolina denied having married the complainant, and the latter having failed to establish his marriage with her, Mr. Webb discharged the accused under section 253 of the Criminal Procedure Code. On the 30th September last complainant filed another information before the same magistrate, stating that he had got some further evidence to prove the marriage and to bring home the charge against the accused. The court granted a summons against the accused, and the matter came on for further investigation on Saturday last, when the prosecution adduced the evidence of a Moonlan (priest), who had performed the marriage ceremony. The court, however, found the testimony of the witness to be unreliable, and again dismissed the case.

HIGH COURT.—ORIGINAL SIDE.

(Before the Hon. Mr. JUSTICE FULTON.)

DISCORD AT THE SWISS STORES.

DAVID WIDLER VS. ALLEN ATKIN AND E. C. O'BRIEN.

THE plaintiff and defendants are partners in an establishment known as the Swiss Stores. Mr. Russell, instructed by Messrs. Crawford, Burder and Co., on behalf of the plaintiff, moved for the dissolution of partnership existing between the plaintiff and the defendants, that an account might be taken of the partnership business under the direction of the Court, and that a fit and proper person might be appointed as Receiver to take charge of the business and the property until further orders.

In support of the application Mr. Russell read the plaint which, among other things, stated that prior to the execution of the deed of partnership business, the plaintiff had, for some time pass, carried on the business as a general merchant and export and import agent on his own account under the name and style of "David Widler and Co., Swiss Stores" at Apollo Street. On the 24th of June, 1896, a deed of partnership was executed, and the plaintiff admitted the first defendant as a partner in his business for four years under the terms and conditions therein mentioned. On the 29th of August 1896, the plaintiff and the first defendant admitted the second defendant as a partner by another partnership deed. Shortly after the second defendant became a partner, he began quarrelling and behaving in a violent manner towards the plaintiff, and on the 7th September last he committed an assault on the plaintiff in the partnership premises. The plaintiff, thereupon, was compelled to take proceedings against the second defendant in the Police Court, which were subsequently withdrawn on the defendant writing a letter of apology to the plaintiff. In spite of the apology the defendant again became violent and hostile in manner towards the plaintiff and assaulted him a second time on the 5th of October, and became so violent that the plaintiff was obliged hastily to leave the shop. The plaintiff had instituted police proceedings in the matter, which are still pending. On the 9th idem, the plaintiff, through his attorneys, addressed a letter to the defendants. Since the letter was written the second defendant had, without the consent or sanction of the plaintiff, broken open the safe in the partnership premises and the contents were now under the control of the second defendant, and the plaintiff was apprehensive as to what use he might make of the same to the detriment of the plaintiff and the partnership business. By reason of the defendant's conduct the plaintiff had been obliged to deposit certain bills of lading and other documents with his attorneys, and it has become impossible for the partnership business to be continued. It had further become impossible for the plaintiff to return to the shop and look after the business and work there as cashier, as provided in the partnership deed.

The plaintiff, in his affidavit, after recounting the deeds of partnership and the assaults, that the second defendant, who formerly carried on business as a book-maker at race meetings in India, was utterly unacquainted with the habits and customs of commerce and had on several occasions quarrelled with customers and his manner of attending to business affairs was extremely prejudicial to the partnership business. On the morning of the 5th instant, the second defendant without any reason took away the key of the barrel containing claret from the shop and the sale thereof was consequently stopped and the customers lost to the business. In consequence of the plaintiff's previous extensive knowledge of the business and also of his knowledge of English, French, Italian, German, Greek, and other languages he used to attend to the whole management of the business and the correspondence that passed in connection therewith. Though the plaintiff was competent to conduct the business correspondence, the second defendant brought in a lady, named Madam Colomb, a French teacher, and got her to read the business letters without the consent of the plaintiff.

His Lordship, after hearing Mr. Russell granted a rule *nisi* calling upon the defendants to show cause why a receiver should not be appointed.

MERCANTILE PRESS COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE fourteenth ordinary general meeting of the shareholders of the above company was held, on Saturday afternoon, at its registered office No. 51, Apollo Street, Dr. L. J. Pinto, presiding. The following directors' report was submitted to the meeting:—

In submitting the audited accounts for the year ending 30th June, 1896, your directors regret that the result of this year's working being far from satisfactory, they are not in a position to declare a dividend. The total number of bales pressed by the company this year, as compared with the previous year, is as follows:—Mahwa 5,186 in 1896 against 3,930 in 1895; Bhownugger 7,650 in 1896 against 7,071 in 1895; Meeagam 1,250 in 1895. From the above table it will be seen that your company's presses have turned out more bables this year than last year. Yet owing to keen competition in Bhownugger, the pressing rates were very low and left very little profit, while at Mahwa the pressing work was distributed equally among the three presses, and therefore the profits were equally small. The profit and loss account shows a credit balance of Rs. 2,019-8-9, which, added to the amount of commission, Rs. 1,766-12-0, which the agents have abandoned, makes a total of Rs. 3,786-4-9. A new boiler is set up this year at Mahwa at a cost of Rs. 5,211-9-1 and Rs. 3,411-9-1 of the above profit having been written off to boiler account, the remaining balance of Rs. 374-11-8 is carried to next year's account. Dr. L. J. Pinto and Mr. Chatoorbhooj Bhaichandbhai retire from the board of directors, but are eligible for re-election. You have to appoint auditors for the ensuing year and to fix their remuneration.

The above report together with the audited balance sheet made up to the year ending 30th June 1896, was adopted and passed. Dr. L. J. Pinto and Mr. Chatoorbhooj Bhaichandbhai, who retired by rotation from the board of directors were re-elected directors. Messrs. Baloobhoy Callanbhoy and Maneckshaw Byramji Master were re-appointed auditors for the current year on a remuneration of Rs. 75 each per annum. A vote of thanks was tendered to the secretaries and treasurers for giving up the whole of their commission. The customary complement to the chairman brought the proceedings to a close.

ALLEGED SWINDLING OF A COFFEE PLANTER.

AT the Mazagon Police Court, on Saturday, Mr. F. S. Taleyarkhan, Acting Fourth Presidency Magistrate, recorded further evidence in the case in which Hajee Rascolkhan, a coffee planter of Temrikeri, Cadur District, in Mysore territory, has taken out a summons against Syed Ahmed, describing himself as a spiritual head, and his domestic servant, Kalanderkhan, charging them with theft of a tin box, containing currency notes, of the value of Rs. 5,400, criminal breach of trust, and criminal misappropriation in respect of the amount.

Mr. Kazi Kabiruddin, barrister-at-Law, instructed by Mr. Merwanjee, of Messrs. Bicknell, Merwanjee, and Mottal, solicitors, conducted the prosecution, while Mr. S. G. Velinkar, pleader, defended both the accused.

Re-examination of Syed Abdul Gani was continued by Mr. Kazi. He said he was taken to the Police Commissioner's office. A police jemadar took him there in connection with the letter which Inspector Roshan Ali had brought from Mahim.

The court declared the letter irrelevant, and disallowed the contents of it to be asked in re-examination.

Abdul Gani continued, and said he did not purchase any sigri at Mahim. Accused No. 1 first suggested the idea of residing at Mahim. He did not go to the goldsmith himself, but the police took him there. He did not see the pair of tongs with the accused before he came to Bombay.

Mr. Velinkar addressed the court at great length, and then the case was adjourned for prosecution's reply till the 13th instant.

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HIGH COURT.—APPELLATE SIDE.

(Before the Hon. Mr. JUSTICE PARSONS, and the Hon. Mr. JUSTICE RANADE.)

ALIENABILITY OF LANDS BEFORE THE SURVEY.

ABA BIN YESU JADHAV VS. HARI KESHAV DONGRE AND ANOTHER

THIS was a second appeal from a decision of Mr. F. C. O. Beaman, as District Judge of Thana. Mr. N. G. Chandawaker, appeared for the original plaintiff and appellant; and Mr. P. P. Khare, appeared for the original defendants and respondents. Where the plaintiff sued for possession of certain land, alleging that the occupancy right of the tenant from whom he had purchased was a transferable one, and the lower appellate Court framed the issue as to whether the existence before the survey of a custom sanctioning the transfer had been proved, and in deciding this issue refused to consider the evidence of any transaction of transfer that had taken place since the survey, it was held that the point should be, not whether the right existed prior to the survey of 1865, but whether it exists at present as to the particular land in question; and it is open to the tenant claiming that right to prove its existence by evidence of transactions continuing down to the present time.

Plaintiff brought this suit to recover possession of certain lands situate at Mouje Kokare, the Vatandari Khoti village of defendants, in the Mahad Taluka. Plaintiff alleged that the land belonged to one Ramji bin Suryaji Powar, who in the year 1862 mortgaged it to one Mathur Damodar Gujar, since deceased; that in 1871 he renewed the mortage in favour of one Shamabai, the mother of the said Mathur, to whom he also passed a third mortgage in the year 1882; that pursuant to a decree obtained on the mortgage of 1882 the lands were sold in the year 1892 and purchased by him; that he was put in possession and thus became the owner of the land; that before the introduction of the survey Khoti lands used to be sold, mortgaged or otherwise alienated in the said village; that subsequently defendant 2 made an application to recover possession under section 332 of the Code of Civil Procedure, which was granted. Hence this suit. Defendant 1 did not appear. Defendant 2 replied, *inter-alia*, that plaintiff was a benami purchaser for defendant 3, and that there was no such practice as alleged by plaintiff which enabled him to alienate the said lands which were of his Khoti ownership. Defendant 3, replied that plaintiff having purchased the lands at a Court sale was the owner thereof, and that he was not a necessary party to the suit. The Joint Subordinate Judge of Mahad awarded plaintiff's claim. In appeal the District Judge of Thana reversed the decree of the lower Court and dismissed the suit, holding that the usage relied on by plaintiff about the alienability of lands before the survey was not proved. From this decision plaintiff preferred this appeal to the High Court.

Mr. Justice Parsons, in giving the court's decision on the appeal, said:—Plaintiff sued for possession of certain land alleging that the occupancy right of the tenant from whom he had purchased was a transferable one. The District Judge framed the issue as to whether the existence before the survey of a custom sanctioning the transfer had been proved. In deciding this issue he refused to consider the evidence of any transaction of transfer that had taken place since the survey, citing Section 38 of Act I of 1865. In our opinion this is wrong. Although section 38 of Act I of 1865 did not confer any right of transfer where such did not exist before, it did not operate to take away any right that had been acquired. It did not restrict the proof of the right to transactions prior to 1865-66, as the Khoti Act of 1880 has done. Such being the case, the point should be not whether the right existed prior to the survey of 1865, but whether it exists as present as to the particular land in question, for it is as to the present condition of the tenure that the Court has to come to a determination; and it would be open to the tenant claiming the right to prove its existence by evidence of transactions continuing down to the present time for from that evidence the condition of the past can be inferred. We, therefore, reverse the decree of the lower appellate Court, and remand the appeal for retrial. Costs to be costs in the cause.

(Before the Hon. Mr. JUSTICE PARSONS and the Hon. Mr. JUSTICE HOSKING.)

LAPSE OF INAM OF LANDS.

BALKRISHNA AND OTHERS, SONS OF WAMAN MODAK VS. KHUNDERAO VISHWANATH RASTE.

THIS was a second appeal from a decision of Mr. L. G. Fernandes, first-class subordinate judge of Thana, Mr. N. V. Gokhale, appeared for the original plaintiffs and appellants; and Mr. M. B. Chaubal, appeared for the original defendant and respondent. The village of Vakrul was granted in Inam to the defendant in 1809, subject to all existing haks and Inams. At that time one N held some lands in that village in Inam. His Inam subsequently lapsed to Government, and in 1844-45 the lands were granted to the plaintiff on an ordinary occupancy tenure, and the grant was renewed in 1861-62. It was held that the grant to the plaintiff did not include the right to the teak and blackwood trees that were then or thereafter might be on the lands. On the lapse of N's Inam the right to these trees fell either to the Inamdar, the defendant, or became the property of Government.

Plaintiffs brought this suit to establish their title to and recover possession of certain varkas lands bearing Survey Nos. 1 and 2 measuring 1 acre 31 gunthas and 14 gunthas, respectively, situate in the village of Vakrul, and an injunction to restrain defendant from felling away trees standing thereon, and also to recover one log of teakwood wrongfully cut and taken away by defendant, for which they claimed 6 annas. Plaintiffs alleged that the said lands were originally granted in Inam to one Narayanbhat Karve, and that Rambhat Karve, the last holder of the Inam, having died without heirs some 50 years ago, the lands were granted to their ancestors, that since then they have belonged to their ancestors, and that they have been in possession of them, they paying the assessments therefor. Plaintiffs further alleged that when the village of Vakrul was granted in Inam to defendant's ancestors in the year 1809, there was an express saving made in favour of prior Hakdars and Inamdars, and, lastly, that in the year 1861-62 when Government made a fresh survey of lands the varkas lands in suit were entered in the name of an ancestor of theirs. Defendant answered, *inter-alia*, that plaintiffs had three bighas of rice land only; that at the Survey of 1861-62 father in collusion with the Survey karkun got 2 acres and 5 gunthas of varkas land (part of his Inam) entered in their (plaintiffs') name in addition to the the rice land; that he had been cutting the trees since 1880; and that the suit was barred by the law of limitation as in 1880 plaintiffs' claim for the trees cut was rejected. The Subordinate Judge of Pen found that the trees on the lands in dispute belonged to plaintiffs that the suit was not time-barred, and granted an injunction against defendant from felling away trees growing on the lands in dispute and against interfering in any way with plaintiffs' possession of *those* lands, awarding to plaintiffs annas 6 for the value of the teakwood cut by defendant. In appeal the First-Class Subordinate Judge, A. P., of Thana, amended the decree of the lower Court by rejecting plaintiffs' claim for the value of the tree cut, and declared that defendant was entitled to cut teak and blackwood trees growing on the land in suit. From this decision plaintiffs preferred this appeal to the High Court.

Mr. Justice Parsons in giving the court's decision, said:—The grant of the village in Inam to the defendant in 1809 saved all existing haks and inams. At that time one Narayanbhat held

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Bombay, Jan. 15, 1892. J. BARKER.

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COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

SATURDAY EVENING, OCT. 10.

THE withdrawals of Gold from the Bank of England recommenced yesterday, when £350,000 was taken for North America. Consols declined 1-8th per cent. to 109¼, but Indian Sterling Loan was unchanged at 116¼. The Bank rate remained at 3 per cent; but the market rates of discount were put up 1-8th, both for short London Bills and six months' sight Indian Bank Paper, say to 2 1-8, and 2¼ per cent, respectively, 3¼ per cent. Rupee Securities were 3-16ths per cent. lower, at £60 15-16. The price of Bar Silver declined 1-16d. per oz. to 29 15-16d.; and in New York the metal was 3-8 cent lower, at 64⅞ cent per oz.; with demand Exchange on London unaltered at 4·83⅜ dollars. The Indian Council allotted a quarter of a lakh of extra Bills on Calcutta, at 1s. 2 3-16d.—the rate of the extra Bills placed on Thursday. The Exchange Banks' buying rate in London on India at 30 days' sight remained at 1s. 2 1-32d. The weekly shipments of Specie consisted of £70,000 in Silver to Bombay, and £30,000 to Calcutta, and £30,000 in Gold to Bombay. French Rentes in Paris were ⅛ per cent. higher yesterday, at 101¼; Paris Exchange on London being unaltered.

To-day, £325,000 more in Gold has been withdrawn from the Bank of England; and Consols have further receded 3-8ths. per cents. to 109 1-8. The market rates of discount have been further raised ⅛ per cent., say to 2 3-8ths. per cent. on short London Bills; and 2¼ per cent. on six months' sight Indian Bank Paper. 3¼ per cent. Rupee Securities and Indian Sterling Loan are unchanged at yesterday's quotations, as also is the price of Bar Silver, both in London and New York. A further extra allotment of Council Bill on Calcutta has been made to the extent of 3½ lakhs at yesterday's rate of 1s. 2 3-32d. French Rentes in Paris have receded ⅛ per cent. to Thursday's quotation of 101½; Paris Exchange on London being a shade higher, at fcs. 25·17.

Yellow Guzerat Rapeseed was quoted in London, yesterday 42½s. per 416lbs., business done, shipmen this and-or next month, to Hamburg, tone of the market strong; and Yellow Cawnpore Rapeseed at 40⅜s. per 416lbs., sellers, same shipment, to Havre, Antwerp, and Dunkirk, market strong.

A further decline of 1-16d. per lb. took place in the price of spot Mid.-American Cotton in Liverpool, yesterday, at 4½d. per lb.; and Arrivals were 5-64d. lower in all positions, the extreme quotations having been 4 17-64d. for October deliveries, and 4 1-8d. for February-March. East Indian Cotton, declined 1-32d. per lb. The market closed easier; Surats easier; and Arrivals steady; the day's Sales having been 12,000 bales including 200 Surats. The day's Imports were 3,000 bales. The Manchester market was quiet.

The total Sales of Cotton in Liverpool for the week ending yesterday, were 5,000 bales more than in the week preceding, at 65,000 bales; and the amount forwarded to consumers was 11,000 bales greater, at 62,000 bales. The week's Imports were 10,000 bales less, at 35,000 bales. The total Stock had decreased during the week by 30,000 bales and stood, yesterday, at 382,000 bales.

In New York, yesterday, the price of ready Mid-Uplands remained at 7 15-16 cents per lb.; January Futures having been 8 points higher, at 7·88 cents. The Receipts at the U. S. Ports were 54,000 bales, compared with 41,000 bales last year, and 57,000 bales the year before on the corresponding day.

A telegram through Reuter of this day's date from Washington advises that the Agricultural Bureau monthly report states that the average condition of the crop in eleven Cotton States is 60 11-16 per cent., which compares with 64 3-16 at the beginning of last month, 70·8 in September 1895, and 85·9 in September 1894. The telegram adds that Eastward of the Mississippi there is scarcely any top crop.

The only change in the New York market to-day is a decline of 4 points in the price of January Futures, at 7·84 cents. The Receipts at the Ports are 48,000 bales going against 45,000 bales, and 46,000 bales in 1895 and 1894, respectively. The quantity of Cotton in sight in New York yesterday, was 1,790,000 bales compared with 1,360,000 bales visible at the end of the previous week.

This afternoon, the Liverpool market closed quiet, all round, with spot prices all unchanged; but Arrivals partially 1-32d. higher. The day's Sales have been 8,000 bales; Surats *nil*. The Manchester market has remained quiet.

Locally a small business in Cotton has been reported to-day, while prices have declined Re. 1 to Rs. 2 per candy, the feeling, however, having remained steady. Exporters have bought 450 bales, consisting of 200 "Fine" Dhollera, at Rs. 195; 150 Bhagalcote, at Rs. 173; and 100 Bengal, at Rs. 174; while the Mills have taken only 300 Bhownugger, at Rs. 183; and 100 Khundva, at Rs. 187 per candy.

WHEAT AND SEEDS.—These markets have been both closed again to-day, on account of the fever epidemic in their neighbourhood.

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay, yesterday, were as follows:—

Cotton	1,228 bales.
Wheat	7,266 cwt.
Linseed	2,497 "
Rapeseed	6,570 "
Gingelly	3,508 "
Poppyseed	657 "
Castorseed	5,335 "
Rice	6,332 "

FREIGHTS are firm at last quotations; but no fresh business of importance has transpired to-day.

EXCHANGE opened with a quiet but steady feeling at 1s. 2 5-32d. for Bank Telegraphic and Demand, and at 1s. 2 9-32d. for three months' sight Credits. Business has been very quiet, as usual on a Saturday, now that the mail closes on that day, and rates closed steady at the opening level, say:—

Bank Bills on Demand	1s. 2 5-32d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 2 5-32d.	do.
Do. 3 months' sight	1s. 2 7-32d.	do.
Credits do.	1s. 2 9-32d.	do.
Francs do.	1 50½	

GOVERNMENT PAPER opened at 104 for Money and 104 1-8 for Account, for 3½ per cents; but the feeling of the market becoming stronger, rates advanced to 104 3-16 and 104 1-16 in the two positions, respectively, leaving off at a further rise of 1-16th per cent. Fours have been quoted nominally at 102.

SHARES.—The market has been quiet to-day, and we have to note only a decline of Rs. 10 each in China, Hindustan, James Greaves, Queen, Sun, and Standard; of Rs. 5 in Manockjee Petit, and Rs. 50 in Sassoon; while New Great Eastern have advanced Rs. 85.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, OCT. 9.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed easier. Surats easier.

Good Dhollera 3 21-32

The Manchester market has been quiet

2½ per cent. Consols ..... 109 ⅛

3 per cent. Rentes 101 3-4

3½ per cent. Sterling Loan 116½

3½ per cent. Rupee Paper 60 15-16

Bar Silver 29 15-16

The sum of about £350,000 has been withdrawn from the Bank of England for north America.

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

Total Week's sales of Cotton		65,000 Bales.
" " "	Surats	1,300 "
" " Imports of Cotton		35,000 "
" " "	Surats	Nil "
" Stock of Cotton		382,000 "
" "	Surats	36,000 "

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

SUEZ, OCT. 9.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Macintyre, from Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, arrived here this morning.

LONDON, OCT. 9.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Lindsay, arrived here yesterday.

PLYMOUTH, OCT. 9.

The P. & O. Company's steamer Peninsular arrived here this after noon.

COLOMBO, OCT. 11.

French mail steamer Sydney, from China, arrived.

The Bombay-Japan Line Steamer Hiroshima Maru eft Colombo for Bombay on the 10th instant.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

EUROPE.

BIRTH.

GORDON—October 2, at St. Brannocks, Braunton, North Devon, wife of H. K. Gordon, Bank of Bengal, Hyderabad Deccan, of a daughter. (By telegram.)

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

BECHTLER—October 2, at Strawberry Bank, Mussoorie, the wife of J. C. Bechtler, of a daughter.

BOYD—October 8, at 240, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta, the wife of J. E. K. Boyd, of a daughter.

COOKE—September 29, at Mandalay, U. B., the wife of Gordon, H Cooke, Superintendent, Survey of India, of a son.

CONNOLLY—September 30, at Murree, the wife of J. J. Connolly, Examiner of Accounts, P. W. D., N.-W. Ry., of a daughter.

FOY—October 1, at Isla House, Mussoorie, the wife of E. R. Foy, Punjab Irrigation, of a son.

GOATER—September 26, at Benares, the wife of Staff-Sergeant Cecil Goater, A. R. D., Babugarh, of a son.

PERKINS—September 29, at Evell, Surrey, the wife of Captain Norman C. Perkins, Indian Staff Corps, of a daughter.

SANDERSON—September 29, at Umballa, the wife of G. W. Sanderson, M. W. D., of a son.

DEATHS.

ANDREWS—October 6, at 135, Dharamtola, Calcutta, Mary Ann, the beloved wife of Henry Andrews, Esq., in her 90th year.

CHATTERTON—October 7, at St. Thomas' Mount, Mr. J. Delves Chatterton, of the London Missionary Society, aged 61 years.

DEVERINNE—October 4, at Morrellgunge, Arthur William, the fourth son of J. S. DeVerinne, aged 29 years, 2 months and 1 day.

MARKHAM—October 5, at Simla, Christina, wife of A. Macaulay Markham, I. C. S.

PAYNE—October 6, at Mogak, Upper Burma, John William Payne, Telegraph Master, Government Telegraph Department, aged 30 years.

VOST—October 1 at Simla, of pneumonia, Pauline Emma, wife of Henry Vost, Agent, Allahabad Bank, Ld., Lucknow.

WALDEN—October 8, at Bangalore, Esma Gladys, daughter of Sub-Conductor and Mrs. Walden, Madras Barrack Department.

The Bombay Gazette

MONDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1896.

LORD ROSEBERY has lost no time in taking the public into his confidence in regard to the startling and perplexing resignation of the leadership of the Liberal Party at the present juncture. In a speech delivered in Edinburg he has stated that the interests of the country rendered it necessary to sacrifice personal ambition and he resigned the leadership. In his view the character and extent of the Armenian outrages raise the whole Eastern question, and partial remedies are futile and dangerous. His inability to assent to Mr. Gladstone's proposals—which he has already stated have the support of the mass of the Liberal Party—was the proximate cause of his resigning, in the absence of any explicit support from his colleagues. From the point of view of national and international interests, the most significant part of the speech is that in which the ex-Premier tells the people of Edinburg that he will fight tooth and nail against isolated intervention in Turkey on the part of Great Britain believing that it would involve a European war. When a responsible statesman, who was himself Foreign Secretary, deems it necessary to make such a pronouncement, the inference must be that the situation is not yet free from the anxieties indicated in the middle of last month by the Foreign Office communication to Reuter's Agency, and the admission of the *Times*, that the Government had only "drawn back" from its attitude in the near East when the Empire was on the brink of war. Mr. Gladstone's "proposals" have taken the form of a fierce indictment of the inaction and apathy of the Christian Powers whose concert he denounces as a miserable and disgraceful mockery. "Their method of remonstrance in the face of overwhelming evidence that nothing but force would avail has been in itself a moral offence as well as a political blunder,"—which can only be repaired by a recourse to force forthwith. The old man eloquent is satisfied that the coercion which ought long ago to have been applied to "the Assassin" can alone overtake massacres exceeding those already seen. As Sovereigns and Governments are held by Mr. Gladstone to have given direct countenance and support to the "the Assassin," it is manifest that his desire and purpose is to rouse the English public to insist on the Government taking action, if need be, single-handed. From that extreme Lord Rosebery recoils, knowing as he does, and as every Government in Europe knows, that it would infallibly lead to a general war. The late Premier emphasises his dissent from such a course by resigning the nominal leadership of the Party, which is now dominated by the great personality that swept the country when Lord Beaconsfiled held office, with a similar appeal to the humanity of a Christian people.

But eighteen years ago Mr. Gladstone did not urge that the Government should withdraw the Embassy from Constantinople, depose the Sultan, and establish another political system throughout the Turkish dominions, even at the risk of a war with a combination of the Continental Powers. His object was to prevent Lord Beaconsfield's Government from going to war with Russia for sending her armies across the Danube to deliver the Bulgarians, who were the Armenians of that day, from Turkish rule. The Russian Sovereign and Government are now included in the scathing denunciation of those who have "given direct countenance and support to the Assassin." They have sent officers to strengthen the defences of the Dardanelles, and a fleet to assist in case of need. As France is at one with Russia in this policy, and Austria and Germany approve it and seem to have promised their support, it is a very serious responsibility to endeavour to force the Government to take isolated action; a far more serious responsibity than that incurred in the seventies in endeavouring to arrest the British Government of that day from fighting on the side of the Sultan. When Lord Rosebery sees that it is necessary to fight tooth and nail against isolated intervention in order to avert a European war, it is pretty clear that such a danger exists, and he deserves credit for sacrificing his own personal ambition as leader of his Party to avert it. It is not the less creditable to him to take that independent and patriotic course, seeing that he was only a few weeks since bracketed by the *Times* with Mr. Asquith as guilty of encouraging an agitation, calculated to weaken the hands of the Ministers and coerce them into acting against their own informed judgment at the behest of a half informed public on pain of being turned out of office. Lord Rosebery and Mr. Asquith, with other sympathisers of the Armenians, were asked to consider the danger of the course which the agitation was designed to urge. "They should consider the risks which such a line of policy involves alike to the Armenians, to Europe, and to England. Armed intervention in the internal affairs of Turkey would lead almost certainly to renewed massacres on a grand scale in many parts of the Empire. The Sultan could not prevent them, if he would; doubtless he would not make the smallest attempt to do so. Armed intervention on our part without the previous consent of the other Powers might lead at any moment to a European war. Who would be our allies and who would be our adversaries in such a crusade? The attitude of Russia was explained with sufficient clearness by Prince Lobanoff last year, and the attitude of Russia is the attitude of France. Austria, Hungary, and her great northern neighbour are understood to have come to an agreement during the late visit of the Tsar to Vienna. Italy might stand by us, but Italy is a member of the Triple Alliance, and Italy has troubles and difficulties of her own. The German reminds the world that England is always selfish, and that Germans hold shares in Anatolian Railways. Are the adversaries of the Armenian agitation prepared to face a European war on such conditions as these? If they are they will do well to continue the movement. If they are not, let them pause while there is yet time." That is precisely what Lord Rosebery has done, and it is sincerely to be hoped that his example may be widely followed.

UNLESS the scarcity with which some parts of the country are threatened is averted as by a miracle, India's trade in the export of wheat is likely to be extremely small, if it does not entirely cease during the ensuing season. Instead of selling this staple product, she may need to purchase. Already three cargoes of Californian wheat have been sold for Calcutta, and it is stated that, owing to the great rise which has taken place in the price of home grown varieties, the American product can be laid down in the Calcutta market eight annas per maund cheaper than Indian grain. In Bombay less business is done with America than in Calcutta, but even here, at present prices, wheat from the New World can be laid down at a cheaper rate than the soft white Indian wheat. The price here has nearly doubled, and is at a fancy figure which renders an active export trade impossible. It does not seem unlikely that, by the operation of the laws of supply and demand, the prices of this necessary commodity will be high in many parts of the world. It is said that the American crop is not a large one, and the Russian outturn is reported to be small. Our export trade, which only commenced fifteen years ago, is by no means a growing one. Taking the exports in triennial periods we find that the first period from 1881-82 to 1883-84, the average annual shipments were 18,321,000 cwt. In the second triennial period they were nineteen millions and three-quarter cwt.; in the third they declined to under fifteen millions, and in the fourth, which included an exceptionally good year, they were not far short of twenty millions. In the fifth triennial period ending March 31st last they declined to 9,682,418 cwt., last year's total being rather more than ten million cwts. The detailed statistics show that while the trade has been subject to great vicissitudes, the level of 1881-82, when the export may be said to have commenced, has only occasionally been reached and has in no year been much exceeded with the single exception of 1891-92. That year was an entirely abnormal one, owing to the failure of the Russian wheat and rye crops, and the extremely bad harvests in continental Europe. Since then the harvests have not been abundant, and hence prices rose locally to a point that made shipments unprofitable. Moreover, the unusually abundant wheat harvests of the United States enabled America to present such plenteous supplies to the world as to send prices down to what might be thought the lowest possible level, "if one did not constantly see that there were still lower depths of prices at which the wheat would be grown and sold." And still a new competitor has since arisen. "The progress of Argentia in its economic evolution from the pastoral to the agricultural stage," says Mr. O'Conor in his last trade review, "has given the world a source of supply from virgin soil worked by cheap labour which threatens to reduce the small demand for Indian wheat and even to run the United States close."

However, the crop even in this "virgin soil" did not come up to general expectations last season, and the result was that the Indian trade improved, the exports amounting to ten million cwt. as against under seven millions in the previous year. Great Britain took three-fifths of the total quantity. Given short harvests in India or abundant harvests elsewhere, and the call for our wheat is not urgent nor is India responsive to even a moderate demand. If this important consideration had been borne in mind by Mr. P. N. Bose when writing his discursive volumes on "Hindu Civilization under British Rule," he would not have taken up so much space in an attempt to prove that the country has suffered instead of gained from railway construction! The basis of the argument of this scholarly Hindu is that the railways enable the peasantry to sell their wheat and food stuffs for export, instead of being locally consumed, and that in return they often purchase luxuries rather than necessaries. Mr. Bose will probably modify his opinion in the course of the next few months when he sees the exports of grain brought to a standstill, and the districts where scarcity prevails, supplied from more favoured areas—a means of relief that the railways alone render possible. The small amount of business lately done in wheat export is shown from the fact that during the first five months of the current commercial year, that is from April 1st to August 31st, only one and three-quarters millions cwt. of wheat was shipped, as compared with seven and a-half millions in the corresponding period of 1895. Two-thirds of the total was sent from Bombay, which thus recovered the premier place as a wheat exporter which Karachi took a few years back. However, she is not likely to maintain it at least in good years, since all the exportable wheat from the Punjab flows to Karachi.

RAJA BROOKE'S territory comes under the ken of stay-at-home people in a volume which Mr. Henry Ling Roth has just published through Messrs. Truslove and Hanson. Sarawak and North-British Borneo they have heard of, and the name of Rajah Brooke has now and again met their eye. But with the peculiarities of the territory and its extraordinary administration few are familiar. Raja Brooke is an absolute monarch, though his country is under British protection. In his government he is assisted by a Council of six, composed of the two chief European residents and four Natives, nominated by himself from the leading Natives of the districts. Besides this Supreme Council there is a General Council of about fifty, in which the leading European and Native residents of the various districts have seats. This Council meets once every three years, or oftener, if required. Sarawak is divided for administrative purposes into eight districts, corresponding to the number of principal river basins in the country. There are three chief districts presided over by European officers, who have power to call upon the natives for military service. In each district the European officers are assisted by Native officials, who administer justice among the diverse races living in Sarawak. The law they administer is the law of common sense, based on English law with a good deal of Native and Mussulman customs. There is little red tape and few precise rules and regulations, so Raja Brooke manages to rule his nation of semi-savages with as great success as did his late uncle, the original Raja Brooke. The European officers who assist him, also succeed in living on fairly good terms with the natives. For Raja Brooke has laid down wholesome rules on this point for their guidance, and if these be strictly observed, there can be little necessity for dispute. When Europeans hear of black men murdering white, says Raja Brooke, they should ponder. He does not in any way justify criminal acts, but his belief is, that in very many cases a little more care and patience might avert them. Steamers and soldiers, he remarks, are not pleasant spectacles entering the heart of a land which the inhabitants have hitherto believed was specially bequeathed to them by their deity, and reserved for their purposes and habitation, and not to be delivered up to strangers more powerful than themselves. Such is the case—such has been, and no doubt will be the case to the end; the strong domineer over the weak, and the weak revenge themselves upon the strong in cringing askance, and cutting throats. The question is, he considers, whether sufficient steps for conciliation are taken, and what hope is offered to the original inhabitants when they surrender their rights and privileges to more powerful rulers. Can they be raised to the condition of Europeans, and are there any inducements offered and desires shown by the educated to stimulate the aborigines to attain a higher state of civilization? The question is not directly answered, but the Raja has drawn up and published for the guidance of his young officers in out-stations a volume of hints which might with advantage be perused by young officers in out-stations in India. He bids them remember this, the secret of his successful administration, that the natives are not inferior to Europeans, but different. They can no more change their colour or their characters than the Ethiop his skin or the leopard his spots, but they may be civilised and improved. In Sarawak the power of the ruler is one of persuasion, and depends upon his personal ability, for he cannot in any way coerce his people into obedience or submission. Yet the Government of Sarawak is one of the most extraordinary but successful administrations to be found in the East.

THE report of Mr. Hankin to the Government of the North-West Provinces to which we have already drawn attention, deals very fully with the important question of the disinfection of wells. The result of many experiments goes to show that some days' immunity can generally be obtained by the addition of small quantities of lime alme or potassium permanganate to the water when there is an outbreak of cholera. The beneficial effect will last for a few days, when some more can be added. Care must be taken not to use too much of these ingredients, lest frogs and fish dying should contaminate the water, rendering it unfit for consumption. The report is eminently practical and suggestive throughout, and deser

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

SPEECH BY LORD ROSEBERY.

LONDON, OCT. 10.

Lord Rosebery, speaking at Edinburgh, last night said he felt unable to sacrifice the interests of his country to personal ambition, and he therefore resigned the leadership of his Party.

The character and extent of the Armenian outrages, he said, raises the whole Eastern question, and partial remedies are futile and dangerous.

He was unable to assent to Mr. Gladstone's proposals, which were the proximate cause of his resigning.

In conclusion, his Lordship said he would fight tooth and nail against the isolated intervention of Great Britain in the East, which would involve a European war.

LORD ROSEBERY AT EDINBURGH.

Lord Rosebery in his speech at Edinburgh, last night, emphasized the absence of explicit support from his colleagues, which, he said, was especially essential when the leader of the Party was a Peer.

His Lordship virtually designated Mr Asquith as his successor.

Mr. Asquith, who was present, made a speech in which he deplored Lord Rosebery's resignation, and a Resolution was adopted urging his Lordship to reconsider his decision.

THE RUSSO-FRENCH ALLIANCE.

The French and Russian press agree that the utterances of the Tsar, during his stay in France, consecrate the Russo-French alliance.

GERMAN OPINION OF RUSSIAN AGREEMENT WITH FRANCE.

BERLIN, OCT. 11.

The *North German Gazette* in an article, to-day, says that Germany is firmly convinced that Russia will especially use the French Agreement for peaceful objects only.

DEATH OF THE ARCHBISHOP OF CANTERBURY.

LONDON, OCT. 11.

The Archbishop of Canterbury was seized with a fit of apoplexy in Hawarden Church, this morning, and was carried to the Rectory, where he died.

GRAND REVIEW AT CHALONS.

PARIS, OCT. 9.

A grand review of seventy thousand troops was held at Chalons, to-day, before the Tsar and President Faure.

The spectacle was a most inspiring one, and the troops looked splendid.

The Tsar, replying to the President's speech, in which he proposed his Majesty's health at the luncheon that followed the review, said that the two countries are bound by unalterable friendship, and their armies are united by a profound sentiment of comradeship.

The Tsar departed for Darmstadt to-day.

OBITUARY.

LONDON, OCT. 10.

The death is announced of Vice-Admiral Wells.

HARRIS FOOTBALL TOURNAMENT.

FINAL.

THE DURHAMS BEAT THE DUBLINS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, OCT. 11.

The final in the Harris Football Tournament, between the Durham Light Infantry and the Royal Dublin Fusiliers, was played off, yesterday, in the presence of an immense gathering of spectators. Both teams were greeted on entering the arena with loud cheers. It was confidently expected that the Durhams would win easily, but the Dublins played up exceedingly well, as the final result showed. When half-time was called both sides were equal. In the fifteen minutes left to play, the Durhams were successful in making a goal. The Dublins' goal-keeper tried to knock the ball out from the goal, but it eventually touched the bar and dropped in. At this period excitement was intense, and the Durhams were cheered loudly. No further scoring took place, and the Durhams won by one goal to the Dublins *nil*.

His Excellency Lord Sandhurst then presented the cup to the captain of the winning team. Lieutenant Mander shook hands with him and congratulated him upon his success. Afterwards each player of the winning team was presented with a silver medal, and the second best team with bronze medals.

Lord Sandhurst then read a letter from Lord Harris, addressed to Col. Phillips, who was president of the committee, which stated that Lord Harris was much pleased to hear that the committee have decided to present medals with his monogram, and hoped that the same interest would be kept up in the sport. This over, his Excellency called for three cheers for the winning team, after which cheers were given for the Fusiliers, and also for his Excellency.

The following are the winners of the cup up to date :—In 1890, the Royal Fusiliers; 1891, Lancashire Fusiliers; 1892, Worcestershire Regiment; 1893, Lancashire Fusiliers; 1894, Royal Scots; 1895, Royal North Lancashire; and 1896, the Durham Light Infantry.

GAZETTE OF INDIA NOTIFICATIONS.

SIMLA, OCT. 10.

The following further notifications appear in the *Gazette of India* :—

Mr. W. C. Bennett resigns the Civil Service.

Sir Comer Petheram, Chief Justice of Bengal, resigns from the 1st November.

Major Master, Commandant, Central India Horse, is appointed Political Assistant at Goona.

Mr. L. Marshall, Civil Service, has been appointed Assistant Accountant-General at Allahabad.

The Hon. Captain Chambers is appointed Commandant of the Madras Artillery Volunteers.

The review of the Administration Report of the Telegraph Department for the past year has been published showing good progress. The report commended the results, which are considered highly satisfactory and creditable.

CROP PROSPECTS.

Crop reports continue unfavourable. Rain is wanted generally. Prices are high and rising; and fodder and supplies deficient in places.

PARSEE CRICKET AT SIMLA.

The return cricket match of the Parsees and Simla was played, yesterday, and ended in a draw. The Maharaja of Patiala played for Simla. The Parsees batted first, scoring 307. Mehomjee 102. At the call of time Simla had scored 154 for the loss of six wickets. The Parsees left here this morning.

BOMBAY HOCKEY TOURNAMENT.

FIRST ROUND.

THE RANGERS BEAT THE ROVERS.

It is owing to the generosity of H. H. Aga Khan in so kindly presenting a Challenge Cup to be played for that this tournament owes its existence. The game of hockey is, as we all know, a very ancient game, but in the past it was relegated to mere schoolboys, and it is only within the last two decades that it has been considered worthy of the attention of men of riper years. Hockey has long had a hold upon our brethren north of the Tweed, and of later years, it has very much come into fashion amongst the Jeunesse of the surburbs of London. In the immediate vicinity of our Metropolis hockey has caught on, and there are many clubs and players within a radius of, say, ten miles of London. There have been clubs started notably at Surbiton, Richmond, Bromley, and Blackheath, which can one and all put a first-class team of superior hockeyists (the word is copyright) into the field. Satara may be said to be the birthplace of hockey in Western India, and it was owing to the indefatigable exertions of Mr. O'Brien in training a team of native soldiers, and taking them to Mableshwar and Bombay for a series of exhibition games, that the furore for *shinty* was created. The outcome of it all was that it was decided to hold a Tournament in Bombay, and the Aga, good sportsman as he is, promised to give a cup to be played for. This then is the *fons et origo* of the matter, and we can now get on to further details. The following were the entries and the result of the draw :—

Rovers } Rangers } Played Saturday, 10th.
Gymkhana A Team } 11th Bombay Infantry } 10th Bombay Infantry } Cathedral High School }
Calcutta Casuals } Gymkhana B Team }

The first round of the series was played on the Cooperage, on Saturday last, the Rangers beating the Rovers by one goal to *nil*. The game was started at five o'clock in the presence of a very small crowd of spectators, notwithstanding the fact of its being a half-holiday. It seems that from the little interest taken in the game by the outside world, as evidenced the other afternoon, hockey will never be able to oust from their proud position of favoritism amongst the populace, her rival sisters, Rugby and Association Football. The Rangers played a very good combination game, and kept their places well. The Rovers, however, owing, I believe, to insufficient practice, were much more abroad and were penned by their opponents with the exception of a few dashes on the part of their wings for most of the game. During the greater portion of the play the ball was confined almost entirely within the Rovers' twenty-five, and it was only very rarely that the losing side was able to break through. The Rangers distinctly asserted their superiority from the first to the final whistle. The Rangers having won the toss, played from the Bandstaad end, their opponents defending the Cooperage goal. From the very first bully the Rangers got away and attacked the opposing goal, but Hogan saved the shot by hitting out. When started again the Rangers again secured, but the chance was missed. Church on the left wing had a good run for the maroon and blue, but was pulled up by Flower, and the ball went out of play. From the bully the Rangers got away, and had a shot at goal, but Hogan saved hitting behind. Reid, the captain of the Rangers, took the corner hit, and a tight melee took place in front of the Rovers' goal, but the other side could not get through. Church, again, had a good run for his side, and centred neatly, but the Rovers being out of their places no advantage was secured by his good play. The Rangers brought the ball back and Reid had a shot, but as it took place outside the mystic circle in front of the Rovers' goal, though the ball went into the net, no score was recorded. A series of runs up and down the ground from both sides followed, the ball eventually going out by the Rovers' 25 flag. From the throw in the Rangers took possession of the ball and a melee was formed in front of Rovers' goal, but they did not get in, the shot at goal going wide. The Rangers now confined the Rovers within their quarters and gave them no chance of getting through. A lot of give and take play ensued, when on the ball going out of play, and the whistle blew for half-time, no score had been made on either side.

When the game was resumed the Rangers got the better of the bully and kept the ball in front of the Rovers' goal. A foul was then given against the Rangers, but the penalty resulted in nothing. The elder Brown at half was playing a very good game, and stopped several ugly rushes on the part of Spencer and Green. A penalty hit for "kick" was given against the Rovers, but the ball went behind. The Rangers now scored their first, and as it turned out only, point; from the bully Martin got the ball and passed to White, who took it down in front of the Rovers' goal, where from a close melee Green put the ball through. White, soon after the ball was started, again had a shot which failed, followed by one from Red with a similar result. The Rovers took a turn at attacking, their left wings running the ball down, when Lys had a shot but without success. From here to the end the game went on without any score on either sides, though it was more frequently in the Rovers' quarters than in those of their opponents. When the whistle sounded for time no further addition had been made to the score, and the Rangers left off the winners by one goal to *nil*. For the winning side White, Nisen, Reid, Spencer, and Flower played well, while for the Rovers, Church, Hines, Lys, the two Browns, and Jones did the chief share of the work, both in the defence and the attack.

The following were the teams :—

RANGERS.		ROVERS.
White Bldg Sash.		Blue and Maroon
Sell	goal	Hogan
Martin, Joyce	backs	Hines, Jemmen
Green, Spencer, Flower	½-backs	C Brown, Jones, Sharp
Nisen, Reid, Captain	right wings	Coates, Downing
White	centres	Lys, Captain
Martin, Alica	left wings	A Brown, Church

Umpires: Messrs. Ellison and John.

The Gymkhana A Team will play the 14th Bombay Infantry, this afternoon, at 4-45, precisely. The following compose the Gymkhana team :—

Goal—W. Gale; Backs—A. K. Green, and T. D. Moore; Half-backs—B. L. B. Stephens, L. S. Hudson, and Hon. P. Thesiger; Forwards—P. F. Fischer, H. R. Ellison, W. A. Railton, A. A. Economo, and D F. Vines.

MILITARY NEWS.

CAPTAIN H CLOWES, Chief Commissariat Officer, Bombay, proceeds to Deolali on inspection duty to-day.

THE following Officers of Royal Engineers and Army Medical Staff come out for duty in this country :—Royal Engineers—Major J. G. Day, Captains P Ashworth and J.P. Brewin. Army Medical Staff.—Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel G. D. Bourke and Captain G. S. Cardew for duty in the Punjab Command. Surgeon-Major J. I. Routh for duty in the Bengal Command. Surgeon-Major H. S. McGill and Surgeon-Lieutenant W. Tibbits for duty in the Bombay Command. 2nd Bengal Lancers—Lieutenant R. C. Harbottle, 18th Hussars, to be Officiating Squadron Officer on probation. 1st Punjab Infantry.—Lieutenant H. C. Sandford, Wing Officer and Quarter-Master, to be Adjutant, vice Fagan, vacated on promotion. 1st Bengal Infantry.—2nd-Lieutenant C. C. Hughes, 1st Battalion Scottish Rifles, to be Officiating Wing Officer on probation. 2nd Bombay Lancers.—Lieutenant G. Chrystie, 2nd Royal Dublin Fusiliers, to be Officiating Squadron Officer on probation. 21st Bombay Infantry.—2nd-Lieutenant W. P. Hicks, Unattached List, to be Officiating Wing Officer on probation. Lieutenant Rennick, 40th Pathans, is appointed Officiating aide-de-camp on the staff of Colonel R. H. F. Rennick, in temporary command of the Meerut District. Veterinary-Captain A. Appleton, comes on this trooping season for a tour of duty.

THE Civil Surgeon of Lahore, Dr. Coates, has written to the Municipal Commissioner *re* the sanitary condition of Lahore. The Commissioner of Lahore, Colonel Hutchinson, a few months ago, wrote a strong letter on the same subject. The Commissioners meet on Saturday to discuss Dr. Coates' letter.

THE ROYAL BOMBAY GOLF CLUB.

THE GOLFER'S CUP COMPETITION.

THE Golfer's Cup competition in connection with the Bombay Royal Golf Club was concluded on Saturday, and Mr. E. B. Raikes, a winner in the semi-final round, having scratched, his colleague, Mr. L. J. Robertson, was declared winner. The number of entries this time was very good, thirty-one competing for the cup. It was the most interesting match of the season, and though in some instances it was a mere walk over for the winners in the first round, yet on the whole it was one of the best matches played here for the Golfer's cup.

The results of the first round have already been published, and the other rounds gave the following results :—

SECOND ROUND.

R. A. English beat R. B. Nixon 3 up and two to play.
H. R. N. Ellison beat C. E. Nixon 2 up after a tie.
Young beat Green one up after a tie.
E. B. Raikes beat F. H. Brown 2 up and one to play.
R. C. Wrougton beat V. E. Booth 4 up and 3 to play.
F. J. Nathan beat P. F. Fischer one up.
A. F. Ferguson and C. St Paul (C. St. Paul scratched).
L. J. Robertson beat Dr. D. MacDonald.

THIRD ROUND.

L. J. Robertson beat English after a tie 2 up and one to play.
W. E. Young beat Ellison 2 up and one to play.
Raikes and Wroughton, the latter scratched.
Nathan beat Ferguson 2 up.

4TH ROUND.

Robertson beat Young 3 up and one to play.
Raikes beat Nathan by one up.

FINAL.

Raikes having scratched, Robertson won the cup.

The current week will be a busy one. To-day and to-morrow will be devoted to scratch matches. On Wednesday and Thursday there will be a handicap match, and on Friday another handicap match will be played. The Affinity match, in which ladies and gentlemen play in partnership, will be played next Saturday.

AN ADDRESS TO PROFESSOR VELINKAR.

PROFESSOR VELINKAR'S pupils in the Matriculation and U. S. F. classes of the Free General Assembly's Institution held a farewell meeting to present him with an address, on Saturday night, at 8 o'clock, in the hall of the Wilson School Khetwady, Rev. Mr. Macnicol, Principal of the School, presiding. The hall was nicely decorated for the occasion, and a programme of native songs to the strains of a harmonium was gone through. Mr. A. A. Mirza read the following address :—

Beloved and much respected Sir,—We the students of the matriculation and School Final classes of the F. G. A.'s Institution, beg leave, as we are now about to leave the school for our University examinations, to give expression to the feelings which have been inspired in us by your connection with us as teacher of History and English. We early recognised that in your work you are moved by a deep sense of duty, together with a true sympathy with the needs and feelings of those who are brought into contact with you. We have found in you not only a most concientious and enthusiastic teacher, but a kind friend who is ever ready to listen to the wants of his pupils, and willing to lend his helping hand to them. We entertain a keen sense of the sincere interest you display in everything that concerns us. And all the students of the High School remember your efforts to encourage their cricket club and their Debating Society. This goodness of heart forms so predominant a feature of your character that we look upon our separation from you as a personal loss to each one of us. It was therefore with a feeling of intense sorrow and indignation that we learnt of the cowardly and unprovoked attack made upon you at your own residence. Our sorrow, however, is now considerably alleviated by the fact that you have regained your health and vigour to renew your noble labour among us. And now in saying, 'good-bye' to you, to the Principal, Rev. Mr. Macnicol and to all the teachers of the Institution, we thank God for your speedy recovery from the assault, and pray to him to guide, support, and sustain you, and make you the instrument of much more good to your countrymen generally and particularly to those young men among whom your duty specially lies.

After the address was read and a handsome framed copy presented to Professor Velinkar by one of his old pupils, Mr. B. K. Nalque, Mr. B. D. Khote made a few remarks, in the course of which he said it was a source of satisfaction to see the professor hale and hearty, and we hope he will regain all that he has lost, and live long to enjoy the choicest blessings God can bestow. Mr. N. B. Ranade, a teacher in the institution, also made a eulogistic speech. The Rev. Dr. Mackichan, Principal of the Wilson College, said that every right-minded man would concur with Mr. S. D. Khote, who had vast knowledge of this city, when he spoke of the sincere love natives of India cherish for their teachers and professors. The learned doctor made an elaborate speech in which he said that the professor's students ought not to have termed this a "farewell meeting," for though they are parting with him for their examination, yet if they do well in their coming examination they would join the Wilson College, where again Professor Velinkar would move among them.

Professor Velinkar thanked the students, and an able address from the Rev. Mr. Macnicol brought the meeting to a close.

CHINA NEWS.

THERE is no political movement in China to chronicle. Everybody seems to be 'marking time awaiting the return of Li Hung Chang. Orders for locomotives are reported by a Tientsin contemorary to have gone to the United States. The Philippine rebels have behaved with horrible cruelty, and the Spanish soldiers, have retaliated with great ferocity—not without some show of justification. Following their usual tactics, the Manila authorities are jealously preventing the despatch of news, letters or telegrams to Hongkong. The details we have gleaned are mostly taken from private letters or have been obtained by personal interview with arrivals from the southern islands. The rebellion is an extensive one, but all the foreigners agree that it will be crushed as soon as reinforcements arrive from Spain. One great element of danger is the native soldiery. If they remain true, the task of suppression will be comparatively easy; if they join the rebels, and it is reported a portion has already done so, then it will tax Spain's resources to the uttermost to put down the mutiny. The Province of Cavite is almost entirely in the hands of the insurgents, including the arsenal and the ship slip. Other Provinces are disaffected. The Pigmy relieves the Redpole at Manila, but we understand the British Consul there has asked for a larger vessel for the protection of British interests.

At the Maiden Sessions on the 18th inst., Chief Justice Carrington was presented with white gloves. A day or two after, a terrible murder was perpetrated at Causeway Bay. Two men were stabbed to death and two injured. Two mafoos are under arrest.

Lai Mit, the murderer of a Chinese detective in Hongkong about two months ago, was decapitated at Kowloon City on the 23rd inst.

Commodore Boyes, R.N., has been replaced at the Naval Yard by Commodore Holland. Before leaving, Commodore Boyes received presentations from the Royal Yachting and Golf Clubs.

Telegrams have been received from Australia tending to show that the negotiations for the purchase by a London Company of the mining properties of Olivers Freehold and New Balmoral Companies are likely to fall through.

A largely-attended meeting of the Hongkong General Chamber of Commerce was held to condemn the action of the Cable Companies in raising so enormously the cable rates to Europe and America as well as locally. Resolutions were adopted on the motion of the leading bankers and merchants.

Mr. T. H. Whitehead has been renominated the Chamber's representative in the Legislative Council.

The recent rains have filled the reservoir at Tytam which overflowed on Wednesday for the first time since October 1894. The byewash has been raised 5 feet, giving storage now of 345,000,000 gallons. Pokfulam is also overflowing.—*China Mail*, Sept. 24.

A MARRIAGE has been arranged and will take place this month between Mr. C. Fairlie Dobbs, Hyderabad Contingent, eldest son of Colonel A. F. Dobs, Madras Staff Corps, retired, and Margaret Eleanor (Nora), only daughter of Mr. John G. Jopp, C.E., Bellary.

THE following camps-of-instruction will probably be held during the ensuing cold season :—In the Punjab Command a cavalry camp at Sialkot of one British and three Bengal cavalry regiments from the 1st to the 10th January; a cavalry camp at Rawalpindi of one British and two Bengal cavalry regiments from the 11th to the 21st January; a cavalry camp at Nowshera of three native cavalry regiments from the 22nd to the 31st January, three British infantry regiments, three native mountain batteries, one native cavalry regiment, four native infantry regiments, and one company of Sappers and Miners will take part. In the Bombay Command there will be manœuvres for Sind and Quetta, and Bombay and Poona combined. The dates are not yet decided. Some of the Imperial Service troops may participate in the Punjab camps.

OBITUARY.

THE ARCHBISHOP OF CANTERBURY.

THE Most Rev. Edward White Benson, D.D., Archbishop of Canterbury, Primate of all England, and Metropolitan, son of Edward White Benson, Esq., of Birmingham Heath, and formerly of York, was born near Birmingham, in 1829. He was educated at King Edwards' School, Birmingham, and at Trinity College, Cambridge, of which he was successively Scholar and Fellow, and where he graduated B.A. in 1852, as a First Class in classical honours, and Senior Chancellor's Medallist, obtaining also the place of a Senior Optime in the Mathematical Tripos. He graduated M.A. in 1855 B.D. in 1882, and D.D. in 1867, Hon. D.C.L. (Oxford), 1884. He was for some years one of the masters in Rugby School, and he held the headmastership of Wellington College from its first opening in 1858 down to 1872. For several years he was Examining Chaplain to the late Bishop of Lincoln, by whom he was appointed Chancellor and Canon Residentiary of Lincoln, having been a Prebendary of the same cathedral for three years previous. He was Select Preacher to the University of Cambridge (1864, 1871, 1875, 1876, 1879, and 1882), and to the University of Oxford (1875-76). Hon. Chaplain to the Queen, 1878, and Chaplain in Ordinary 1875-77. In December, 1876, he was nominated by the Crown on the recommendation of the Earl of Beaconsfield, to the newly-restored Bishopric of Truro, and was consecrated in St. Paul's Cathedral, April 25, 1877. The diocese, which was taken out of the diocese of Exeter, consists of the county of Cornwall, the Isles of Scilly, and five parishes of Devonshire, constituting the old Archdeaconry of Cornwall, with the church of St. Mary, Truro, as a Cathedral. During his occupation of the See he began the building of a new Cathedral at Truro (with Mr. J. L. Pearson as architect), of which the outward shell has cost over £1,00,000, much of that sum having been gathered through the energy of the Bishop. In December, 1882, Dr. Benson was appointed by the Crown, on Mr. Gladstone's recommendation, to the Archbishopric of Canterbery, in succession to Dr. Tait, Dr. Benson has published "A memorial Sermon preached after the death of Dr. Lee, first Bishop of Manchester," 1870; "Work, Friendship, Worship," being three sermons preached before the University of Cambridge in 1871; "Boy-Life, its trial, its strength, its fulness, Sundays in Wellington College, 1859-72," Lond., 8vo, 1874; "Single-heart," 1877; "The Cathedral, its necessary place in the Life and Work of the Church," 1879; "The Seven Gifts," 1885; "Christ and his Times," 1889; "Living Theology," 1891; "Fishers of Men," 1893. Dr. Benson married, in 1859, Mary, daughter of the late Rev. William Sidgwick, of Skipton, Yorkshire.

PARSEE CRICKET AT SIMLA.

THE cricket match—Simla *vs.* Mr. Panthiki's eleven—began on Wednesday. The Parsees lost three wickets for 21, but Gagrat then made a useful 24 not-out, Bapasola 16, and Merhomji 13. The innings closed for 112. Simla had exceptionally bad luck, two of their best men being run out; and with eight wickets down for 24 their score seemed likely to be a very small one. Macnaghten, however, made 28 in fine form, and a total of 73 was reached before the last wicket fell.

The cricket match—Simla *vs.* Mr. Panthaki's Parsee eleven concluded on Thursday. In their second innings Parsees made 110 for six wickets, but Macnaghten then went on to bowl, and with three consecutive balls, he disposed of Merhomji, Writer, and Raja (senior.) He was presented with a bat for this feat. The innings closed for 123, and Simla had thus to make 103 to win, but they were unable to do this against the fine bowling of Mistry and Writer. The first and second wickets fell for 14, and only French and Rivett-Carnac made any stand. The innings closed for 85, of which 14 were extras.

The following are the scores :—

PARSEE.

	1st Innings.		2nd Innings.
Gazdar, b Reynolds	0	b Macnaghten	0
Mistry, b Reynolds	8	b Reynolds	13
Daruwallah, c French, b Wigram	8	b Reynolds	0
Gagrat, not out	24	b McLean	18
Bapasola, b Reynolds	16	b Macnaghten	0
Raja, senior, l-b-w, b Macnaghten	6	c Carnac, b Macnaghten	33
Merhomji, b McLean	13	b Macnaghten	12
Writer, b McLean	11	b Macnaghten	0
		c Wigram, b Reynolds	35
Raja, junior, b McLean	9	c French, b Wigram	1
Reporter, run out	10		
Bhsrucha, c Macnaghten, b Wigram	0	not out	0
Extras	7	Extras	2
Total	112	Total	123

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

	1st Innings.				2nd Innings.			
	B.	M.	R.	W.	B.	M.	R.	W.
Reynolds	85	10	25	3	93	9	34	2
Wigram	90	3	32	2	90	3	49	1
Macnaghten	35	4	5	1	33	1	7	7
McLean	40	1	23	3	35	0	27	1

SIMLA.

	1st Innings.		2nd Innings.
Capt Cuthbertson, c Bapasola, b Mistry	6	b Mistry	6
Capt Walker, b Writer	0	b Writer	6
French, run out	7	b Mistry	11
		c Daruwallah, b Writer	25
Major Rivett-Carnac, run out	0	b Mistry	0
Wigram, b Mistry	2	b Mistry	1
Laird, b Writer	0	b Mistry	5
Maj Abbott, c and b Raja, senior	1	b Writer	0
		c Raja, senior, b Writer	0
Maj Bythell, b Writer	0	c Raja, senior, b Mistry	0
Macnaghten, not out	28	not out	11
McLean, c Daruwallah, b Writer	7	c Raja senior, b Mistry	6
Sergeant Reynolds, b Writer	9	Extras	14
Extras	13		
Total	73	Total	85

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

	1st Innings.				2nd Innings.			
	B.	M.	R.	W.	B.	M.	R.	W.
Mistry	80	6	25	2	133	13	31	6
Writer	80	3	35	6	140	14	35	4
Bapasola	...	...	..	...	10	0	5	0

INDIAN YARNS IN CHINA

MESSRS. FRAMJEE HORMUSJEE AND CO.'s Cotton Circular, dated Hongkong, Sept. 23, says :—Sales during the past fortnight amount to 7,500 bales inclusive of some considerable settlements made previously of goods to arrive. Prices have continued mostly on the lines quoted in last report, only in medium and good descriptions of No. 12 a further rise of half a dollar has to be noted. In a general way all counts have continued firm, and there would have been no flagging of demand met with the last few days of the fortnight, had not arrivals poured in heavily, almost simultaneously, by seven steamers from Bombay and Calcutta. They have brought in altogether 40,000 bales for this and the northern markets, and naturally such heavy arrivals should inspire somewhat of the waiting policy in dealers. As further extensive replenishments are spoken of, it is feared, the quietness that has been heralded in, though with a steady feeling, may eventually bring about a retrocession in prices, and already one or two big holders are heard of as making overtures under a concession. The rapid decline in Rupee exchange down to the point of Rs. 178 wire and Rs. 178½ post has mostly shored up the present high range of values, but as soon as any hardening of Rupee exchange transpires, its principal mainstay will go away, and possibly a lower range may rule the market. Turn that as it may, so far as the market has gone for all counts, better values could hardly have been obtained. Sales comprise :—

2,100 bales of No. 20 sold at dlrs. 94 to dlrs. 100
800 " 16 " " 83 to " 94
1,500 " 12 " " 77 to " 83
2,900 " 10 " " 74 to " 81
200 " 6-8 " " 65 to " 71

leaving unsold stock—under arrivals of 20,000 bales and shipments coastwise and northwards of 2,500 bales—at 16,500 bales consisting of

5,600 bales of No. 20 8,500 bales of No. 10
4,600 " 16 100 " 8
500 " 12 200 " 6

Exchange on India closes at Rs. 178 wire and Rs. 178½ post.

In Shanghai, with an advance of Tl. 1 at Tl. 1.50 in values under the decline of rupee exchange and a good demand from the country markets, settlements have transpired to the fair extent of 5,600 bales made up of

2,515 bales of No. 10 sold at Tls. 58 to 63.50
1,205 " 16 " 66·50 to 68.75
1,880 " 20 " 72 to 73.75

leaving 16,000 bales unsold in stock. No. 10 was this time much more in request than Nos. 20 and 16, the latter being both in greater supply than the former. The market there has also been advised as quiet though steady at the close. Exchange on India has been advised at Rs. 240½ wire and Rs. 247 post.

From Japan quotations received have been dlrs. 94.50 for No. 20 and dlrs. 94 for No. 16.

THE plague scare occupies the attention of all classes in Calcutta. At the Municipal meeting there was a discussion on the subject and Babu Lall Behari Bysack made a bitter attack upon the Health Officer, while Sir John Lambert brought forward evidence to show the urgent need of sanitary measures in many parts of Calcutta. Ultimately it was decided to accept Dr. Simpson's proposals for an additional subordinate establishment for scavengering, but the meeting refused to sanction the appointment of medical inspectors recommended by Dr. Simpson and despite the united protest of the Europeans present adopted Surrendra Nath Bannerjee's proposal to refer the question of appointing a European superintendent-in-chief of the scavengering back to the general committee.

SIR ALFRED LETHBRIDGE, head of the Thagi and Dacoity Department, reached Simla, from England, on Thursday. Mr. C. S. Bayley, who has been officiating for him, proceeds on furlough.

THE BUBONIC FEVER.

WE are glad to state that the sickness is rapidly being stamped out. The fresh cases reported to have occurred during the twenty-four hours ending, at 10 a.m., on Saturday, were nine. Four cases occurring last month were only registered on Friday last. Of the nine new cases reported, eight were in the Mandvie District, and one in the E Division, the old cases being in the C Ward. Six deaths were registered for the same twenty-four hours. Of these five were in the hospital, and one in the B Ward. Anyone found to be suffering from the fever is at once removed to the Arthur Road Hospital, which now contains about thirty-six patients. Most of them are progressing favourably under the treatment of Dr. Chowksey. On Saturday, after 10 o'clock, six fresh cases were recorded in the Mandvie District. Dr. Weir states that, although the improvement in the health of the people is steady and satisfactory, and the rate of mortality lowered, he cannot foretell what the immediate future may bring. Mr. James, the Drainage Engineer, is busy superintending the flushing and cleansing of the drains. On Saturday he went round the district with the Commissioner, Mr. Snow, and inspected the work which was being done by a large gang of labourers. Dr. Weir was in the district almost the whole of Saturday.

Professor Haffkine and Mr. Hankin have commenced their investigations. It will be some time before they can give their opinion, although it is generally believed that they have already found bacilli, but it will take about a month to ascertain whether they are plague bacilli or not. It is very easy to discover a bacillus; this can be done within twenty-four hours, but it is a difficult matter to identify it as a plague bacillus. A thorough investigation, lasting for several days, if not weeks, is necessary before a definite conclusion of that kind can be come to.

Yesterday morning Mr. Hankin, accompanied by Dr. Dallal, Mr. C. James, and Professor Muller visited the affected houses and made searching enquiries on the spot. Mr. Hankin took specimens of grains, clothings of the patients and also sweepings from the houses. He expressed himself satisfied with the measures taken by the Municipality for the prevention of the disease, and said that the authorities had done all they possibly could under the circumstances. There were no official returns of cases issued yesterday, but on enquiry we learnt that there were only two fresh cases and one death. Dr. Weir and Dr. Waters went round Mandvie yesterday and inspected the affected houses. They stated that the plague has been subsiding and will soon be effectually suppressed.

This morning Mr. Hankin will visit grain godowns on the Port Trust estate.

Dr. J. N. Dutt, who was deputed to Bombay by the Health Officer of Calcutta to study the plague, having been ill for two or three days with a feverish cold, his father and brothers wired to him urgently entreating him not to risk his life by remaining in Bombay. Dr. Dutt has intimated to Dr. Simpson, by whom he was deputed here, that he will leave Bombay in a day or two. He will take a prominent part at the adjourned meeting of the members of the Bombay Medical Union and of the local medical profession to be held this evening, at 5-15, for exchanging views and experiences on the prevalence of bubonic fever in Bombay. We are informed that "Dr. Dutt will demonstrate the Katisato Bacillus or the bacillus pestis."

Messrs. Bhimji Shamji and Co., rich cotton merchants in the Mandvie locality, have engaged the services of Dr. A. G. Viegas and Surgeon Hirji Jehangir Dadysett, to treat all cases of bubonic fever occurring in their Dussa Oswal caste, free of consultation and medicines on their behalf.

THE QUARANTINE IN EGYPT.

When it was announced a few days ago that the quarantine regulations imposed in Egypt against Hongkong in June, 1894, would apply to vessels from Bombay, enquiries were made as to the nature of the regulations. But neither at the Secretariat nor at the Port Office are copies of the regulations obtainable, and several leading shipping firms are also without copies. This is not surprising, seeing that the regulations had nothing to do with Bombay, and only applied to vessels from Hongkong. But some explanation of the rules imposed may be gathered from the following telegram received by Mr. Shields, agent of the P. and O. Steamship Company, from Suez, dated 10th October, 1896 :—"Provided steamers are seven days out and no case bubonoid fever has occurred during the voyage free pratique is granted and passengers can land in Egypt."

The Health Officer of the Port has again altered the Bill of Health, which now reads that the town is free from epidemics "except bubonic plague which exists in a mildly epidemic form in the Mandvie District."

APPOINTMENT OF AN EXPERT GOVERNMENT COMMITTEE.

We learn that Government have appointed an expert committee, consisting of Dr. Mauser (President), Dr. Haffkine, Mr. Hankin, Dr. Childe, and Dr. Surveyor. Their duties are to thoroughly investigate the sickness, to discover its origin; its mode of spreading, and the best means of prevention. The two first mentioned bacteriologists, who are members of this committee, are at present busily at work collecting specimens and arranging rooms in the Grant Medical College to serve as their laboratory. It is expected that their investigation will extend over a period of at least two months. Doubtless very valuable scientific data in regard to the disease will be the result of their labours.

AFFAIRS IN AHMEDABAD.

A correspondent writes :—Last week some three cases of bubonic fever were detected by Dr. Sorabji S. Ghandhi, Assistant Surgeon in charge, Ranchorlal Dispensary. The matter was at once reported to Mr. Gibb, the Collector, who, in conjunction with the Municipality, adopted strict measures to nip the disease in the bud. The three cases proved fatal. One of the patients, it was supposed, had been a resident of Mandvie, Bombay. At the suggestion of the Collector, the Municipality at once sanctioned Rs. 2,000 for the expenses to be incurred in checking the spread of the disease.

The Hindu "Poles," where the population is so very thick, were washed over, and sulphur and dammer were burnt all night, and all the impurities purged off. The Municipal officials kept a strict watch at the station upon the passengers coming from Bombay, and their baggage and parcels were profusely fumigated before admitting them into the city. This is the most populous city in Guzerat, having more than twenty mills working every day, and hundreds of poor people earn their livelihood in mills and factories, &c. Three temporary sheds are erected at the expense of the Municipality in order to segregate the patients affected with the disease. There is now only one suspected case of bubonic fever under the treatment of Dr. Ghandhi, and it is that of his compounder who had been treating the three patients suffering. The military authorities in the camp were also communicated with, and they prohibited the troops and camp followers from passing through the Station Road where the cases were.

PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES AT BANDORA.

A special general meeting of the Bandora Municipality was held on Friday evening, the 9th instant, Dr. J. F. Gonsalves, vice-president, in the chair, for the purpose of adopting precautionary measures against the outbreak of the prevailing fever in that town. A special committee, composed of the members of the sanitary committee and four others, was appointed to carry out the requisite measures, and a grant of Rs. 1,200 was allotted to meet the immediate requirements. The special committee met on Saturday morning, and resolved as follows, *viz* :—That a temporary structure be immediately erected on the ground set apart for the purpose to the leeward of the town for segregating any infectious cases. That the Collector of Thana be requested to move Government to extend to the Municipality certain special powers to meet emergencies on the lines of the Notification from the Municipal Commissioner of Bombay published in the *Bombay Government Gazette* Extraordinary of the 7th instant. That the services of an hospital assistant be entertained for watching suspected cases on arrival, and reporting them to the three medical members of the Sanitary Committee. That the local medical practitioners be requested to apprise the Municipal Secretary of any cases of the prevailing fever which may come under their observation. That the present conservancy staff and plant for the emptying of cess-pools and removal of refuse be increased temporarily. That notices be served on occupants of houses to limewash their premises. That notices be served upon the local grain-dealers warning them that any grain unfit for food found in their possession would be destroyed, and that they would be liable to prosecution. That the Municipal district be divided into four parts as follows, each part being placed under the personal supervision of two members of the committee, as specified, who should be responsible to the General Board for the efficient carrying out in their locality of the sanitary measures prescribed :—(1) Danda, Chuin, Palli village and Pali Hill—Dr. J. F. Gonsalves and Mr. A. R. Talcherkar. (2) Chimbai, Kantwadi, Molla, Sherli, and Rajan—Dr. Olivera and Mr. Shamrao Vital. (3) Varoda, Kolwady and Bazaar—Dr. DeMonte and Mr. N. Fattehalli. (4) From Bazaar to Lady Jamsetji Causeway, Bhoiwada, Nowpada and Khar—Messrs. W. H. Wolff and M. C. Pereira.

THE STATE OF LONAULI.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—While the Municipal

powers for the prevention of the present plague. Virulent diseases do require drastic remedies, and though the powers granted may be reasonably taken exception to, we are not prepared to say that no exceptional powers were needed. Be that as it may, the investment of these powers, when they filter down to official underlings, often leads to oppression and tyranny against which the poor and the ignorant obviously are quite helpless. Therefore Mr. Snow, the Municipal Commissioner, and Mr. Vincent or his *locum tenens* Mr. Gell, the Police Commissioner, will be sufficiently circumspect and keep a sharp lookout on their myrmidons lest their overzeal may cover-do their real anxiety for the fulfilment of duties entrusted to them. Of course no patient of bubonic fever, unless certified by a doctor, will be segregated, but it is here that the difficulties of the poor will commence. What is and may be a moment of sheer anxiety to higher authorities may often prove a heyday to an official underling who is falsely persuaded to believe that in him the majesty of law and justice is represented, so that he may give full play to his sweet inclinations. It is here that the abuse of the new powers will commence, and to an extent of which neither Mr. Snow nor Mr. Gell may have an idea. We do hope that both of them and their immediate assistants will endeavour personally to attend every case of segregation, so that official underlings are allowed no chance for the exercise of their nefarious intentions. From yesterday's reports, it is evident that the number of bubonic cases is being gradually reduced so that the Municipal process of continuous cleansing and washing may drive away the wave of the epidemic. Of course the present epidemic will have its lessons for the Municipality, and the present death-rate may afford a good basis for the solution of the scientific question whether before or since the introduction of under ground drains the health of the town was comparatively better. Indeed this is a very delicate problem, and the present experiences may light upon the "city fathers" the truth that with open drains we were not worse or perhaps we were better off than we now are.

The *Independent* states:—The Bubonic Plague in Bombay is reported to be on the decrease. In yesterday's dailies a rather encouraging view of the situation meets our eyes and satisfaction is shown at the way the mortality from the scourge is falling comparatively. That is cheering. But we should not be over cheerful. In a regular spread of plague even periods intervene, when the mortality is found to be on the wane and the outlook looks hopeful. But the next wave fully kills the hope and the deceitful, first sign turns out to be simply illusive. The progress of the foul disease may have been checked, it may have for the time being become less virulent, still we do hesitate to believe that it has been reduced to "almost vanishing point." What is there to absolutely believe that it may not rise in intensity in a day or two? It mostly depends on the weather. The serious drought of rain and unbearable heat between them may yet make matters worse for the municipal authorities, hence it is that warning voice should be raised from every quarter, not to relax the efforts to cope with the evil one bit. It should be borne in mind that hundreds of people from plague stricken Mandvi have decamped to their native place or other districts and many houses here are now lying vacant in that locality. The element that would have fallen sure prey to the disease having thus been removed to a certain extent, it is quite natural that the malady should lose some of its vigour. But if Mandvi and some of the adjoining districts are not now wholly in its powerful grip, attention should be paid to the fact that other parts of the town where sporadic cases have occurred and are still occurring may assume at any time the role of the former and may soon become the hot bed of the plague. For this reason vigilant watch should be observed and best efforts continued in every part of the busy city to make the streets, lanes, houses and drainage "sweet."

The *Kaiser-i-Hind* observes: It would be most unjust to lay at the door of the Health department *alone* all the existing insanitary conditions of the city. Dr. Weir and his subordinates have certainly to answer for some of these, but not for all. Especially, when we come to a careful consideration of the cause or causes which have led to the prevalence of the bubonic fever in the city, it is most essential for those who would criticise the Health Department to carefully go over his annual reports which, we cannot refrain from observing, are admirable for the actual glimpse they give of the many plague spots and abominations which are so fruitful for years past in claiming hecatombs of the natives to be witnessed at present. We think we are not incorrect in our estimate that by nature and talents our Health Officer is more suited to the post of a closet sanitarian than for an active outdoor official. He can work best on the actual data which may be furnished to him by the outdoor official and give the public excellent sanitary hints and suggestions thereon which might be afterwards utilised for better safeguarding the public health. The annual reports, we may unhesitatingly assert, are no mean memorials of Dr. Weir's sanitary knowledge and sanitary deductions. They are a valuable repository of information for those who are most desirous to see the state of public health in the city greatly improved. If the Commissioner and the Corporation between them paid even one-tenth of their attention on the many useful proposals made in these reports, we, for one, have not the slightest doubt, that a great change for the better might be expected in the conservancy of the city. It should however be stated here that Dr. Weir's suggestions for the removal of the many plague spots of Bombay are of so formidable a character and involve such heavy financial considerations as to appal even the most progressive Corporation in the world. We are convinced, from a careful study of these annual reports, that even when you have completely done away with the present shortcomings and failures of the Health Department, which we take to be so many *accidental* rather than *inherent* causes of the unsatisfactory condition of public health in Bombay, there would *still* remain a great deal to be done which not even a Hercules of a Health Officer could perform. Bombay teams in Augean stables which are the deplorable results of the peculiar hereditary environments of the bulk of the population residing in the island. To clean these stables requires a powerful *social agency alone*. It requires a social organisation to bring about a revolution or miracle in the condition of living of the majority. Though the sanitary school-master may be abroad, he is nowhere in nineteenths of the wards of Bombay. Until there is a revolution in the habits and modes of living—the primitive habits inherited from times immemorial, stimulated by religious and quasi-religious injunctions, rites, superstitions and what not, there is no hope for Bombay. To add to these social causes, you have physical causes over which no Health Officer can have any control. But their removal, so far as human ingenuity could remove it, is absolutely essential. But what is now most wanted is a sanitary Peter to preach the practical gospel of cleanliness being next to godliness.

OUR FOREIGN TRADE.

THE value of the imports and exports of goods in August was below that of 1895, the figures being thus:—

Imports.	1895.	1896.
Merchandise	6,07,87,076	5,93,23,276
Treasure	66,25,530	1,08,94,178
Exports.		
Produce, &c	7,69,12,104	7,11,96,134
Treasure	63,39,486	42,08,357

The following is a summary for the five months ended August:—

IMPORTS.	1895. Rs	1896. Rs.
I.—Animals, living	1,70,295	2,93,253
II.—Articles of food and drink—		
Sugar	1,44,58,506	97,10,711
Other articles	1,39,78,474	1,31,73,048
III.—Metals and manufactures of—		
Hardware and Cutlery (including plated ware)	56,50,694	62,73,815
Metals	2,02,76,284	2,45,48,766
Machinery and mill work	1,21,43,564	1,63,10,493
Railway plant and rolling-stock (other than Government stores)	71,34,272	1,05,16,734
IV.—Chemicals, drugs, medicines and narcotics and dyeing and tanning materials	80,16,658	78,03,560
V.—Oils—		
Mineral	1,47,44,192	1,15,28,667
Other oils	4,17,522	12,12,323
VI.—Raw materials and unmanufactured articles	1,82,51,226	1,54,69,208
VII.—Articles manufactured and partly manufactured—		
Cotton yarn	1,94,32,821	1,59,03,820
Cotton piece-goods	8,77,13,501	11,44,42,820
Other articles	4,38,40,122	4,67,41,485
Total of all Imports	27,01,88,131	29,89,28,703
EXPORTS.		
I.—Animals, living	5,40,046	6,46,525
II.—Articles of food and drink—		
Rice	5,07,60,182	4,58,15,215
Wheat	2,91,97,664	76,78,845
Tea	2,62,13,402	2,70,92,735
Other articles	2,02,12,685	2,26,10,181
III.—Metals and manufactures of.	4,23,606	6,42,781
IV.—Chemicals, drugs, medicines, and narcotics and dyeing and tanning materials—		
Opium	3,67,25,388	3,41,19,932
Indigo	57,73,577	49,25,162
Other articles	69,25,903	68,00,645
V.—Oils	33,40,566	27,01,085
VI.—Raw materials and unmanufactured articles—		
Cotton	5,72,76,937	6,08,48,964
Jute	99,94,764	1,28,07,564
Oilseeds	5,58,91,992	5,02,86,089
Other articles	3,83,33,285	3,36,24,758
VII.—Articles manufactured and partly manufactured—		
Cotton yarn	2,77,45,536	3,58,05,669
Cotton piece-goods	58,18,527	60,52,529
Other articles	5,15,0 3,28	5,01,17,735
Total of all Exports	42,62,47,216	40,25,36,424

The net result is an increase in the value of imports of Rs. 2,87,40,572 and a decrease in that exports of Rs. 2,37,10,792.

"WHEN FEVER BURNS AND AGUE FREEZES not delay a moment in using Squibb's Ague Specific, the King of Fever Remedies, Re. 1, of MADON, SONS & Co., Bombay.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

As regards the proposed camps-of-exercise in the Upper Punjab orders have been issued that troops are not to be concentrated in any area threatened by scarcity. Particular attention will be paid to this point before any concentrations are actually sanctioned.

THE notorious Mullah Powindah, who led the Mahsud Wazaris astray in 1894 and had fled the country during Sir William Lockhart's expedition, has just returned to Waziristan from Afghan territory. He may possibly stir up trouble again, so the Tochi and Wano garrisons will have to be on the alert.

THERE is no change in the wheather and no signs of a new depression forming in the Bay of Bengal. The air is drier in the Punjab and the great heat in Bengal and Upper India will probably pass away soon, as the snowfall in the Himalaya region is much earlier than usual. This is particularly the case in the western parts of the range.

THE cause of the singular isolated outbreak of cholera in the Khairpur district where 70 out of 90 people seized died is reported to be the cholera corpse of a Hindu who died in foreign territories which was brought into the village. The corpse was brought in a village cart in an advanced stage of decomposition and not cremated till the following day.

MAJOR-GENERAL H. M. EVANS, C. B., commanding the Allahabad District, will shortly be transferred to the Command of the Rohilkhand District, which has just been given up by Major-General Channer, V. C.

THERE is no truth, we are assured, in the rumours that glanders is spreading in Lucknow outside the lines of the 16th Lancers. On the contrary the measures adopted to deal with the outbreak appear to be steadily eradicating it.

MR. E. LAWRENCE, Accountant-General of the N.-W. Provinces, on return from furlough in the course of the autumn, will be posted as Accountant-General to Bombay, Mr. Barrow, who is now at Bombay, going on furlough as soon as he is relieved by Mr. Lawrence.

CAPTAIN LEWIS, 5th Bombay Cavalry, met with rather a serious riding accident on the 2nd instant at Quetta. His pony ranaway with him and he was thrown against a wall, sustaining concussion of the brain. He made a good recovery and is now able to leave hospital.

IT is probable that the next Civil Service Cup at Lucknow will be seen from the new Stand, the design and estimates for which have been already passed. Visitors to the present meeting note the signs of the coming improvements which Captain Apthorp has in view. The shed over the entrance to the enclosure has been removed, and a handsome masonry gateway stands there in its place, which is eventually to be surmounted by a clock-tower. The new Stand, to which this is the portal, will, by all accounts, be worthy of the place that Lucknow now holds as a racing centre.

THE thanks of H. H. the Maharaja of Jammu and Kashmir and the State Council have been conveyed to Captain S. H. Godfrey for work done in Kashmir and Ladak in connection with the Central Asian trade on his leaving the State for Gilgit. We are glad to record this mark of the interest taken by the Kashmir Durbar in the development of a section of our trans-frontier commerce the importance of which has been frequently insisted upon in these columns. The trade through Leh has pratically doubled during Captain Godfrey's administration of commercial affairs in Ladak.

AT the close of the Calcutta Corporation meeting, on October 8, an attempt was made to rush through the proposals of the officiating Chairman in regard to the electric tramway without sufficient reference to Messrs. Kilburn's protest. On this being opposed it was eventually decided to refer the matter also back to the general committee with a view to ascertaining whether the resolution cannot be so worded as to comply with what the agents consider essential to enable the concern to be successfully floated in London. Sir John Lambert has been invited to join the general committee and that body has been empowered to take action in regard to a European Superintendent without further reference to the commissioners. In the meeting Sir John Lambert's own proposal, to apply to Government for the loan of the services of a competent man with engineering experience to put in charge of cleaning the town considering the serious state of things, disclosed that nothing better could be done.

THE Deputy Magistrate at Alipore had before him, on Monday, an extraordinary case of bigamy in which a father was charged with marrying his daughter first to one man and on the same night to another, without either bridegroom being aware of the bigamous transaction. Both men are suing their father-in-law on charges of cheating and bigamy, the accused obtaining a large sum of money from the man with whom the second marriage was concluded. The case is proceeding.

THE Calcutta Port Commissioners have resolved to discontinue the charge of 7½ annas per ton now made on account of railway freight from the Jetties to Chitpore on goods landed and despatched up-country direct. The landing charge in future will therefore include the railway service in this case as it already does at the docks.

MAYMYO bids fair to become a recognised hill station in a comparatively short time. One or two houses are springing up, and the Maymyo Club will soon be an established fact. The glowing prospectus which has been drawn up by Captain Bernard, the Honorary Secretary, sets forth the natural beauties and hygienic advantages of the place in language calculated to throw Simla and Darjiling into ecstasies of envy and despair. It is healthy at all seasons of the year. It is not too high for people with weak lungs and hearts. It is less than forty miles from Mandalay, and when the railway is completed next year or the year after, "the journey from Maymyo to Mandalay will be accomplished in about three hours at a cost of some three rupees, and the railway train will land the passenger and his luggage in the very centre of the station." The water-supply is good, and the surrounding country, "a park-like undulating plateau some 20 square miles in extent," contains any number of good building sites. Numerous pretty rides are found all round, there is room for a racecourse and polo-ground, big game is to be shot in the neighbourhood, and in the hottest months of the year the shade temperature never exceeds eighty-four degrees.

MR. C. G. PALMER, Officiating Superintending Engineer, Allahabad, has been placed on special duty as Famine Commissioner for these Provinces, and is now on a short visit to Naini Tal, to receive the instructions of Government before entering on the duties of his new appointment. The Government have certainly made an excellent selection for this most important post.

MAJOR-GENERAL CHANNER'S promotion to Lieutenant-General, which causes him to give up the command of the Bareilly District, falls due on the 9th of next month, but the *Gazette* containing it cannot be received in India until three weeks later. He will not have to vacate therefore before the end of November. General Evans' successor at Allahabad has not yet been nominated, but it is only reasonable to suppose that the claims of Brigadier-General Turner, now officiating for Sir Bindon Blood at Agra, will not be overlooked.

THE Agra Municipality is providing employment for the distressed population by relief works, which were opened at the end of last week. Seven hundred persons were taken on in this way, but there are said to have been 2,000 candidates for work. We are informed that Messrs. John and Co., the well-known Agra merchants, are contracting for large supplies of American wheat to be delivered in three months' time at a price which will enable them to dispose of it at 10 seers the rupee. At the present moment grain is coming into the city in large quantities.

THE members of the Calcutta Caledonian Society are exercised, because they are to have no dinner this year. It seems that the Town Hall was to have been got ready by the firm to whom the contract was given to carry out the repairs, by the third week in November; but it has been discovered that the beams of the roof, both in the lower and upper floor, are in such a bad way that it is impossible to get the place ready for use by St. Andrew's day. The energetic secretary of the Society had, it seems, sent home for special menu cards and other decorative trifles for the occasion, and now all the preparations will have been in vain. The Scotsmen of Calcutta are therefore wrath, without quite knowing under the circumstances whom to rend.

IN connection with the relief of the distressed areas in Upper India it has been decided that minor railway projects will be started in the districts where such lines have been surveyed upon the report of the local authorities that the people require employment. Relief works will thus be gradually opened as the scarcity becomes more pronounced. Famine in its acutest form can be staved off in this way at least until next spring, even in case no rain falls this month or in November to save the rabi crops.

WHAT is probably the first instance, outside laboratories, of treatment of a case of snake-bite by the new antivenin serum worked out by Professors Calmette and Fraser is reported from Meerut. A boy of eleven years, son of a syce, was bitten in the foot by a krait. Fortunately medical aid was available at once, and also some of the Calmette serum, with which he was inoculated within three minutes of the occurrence. The result was a perfect recovery. A happy omen of what the new remedy may eventually do to reduce the mortality from this hitherto intractable scourge.

ONE of the direct results of the drought in Upper India is that the fodder supply for horses of the cavalry and artillery is running short. Grass can only be obtained at very high prices in several cantonments, and more than one grass-farm has failed to produce any large amount of hay. A few heavy showers now would be of the highest value, but in case these do not fall the military authorities will have to fall back on bhoosa, the chopped straw which plays such an important part in Indian agricultural economy. It is uncertain what supply of this is available, and the long suffering agriculturist will need most of it for his starving cattle; but some of the very crops that have failed may provide at least straw. All over the country, as a rule, bhoosa is abundant, but the present state of affairs is so abnormal that even this common fodder may run out. It is a small business, this of grass supply for the mounted branches of the Army, compared with the loss of cattle which the agricultural population may have to suffer and with their own scanty food-supply; but it must be noticed as one of the signs which show how bad the position really is.

THE *Pioneer* thinks the result of their visit to Simla should console the Parsees in some measure for the loss of the two Presidency matches in Bombay. They won an easy victory on Thursday, sending in Simla with 160 odd runs to get and dismissing them for little more than half that number. The failure of so strong a batting side as that of Simla to reach a hundred in either innings, and that on a wicket to which the batsmen were accustomed, seems very unaccountable, even allowing for the fact that two good wickets were thrown away by misjudged runs in the first innings.

THE decision to abandon the proposed big camp-of-exercise at Jhansi was prudent on account of the prevalence of cholera; but it was also more than justified by the scarcity which, in spite of a good monsoon during July and August, now threatens. If rain does not come within the next ten days or so, the crops throughout the district will be exceedingly short. The fall since the end of August has been so scanty that its failure in October will prevent the *rabi* sowings, and in such case relief works must be opened. Cases of emaciation are more pronounced even than in the hot weather, owing to the prevalence of fever, and poor houses are being opened by the Civil authorities in various places. Supplies can, course, be brought in by the various connections of the Indian Midland Railway, but the trouble is to know where they are to come from.

BETTER accommodation will be provided for invalided soldiers who are sent home during the trooping season. The Secretary of State has ruled that only such men as can take care of themselves and those requiring simple medical treatment are to be embarked as hitherto in the proportion of seven invalids to occupy accommodation as for nine men in health, and that more space is to be given to invalids who have to be placed in cots in the proportion of about 38 cots to 150 men in health; and further that in an extreme case, whether it be an officer or a man invalided for the preservation of his life, the passage will, at the medical officer's discretion, be provided in the mail steamers, and in the latter case arrangements will be made for one or two attendants in case this is considered necessary.

THE preliminary enquiry in the case of Makbul Shah, one of the men accused of being implicated in the murder of Sawal Singh, has been ended, and Mr. Scott Smith, District Judge of Sialkote, has committed him to the Sessions on a charge of murder. Sawal Singh was Private Secretary to the Maharaja of Kashmir and was murdered in 1890. Three of the murderers were hung three years ago, but Makbul Shah, who surrendered himself a while ago, says that he left India for Mecca the year before the murder took place.

NEXT month will mark an era in electrical science, for the "Niagara Falls Power Company" will transmit to Buffalo the first instalment of electric power. It will represent the equivalent of 1,000 horse-power, but the company are bound under their franchise to expand this to 10,000 horse-power within a year. They are quite confident of success, and the great Falls will be at last harnessed, though only a minute fractional part of their energy will be used. In the future, if the experiment now undertaken answers all expectations, scores of towns besides Buffalo will draw their electric power from Niagara, and there would seem to be no limit to the work that can be done. The discoveries of Tesla in the matter of what are known as the "two-phase alternating currents" have made the transmissions of electricity over long distances comparatively easy of accomplishment. A short while ago the great electrician visited the Falls for the first time. He had invented certain transformers which according to his theories would accomplish certain work, and he had the satisfaction of seeing them actually in operation. They were doing all that he had prophesied and his satisfaction was complete: they had, he said, solved one of the most difficult and important problems in electrical science. Tesla was enthusiastic in his praise of the plant which the practical minded American engineers had erected. "It is one of the wonders of the century," he remarked. "The power-producing plant of the Cataract Construction Company is a marvel in its completeness and in its superiority of construction. When it shall be in full operation the results, in many ways, will be wonderful: will be surprising to those who have doubted that such things could be accomplished." He himself has no doubts as to the successful transmission of electrical power: he holds that it is cheaper to transmit electricity in large quantities than in small—the larger the force the less the loss in transmission. Naturally the Americans are delighted with the verdict of their work at Niagara: they have done many big things in the way of engineering, but this is the biggest of all. Tesla is the hope of the Go-ahead Yankee, and Edison's star seems to have paled before that of the gifted Hungarian. In his laboratory at New York the new man toils away at his discoveries, his attention now being solely devoted, as he himself admits, to the study and development of the transmission and insulation of electricity. When he has accomplished certain objects in the direction he will take take up the problems of the vacuum electric lamp and telegraphy without the use of wires. His American admirers would like him to tackle these at once, but he is bent upon following his own course and the world will reap the fruits of his discoveries one by one as he reveals more marvels to it. His researches are most thorough and we cannot afford to disbelieve in anything that he asserts to be possible.

KEROSINE OIL IMPORTS.

THE following customs circular (No. XXI of 1896), has been issued by the Government of India, Finance and Commerce Dpartment, dated the 23rd September:—

In March 1896 the Government of Bengal referred for orders a representation made by the Calcutta agent of the Standard Oil Company of New York on the subject of the calculation of the contents of kerosine-oil cans for the purpose of the levy of import duty on the oil. He objected to the practice at Calcutta of assessing the duty on an assumed quantity of 8 1-3 gallons in each case of two cans, and suggested that either the quantity to be assumed should not exceed eight gallons to the case, or the quantity should be actually measured. The Board of Revenue, having ascertained that at Bombay it was the practice to assume eight gallons as the contents of a case, recommended that either weight, not volume, might be taken as the basis in estimating quantity, or the quantity might be determined, as a basis, by the examination of a few test cargoes.

2. The Government of India requested that the second of these courses might be adopted and the result reported, and meanwhile the practice at Madras, Karachi, and Rangoon was ascertained.

3. The result of the examination of test cargoes made in Bengal is that the average actual contents of a case have been found to be almost exactly 8 1-5 Imperial gallons, and the local Government recommend that this quantity should be taken in future as the basis of assessment to customs duty.

4. At Karachi the practice is the same as at Bombay, namely, the assessment is made on an assumed quantity of eight gallons per case, duty being charged on any excess over that quantity beyond the limit of five per cent. At Madras and Rangoon the practice is to test a certain number of cases in each consignment, the assessment of the consignment being based on the average obtained.

5. It is evident from the examination which has been made at Calcutta that the practice hitherto in existence at that port cannot be continued, the assumed quantity having been proved to be greater than the actual quantity. The practice need not, however, be replaced by another equally based on an assumption. It is clear that whatever practice is adopted must be uniform at all ports in India, and it would not be expedient to order the introduction at other ports of the practice which is now suggested for Calcutta; for though importers might possibly be content at Calcutta with an assumption which reduces the burden imposed on them, it is certain that importers at Bombay and Karachi will not be content with the introduction there of an assumption which will impose a heavier burden on them, and will demand a system of actual testing instead of an assumption. At Madras again it appears that actual measurements hitherto have shown the contents of cases there to be in excess on the whole of the assumed contents proposed for Calcutta.

6. It will be best, in the opinion of the Governor-General in Council, that the assessment of mineral oil to duty should be based on actual measurement instead of on assumptions. As it seems from the experience at all ports other than Calcutta that there is no special difficulty in actual test, and as moreover bulk oil, which competes with case oil, is assessed on the basis of actual measurement, his Excellency in Council is of opinion that in future the practice which has been in force in Madras and Rangoon should be adopted at all ports, importations of mineral oil in cases being assessed to duty on the test of a certain number of cases in each consignment. The local authorities will determine in each case what percentage of cases need ordinarily be tested.

TURKEY-RED YARN.

A further customs circular (No. XX of 1896), notifies that with the despatch of the 26th December 1895 the Secretary of State forwarded a memorial from certain firms of Scotch dyers complaining that hanks of Turkey-red yarn of lengths less than the minimum prescribed by Rule IV of the rules under the Merchandise Marks Act, 1889 (published in Home Department Notification No. 1474, dated the 13th November, 1891) are imported into India from Germany and Switzerland. The memorialists suggested that such importations, being clear evasions of the law, should be prohibited by the issue, if necessary, of new or amended regulations.

2. From the replies of the local Governments, to whom the matter was referred for enquiry and report, it appears that such yarns are not imported into Madras and Burma, that they have not been imported into Bombay since 1893, and that imports into Bengal have also recently ceased.

3. Such imports are distinctly in contravention of the rule which has the force of law, and the consumer, it is understood, is deceived by goods so described. These imports should therefore be dealt with, in case of renewal, in accordance with law. No amendment of existing rules is necessary.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—OCTOBER 10.

Ainslie, Lieut, Ms R E, on leave, from Secunderabad.
Lattey, Surg Capt, Ms A M S, on duty, from Secunderabad.
Potts, Major, Bengal R H A, on duty, from Lucknow.

DEPARTURES.—OCTOBER 10.

Latty Surg Capt M S, A M S, on duty, to Secunderabad.
Jones, Lt Col, Punjab 32nd Pioneers, on leave, to England.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY CAPTAIN W. G. WILSON, COMMANDING B. V. A.

Bombay, 12th October, 1896.

1. Orderly Officer for the week, Lieut. Acworth; next for duty, Lieut. Barrow.

No. 1 Company.

2. Orderly Sergeant for the week, Sergt. Wilson; next for duty, Sergt. Pinder.

3. There will be 25-pr. R. M. L. Gun and Gun Laying drill at the Fort Head-quarters on Thursday next, at 8-45 p.m.

No. 2 Company.

4. Orderly Sergt. for the week, Sergt. Marsland; next for duty, Sergt. Turbot.

5. There will be 25-pr. R. M. L. Gun and Gun Laying drill at the Byculla Head-quarters on Thursday next, at 8-30 p.m.

6. The Gymnasium class will meet at the Byculla Head-quarters on Wednesday next at 8-30 p.m.

7. Corpl. R. W. R. Pennington has been appointed a member of the Regimental Committee for No. 1 Sub-division No. 2 Company.

8. A meeting of the Regimental Committee will be held at the Fort Head-quarters on Wednesday next, 14th inst., at 6-15 p.m.

By Order,
A. J. PEILE, Lieut., R. A.,
Adjutant, B. V. A.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY COLONEL R. S. BROWN, V.D., COMMANDING B. V. R.

Bombay, 12th October, 1896.

1. Company drill at which members of all Adult Companies are invited to attend, will be held at 5-15 p.m., to-day, (Monday) the 12th instant on the ground in rear of the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital, opposite Head-quarters. Dress—Any—Arms &c. will be issued on the ground.

By Order,
C. MOSS, Captain,
Adjutant, B. V. R.

NOTICE.

The third Regimental Dance of the season will take place in the Town Hall, on Friday, the 23rd instant.

Tickets can be obtained at the office and from the following:—Lieut. H. C. Roe, Apollo Hotel, Fort.
Sergt.-Major J. H. Downing, Head-quarters, Bo. Vol. Rifles.
Qr.-Mr. Sergt. W. Stephens, Stephens & Sons, Girgum.
Colr.-Sergt. H. Black, Govt. Tel. Office, Pydhownie.
Colr.-Sergt. R. Smith, Grants Buildings, Colaba.
Colr.-Sergt. W. J. Knight, Cathedral High School, Fort.
Sergeant W. G. Nicoll, Victoria Buildings, Fort.
Sergeant S. F. Pearcey, Government Dockyard, Fort.
Corporal G. F. Lund, Lund and Blockley, Fort.
Volunteer H. Row, Hope Hall Estate, Mazagon.
Volunteer W. T. Garlab, Byculla, School, Byculla.
W. B. Green's Restaurant, Apollo Bunder.

Members Rs. 2; Non-members Rs. 3; to include two ladies. Extra lady Re. 1. Light refreshments will be provided.

HIGH COURT.—OCTOBER 12.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice B. TYABJEE.)

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.
Postponed Long Causes.

372-96—Bhaishanker and K—Chagpal Jetha vs Vurjeewandas Bhaidas Munnim—In person.
182-94—Madhavji V—Nathenal Naringdas vs Malharrao Holkar and another—Tyabjee D and Co.

For Further Directions and Costs on Commissioner's Report.

309-90—K D Shroff (for pauper)—Dayagod Durvesh Ghanchi vs Valabhdas Purshotamdas—Little and Co.
598-95—Matubhai and J—Sitaram Luxmon and another vs Janardhan Ranchod—Payne G and S.
20-96—Payne G and S—Aga Goolam Hoosein bin Aga Abdool Hussan Larie vs Sir Albert David Sassoon and others—Brown and M.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice FULTON.)

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.
Undefended New Long Causes.

455-96—Craigie L and O—Charles Agnew Turner vs Jessajee Vujangjee and others.

Defended New Long Causes.

339-96—Dikshit and D—Chunilal Vizbhukandas vs Sha Jethabhai Jairam—Brown and M.
18-96—Mansukhlal D and J—Vullubdas Jamnadas and another vs Goculdas Shevjee—Chitnis M and M.
426-96—Tyabjee D and Co—Morarjee Mohunjee vs Mooljee Cursonjee Joshi—In person.
429-96—Craigie L and O—Charles Agnew Turner and another vs Kushund Shirchand and others—Chalk W and S.
430-96—Craigie L and O—Charles Agnew Turner and another vs Custoorchand Nanchand—Chalk W and S.

Postponed Long Causes.

356-96—K D S Shroff—Merwanjee Muncherjee Cama and another vs Navazbai Sorabjee and J—Part heard.
48-95—Payne G and S—Sakurbai vs Chatoorbhuj Nathoo Bhaishanker and K.
252-95—Tyabjee D and Co—Nursey Jetha vs Premjee Mowjee and others—Nanu and H and Tyabjee D and Co.
569-95—In person—Harrishanker Damodhur vs Syed Hussein Ally bin Mir Rahim Ally Sha Munshi—Dikshit and D.
388-96—Nanu and H—Dadabhoy Rustomjee Kerawalla vs Soonabai and another—Pestonjee R and K and S & J.

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION.—Get rid of Nervousness and Nervous Fears at the time of examination by judiciously using Squibb's Brace-up Cordial. It banishes Nervous Fears and strengthens Memory. Rs. 2-4 of MADON, SONS & Co.

STRENGTHENING LORD SALISBURY'S HANDS.

MR. FREDERICK GREENWOOD writes as follows in the *Pall Mall Gazette* of September 18th:—

As a matter of course, the new dynamite plot, and its discovery at this moment, will have a great effect upon all who are concerned with the revived Eastern Question. It will have an immediate effect upon the Continental Governments, as their newspapers (they have not had time to print their sentiments when this is written) will probably show; in England a strong effect too if more indirect.

How this later sensation will affect Continental statesmanship is evident without clairvoyance. We in England may think little of dynamiting, but that is not the way in other countries. To one Government, at least, "war" itself is less a word of fear than "dynamite;" and this Government happens to be the Tsar's. It is understood and acknowledged that Russia decides what is to be done with the Turk. It is known that the recent massacre at Constantinople (the other had a similar origin) was the direct consequence of Armenian dynamiting, and also that the acting captains in the plot were subjects of the Tsar: not an unimportant circumstance in the eyes of his Ministers. Further, it was the declared purpose of that dynamite conspiracy to terrorise the European Governments. In effect this meant terrorizing the Russian Government—compelling the Tsar and his Ministers to change their minds. Now, whether the Tsar and his Ministers were likely to give in, thereby announcing themselves submissive to dynamite if used in large quantities, and whether they were likely to do this for the sake of the Sultan's Armenians, are scarcely reasonable questions when judged by Russian usage. And if the Tsar's Government was unlikely to submit to the dynamite menace then, obduracy more than submission should be expected now; and expected whether it be true or not that the Tsar was to be blown to pieces on British soil. But if so, and if the Continental Powers are sympathetic with the Tsar on this point (can they be otherwise?), our great Armenian agitation is more likely than ever to land England in mortal difficulties without doing good to any human being.

It may be hoped, however, that the opportune revelation of the new dynamite conspiracy will bring our Armenian agitation down to a simmer for a while. It comes as a douche on superheated brains, this revelation; and even in an hour of comparative coolness thought may return and keep the brain-pan from boiling over quite. There really is no good in that, though it is clear that many people think differently, holding that the boiling over is a good in itself. For a special reason, we said, more than an hour's coolness would be well at the present juncture; and this is why. The agitators themselves are anxious beyond everybody else that Lord Salisbury shall speak with the Tsar at Balmoral. My own belief is that speaking with the Tsar's Ambassador at the Foreign Office would equally avail for all good ends; but yet more do I believe that if the notion is that the Prime Minister can usefully, or even harmlessly, threaten the Tsar with a popular agitation in England, there is no greater delusion in the world nor a sillier one. Imagine the treat—which some politicians seriously suppose will be seriously uttered: it is for that, indeed, that Lord Salisbury's hands are being "strengthened." Imagine the answer, if answer were given at all. "Am I informed that I owe obedience to popular opinion in England? No? Then do you tell me that obedience to it will oblige you to go to war with me and my allies if we brave its behest?" And then imagine (I confess that I cannot very readily) Lord Salisbury's reply. Or, with the armed forces of Russia, France, Turkey, and one or two other nations passing before his vision, how is it supposed that Lord Salisbury would look? Though that Minister's hands were strengthened by speeches in every town-hall, articles in every newspaper denouncing the infamous friends of the Great Assassin, he would give voice to no such ridiculous threat. Lord Salisbury knows his business better than that.

The first sentences of Mr. Birrell's letter in one of Tuesday's newspapers, and the despatch of the *Times'* correspondent at St. Petersburg, printed the same day, contain more of solid food for the reflecting agitator than is commonly supplied to him. Mr. Birrell says to the editor of the *Daily Chronicle*, "There seems small use in throwing open your columns to expressions of horor, dismay, and disgust at the barbarities of the Turk. All these may be assumed, and language and platform phrases only vulgarize feeling. The question is, What can be done? Let each man ask himself, 'Were I Lord Salisbury, what would I do?' The answer must be, 'I would do what I could.' What, then, can Lord Salisbury do? Alone, nothing. With Russia, anything." Of course Mr. Birrell means with Russia and its allies; he does not mean that Russia is likely to give up its Continental friendships and alliances for a different arrangement, from which alliance would be free, and there he is right. Fine language, and platform phrases "butter" no Russians, neither do they make the Lobanoffs afraid. Lord Salisbury can do no more this year against the will of Russia and the European concert than he could last year; and every man of sense knows it. If he can persuade these Powers to take a different course with Turkey (short of breaking it up, which would put us in a fine pickle), good. If not, let us have no more of this stupid nonsense about England fighting the world alone. The world might like it well enough; a good deal of it would be delighted; but England—! And how do we really stand with the Russian and the other Continental Governments? Take these sentences from that unwilling writer, the correspondent of the *Times* at St. Petersburg, compare them with the reports from other capitals, so completely dispelling of the moonshine in which so many English journals lately revelled, and the true truth will be found.

"A considerable change of tone as regards neighbouring States has gradually come over the Russian press, which now shows itself well disposed towards all the great Powers of Europe except England. Russia, according to this criterion, is no longer out of sympathy with any nation on the European Continent. Great Britain alone continues to be the object of unabated mistrust and ill-will. (And it is not the press alone.) Ministers and other high officials are heard repeating the political sentiments of the most reckless anti-English organs of Russian public opinion. Excepting Great Britain in the West and Japan in the East, all old scores have for the moment been forgotten, and the much-abused Triple Alliance has come to be regarded as a more friendly counterbalance of power. This change has been brought about by a series of events which began with Germany's co-operation against Japan on behalf of China, and which is now being completed by the tour of the Russian Emperor."

There is more to the same effect in this communication, and the report from Berlin and Vienna chimes with it like bell with bell. As for France, Petersburg and Paris are one. And why should there be any difficulty in accepting the view of the situation as thus presented? It was to be expected. It is what common sense has looked for for many a month, and even many a year, as the natural outcome of permitted conditions.

PROVINCIAL GAZETTE.

(*Calcutta Gazette*, October 7.)

Vety Capt F Raymond is appointed to be Supt, Civil Vety Dept, Bengal, vice Vety Capt W D Gunn, appointed to the post of Asst to the Inspr-Genl, Civil Vety Dept.

Surg-Lieut-Col A E R Stephens, Civil Surg of Jessore, is appointed to be Civil Surgn of Purnea.

Surg-Major Dharma Das Basu, Civil Surg of Purnea, is appointed to be Civil Surg of Jessore.

Mr G Gorton, Offg Dist and Sessions Judge, Backergunge, is appointed to act, in addition to his other duties, as Additional Sessional Sessions Judge of Noakhali, during the period of the Civil Court vacation.

Mr H A D Phillips, I C S has been granted by H M's Secretary of State for India an extension of furlough for six weeks.

Mr C B Drake Brockman, Asst Supdt of Police, is appointed to act as Deputy Commissioner of Calcutta, during the absence, on deputation, of Mr H E C Paget, or until further orders, on being relieved of the charge of the District Police, Darbhanga.

Sir Alfred W Croft, K C I E, Director of Public Instruction, Bengal, is allowed leave for two months and twenty-n

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE Asiatic S N Co's s s Nairung, 2,851 tons, Captain W J Crebbin, sailed yesterday for Calutta via coast ports, with a general cargo and duty paid salt, one cabin and 10 deck passengers

THE B I S N Co's s s Dumra, 762 tons, Captain E C Russell, arrived in harbour on the 10th instant from Karachee (8th October) with a general cargo, Mrs Lynn and 5 children and 176 deck passengers.

THE s s Ethiope, 1,905 tons, Captain P J Miles, arrived in harbour on the 10th instant from Calcutta (29th September) with a cargo of 3050 tons, of coal. The vessel is consigned to Messrs Turner Morrison and Co.

THE s s Kt of St George, 2,999 tons, Captain J Bevis, arrived in harbour on Friday evening from Newport via London and Karachee, with a general cargo. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. Killick Nixon and Co.

THE B I S N Co's s s Kola, 497 tons, Captain T M Whitehead, cleared on Saturday for Karachee with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Mr Richards, Miss Biddle, Mr and Mrs R Haasis, Mr H M Thompson and 65 deck

ARRIVAL OF THE CHINA AND AUSTRALIAN MAILS.

THE P and O Co's s s Kaiser-i-Hind, 2,385 tons, Captain C S Daniel, arrived in harbour, yesterday, from China, via Colombo, with Her Majesty's China and Australian Mails a general cargo and the following passengers:—From Colombo—Mr F Creasy, Mrs Hollings, Rev W E Jonaer, Mr and Mrs G W Martin and child, Mr W Sandys, Nurse Joyce, Mr F Goodfellow, Mrs Scullard, Miss Daver, and Miss Roser. From Sydney—Mr Mrs and Miss J F Toohey, Surg-Capt Burke, Capt Glasgow, Lieut and Mrs Vaughan and two children, Mr. Woodward, Lieut-Col E J F Wood, Lieut and Mrs Jones and infant. From Adelaide—Mr J Tulloch and Lieut Oldham. From Melbourne—Captain Waaless. From different ports—41 deck.

VESSELS IN DOCKS.—OCTOBER 10.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Shd.	Vessels.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination.	Date.*	Agents.
A Clan	Murray	1374	Sperggens	P Gulf	17-10	F M & Co
D	Persepolis		Etienne	P Gulf	21-10	E D Baillow
F	Alphee	986	Desprot	Delagoa Bay	10-10	E de Baillow
G	Akbar	1441	Baldwin			H C Joosub
H	Crescent	905	Strickland	Natal	12-10	J A Cassum
N	Deaface	373	Ally	Aden		N Ahmed
O	Arracan	1877	Duguid	Rangoon		W & A Graham
P	Thibet	169	Garrett			H C Joosub

HARBOUR WALL.

Ponani		522	Fakeera	Bhownugger	10-10	Shepherd & Co
Satrunji		547	Ahmed	Kurrachee	10-10	Do.
Sabarmati		623	Ahmed	Mangalore	12-10	Do.

VICTORIA DOCK.

Shd.	Vessels.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination.	Date.	Agent.
2	Arabia	2300	Read	Liverpool	13-10	W & A Graham
3	D Balduino	3044	Cowie	Genoa	15-10	F Crocco
5	Hydaspes	19 1	Bonchan			P & O S N Co
7	Brankesome Hall	2555	Hood	Liverpool	12-10	E Bates
10	Muttra	2698		Turner		M M and Co
12	Kt of St George	2995	Bevis	Not fixed		K N & Co

MERREWEATHER DRY DOCK.

H D Kuphus	149		B P Trust

* Probable date of departure.

Time Ball drops at Prince's Dock at Noon or Greenwich meantime, 7h. 8m. 14·5s.

The Time Ball over the Clock Tower at the Bombay Castle continues to be dropped regularly at 1 p.m. of Colaba meantime, or 8h. 8m. 44·30 of Greenwich meantime.

ARRIVALS.

Oct.	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
9	Kt of St. George (s)	Bevis	Newport via Karachi
10	Ethiope (s)	Miles	Calcutta, Sept 26.
	H. M. S. Pigeon	Cartwright	Aden, Sept 28.
	Dumra (s)	Russell	Karachi, Oct 8.
11	I. G. T. S. Patrick Stewart	Tindall	Karachi, Oct 7.
	Kaiser-i-Hind (s)	Daniel	Shanghai, Sept 19.

DEPARTURES.

Oct.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
10	H.M. S. Redbreast.	Martin	Muscat.
	R. I. M. S. Minto	Baugh	Aden.
	Goa (s)	Plommer	Zanzibar, &c.
	Alphee (s)	Deprato	Delagoa Bay, &c.
	Kapurthala (s)	Robertson	Karachi.
	Ganges (s)	Creery	Aden.
11	Mairung (s)	Crebbin	Calcutta, &c.
	R. I. M. S. Investigator	Oldham	Maldive Islands.

The steamer Kola, Captain Whitehead, obtained her port clearance on Saturday last, for Karachee.

The steamer Muttra, entered for loating on Saturday last for coast ports and Calcutta.

VESSELS IN BOMBAY HARBOUR.

Arabia s, 2331, Read.
Branksome Hall s, 2555, Hood.
D. Balduino s, 2044, Canepa.
Bombay s, 2018, Weston.
Hydaspes s, 1912, Bareham
Peshawur s, 2372.
Rosetta s, 2038, Tillard.
Ravenna s, 2046, Street.
Azamor s, 2 01, Gibson
Crescent s, 905, Stickler.
Akbar s, 1441, Baldwin.
Persepolis s, 985, Etienne.
Arracan s, 1877, Duguid.
Ataka s, 2388, Bimont.
Afghan s, 1439, Barton (for sale.)
Argo s, 1970, Nicols.
C. Murray s, 1373, Spriggens.
Langbank s, 2966, Rout.
Wistow Hall s, 2139, Barclay.

GOVERNMENT STEAMERS.

H. M. S. Assaye, Cave.
H. M. S. Brisk, Rich.
R. M. S. Lapwing, Story.
H. M. S. Plassy, Prance.
H. M. S. Redbreast, Martin.
H. M. Hulk Tenasserim Goodridge.
R. I. M. S. Minto, Baugh.
R. I. M. S. Warren Hastings, John.
R. I. M. S. Elphinstone, Mc-Arthur.
R. I. M. S. Investigator, Oldham.

CALCUTTA.

Oct. ARRIVALS.

7 Boaldana s ..... Hugill ..... Bombay, Sept 26.
Manora s ..... Henderson ..... London, Sept 4.
Madura s ..... Creft ..... Rangoon, Oct 5.
8 City of Calcutta s. Greenhorn ..... Glasgow, Sept 2.
Eden Hall s ..... Black ..... Bombay, Sept 29.
Siam s ..... Raicech ..... Rangoon, Sept 3.

DEPARTURES.

Oct. 7.—Steamer Dictator.
Oct 8.—Steamers Nevasa, and a steamer (numbers not shewn.)

DAILY IMPORTS.—OCTOBER 10.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Arabia s—50 cases school slates, M Karimbhoy.
Bullionist s—4 cases lampware, Goolam Hoosein Cullian.

FROM LONDON.

Khedive s—10 cases provision, Dhunjeebhoy Cowasjee.

FROM GLASGOW.

Arabia s—96 cases whisky, D Dadabhoy.

FROM GENOA.

D'Balduino s—8 cases provisions, C Colonello.

FROM MARSEILLES.

D Balduino s—35 cases vermouth, D Dadabhoy; 50 cases brandy, Eduljee Bezonjee; 235 cases brandy, Dhunjeebhoy Cowasjee; 65 cases brandy, D Dadabhoy; 15 cases wine, B X Furtado and Brothers.

FROM ANTWERP.

Bhandara s—45 cases window glass, S Mamoojee.
Baroda s—6 cases paper, Latham and Co.

FROM HAMBURG.

Ehrenfels s—45 cases beer and rum, and 15 cases brandy Jamshedjee Brother and Co.

DAILY EXPORTS.—OCTOBER 10.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Branksome Hall s—95 cwt coir yarn, Corjee Doongersee.
Arabia s—300 bales wool, Goculdas Toolsidas; 30 bales wool, S Janmahomed; 190 cwt coir yarn, L Manockchand; 100 cwt coir yarn, Purmanand Govindjee.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Arabia s—100 bales cotton Ralli, Brothers.

FOR GENOA.

D Balduino s—100 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers; 521 cwt linseed, Kika Khooshall.

FOR BARCELONA.

D Balduino s—50 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Revenna s—88 cases emblements, Dossabhoy Merwanjee and Co.
Bombay s—55 cwt dry fish, Quan Lun Eaoo.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Bombay s—1,000 bales cotton, Framjee Sons and Co; 200 bales twist, C Ebrahim and Co; 50 bales twist, The Khatau Makeejee S and W Co; 100 bales twist, The Bombay United S and W Co.

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Bombay s—551 bales cotton, Dinshaw D Currance and Co; 524 bales cotton, Tata and Co.

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TO SPEEDILY CURE
Sore Throats
Indigestion, Hoarseness, Diarrhœa, Wounds & Burns,
USE
Condy's Fluid
Sold everywhere. Refuse Imitations.
CONDY & MITCHELL, of London, England, are the only makers.

CAUTION! CAUTION!!

Refuse imitations which are always inferior in Composition and Strength.

The Genuine Bottle is like this

Insist on "CONDY'S FLUID."

NOTICES.

COLDS, COUGHS, INFLUENZA, SORE THROAT

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

Will relieve the most distressing cough, soothe the inflamed membrane, loosen the phlegm, and induce refreshing sleep. For the cure of Croup, Whooping Cough, and all the pulmonary troubles to which the young are so liable, there is no other remedy so effective as

AYER'S Cherry Pectoral

Made by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U.S.A.

In Half-size Bottles, And also in large 4/6 size.

Gold Medals at the World's Chief Expositions.

☞ The name, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, is prominent on the wrapper and is blown in the glass of each bottle. Take no cheap imitation.

General Agents H. E. BODE & SONS, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

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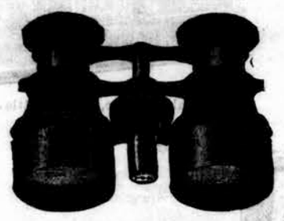
"LYNX"
POCKET FIELD GLASSES.



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The LYNX POCKET BINOCULAR is not a toy but an achromatic glass of sharp definition and good power measuring only 4 3/16 inches by 2 6/8 inches.

PERRINS' widely known Binocular *Field & Race Glasses* are all thoroughly achromatic, and for finish power, and sharpness of definition excel those of all other makers at the same prices. A quantity of cheap showy rubbish is sent out to India, and doubtless finds a market, but a really good achromatic glass is an altogether different thing.

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SOLE AGENTS FOR PERRINS, LONDON.
Catalogues of Binoculars, Telescopes and Microscopes free on application

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YVUS+
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EQUATORIAL HAIR DOUCHE
THE FINEST DRESSING FOR THE HAIR IN THE WORLD
PREPARED ONLY BY
REMO & Co. Ltd.
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POISON in the BLOOD,
Which is the Direct Cause of RHEUMATISM, and in fact of Most Physical Troubles.
URIC ACID.
When the Kidneys fail to do their duty, this ACID REMAINS in the BLOOD.
If this Acid is removed from the Blood,
RHEUMATISM will DISAPPEAR
There has never been but one known Remedy for Kidney Troubles, and consequently for
RHEUMATISM,
and that is WARNER'S SAFE CURE.
It is endorsed by Physicians, approved by Scientists, and used by the best people in the land.
It will pay you to bear these things in mind.
SOLD BY CHEMISTS AND DEALERS.

THE GREAT REMEDY.
BLAIR'S GOUT PILLS,
For Gout, Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago. Claim a superiority over all other Gout and Rheumatic medicines. They give relief from pain in a few hours, and a speedy cure. Their action is so gentle (the composition being purely vegetable) that they may be taken by the most delicate persons.
Sold by all Stores throughout India.

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OBSERVE THAT THE SIGNATURE
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IS NOW PRINTED IN BLUE INK DIAGONALLY ACROSS THE OUTSIDE WRAPPER of every Bottle of the
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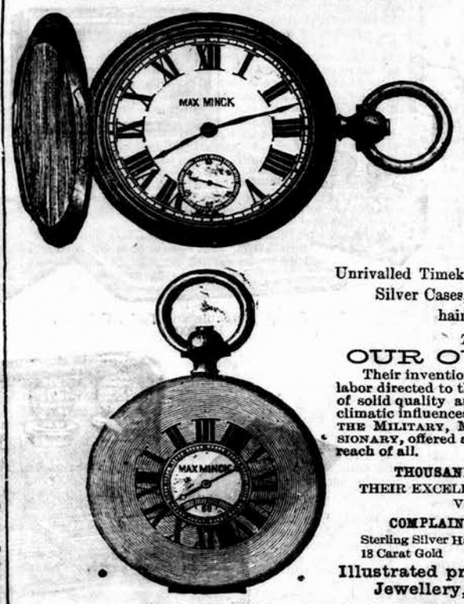
SAUCE.
Sold Wholesale by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse & Blackwell, Ltd., London; and Export Oilmen generally.
RETAIL EVERYWHERE.

MINCK'S PERFECT TIME-KEEPERS



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Reliability, Strength, Elegance.

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"Soldier" Hunter, Key winding	Rs.	28.
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Gold Lever Watch ditto,	,,	125.
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ALL GUARANTEED FIVE YEARS.

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Unrivalled Timekeepers, Full Jewelled in 15 holes, Sterlin Silver Cases, powerful Lever Movement. Brequet hair spring, chronometer balance.

THESE WATCHES ARE
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Their invention being the outcome of many years of careful labor directed to the production of really first-rate time-keeper of solid quality and handsome appearance to withstand all climatic influences and endure hard use, SUITABLE ALIKE FOR THE MILITARY, MEDICAL, MECHANIC, MERCHANT AND MISSIONARY, offered at such a reasonable price as to be within the reach of all.

THOUSANDS HAVE ALREADY BEEN SOLD.
THEIR EXCELLENCE IS CERTIFIED BY HUNDREDS OF VOLUNTARY TESTIMONIALS.
COMPLAINTS ARE ABSOLUTELY UNKNOWN.

Sterling Silver Hall-marked Albert Chains from ... Rs. 10 to Rs. 20.
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ALL MERCHANTS.
REGISTERED BB
FINE OLD SCOTCH WHISKY
HUNTLY BOTTLING STORES GLASGOW.
Facsimile of Label.
AGENTS:
TURNER, MORRISON & Co., BOMBAY.

"G.B."
FOR DIABETES.
FOR KIDNEY COMPLAINTS.
DIABETES
FOR RHEUMATISM.
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WHISKY.
Sold by all leading Merchants in India.
HIGHEST MEDICAL ANALYSES AND TESTIMONIALS.
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LIEBIG COMPANY'S EXTRACT OF MEAT
And see that each Jar bears Justus von Liebig's Signature in Blue Ink across the Label.
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FINEST AND CHEAPEST MEAT-FLAVOURING STOCK FOR SOUPS, MADE DISHES AND SAUCES.
Invaluable for India as an Efficient Tonic in all cases of Weakness. Keeps good in the hottest Climates, and for any length of time.
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REJECT SUBSTITUTES
Sold Everywhere **ORIGINAL** in Bottles at 12 Annas and Rs. 1/8 to Rs. 10.
CHLORODYNE
CURES FEVERS, INFLUENZA, DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, and ASIATIC CHOLERA, AGUE, CRAMP, COLIC, NEURALGIA, and DENGUE FEVER.

HORSE EXERCISE AT HOME.
Vigor's Horse-Action Saddle.
HIGHLY APPROVED OF BY
H.I.M. THE EMPEROR OF AUSTRIA.
PERSONALLY ORDERED BY
H.R.H. THE PRINCESS OF WALES.
ADOPTED BY
Sir HENRY THOMPSON, F.R.C.S., &c.
And by Leading Physicians.
PRONOUNCED BY
Dr. GEORGE FLEMING, C.B.
a most efficient substitute for the live horse.
USED BY
MARY, COUNTESS OF DERBY.
The Rt. Hon. The EARL of LISBURNE.
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AND MANY OTHERS.

EXERCISE ON THIS SADDLE
Creates Appetite & Cures Dyspepsia,
Quickens the Circulation,
Stimulates the Liver,
Relieves Hysteria, Insomnia,
Gout & Rheumatism,
And Safely Reduces Obesity.

The LANCET says: "The expense and difficulty of riding on a live horse are avoided."
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The STANDARD: "Undoubtedly the simplest and most economical form for the purpose."
The FIELD: "We have had an opportunity of trying one of the Horse Action Saddles, and found it very like that of riding on a horse; the same muscles are brought into play as when riding."
The best exercise for the strong, the weak, also the blind, lame or crippled."
The best and safest exercise for people suffering from MENTAL and NERVOUS DISORDERS.
FULL PARTICULARS WITH ILLUSTRATIONS, POST FREE:
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Send for descriptive pamphlet which can be had from Bombay Gazette Office.

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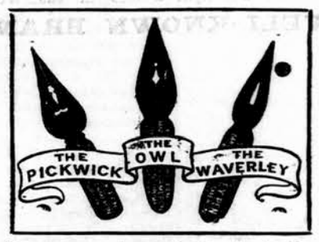
Recommended by 3007 Newspapers.
"They are a Treasure." *Standard.*
Sold by all Stationers.



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They come as a boon and a blessing to men,
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THE BEST REMEDY FOR ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE, GOUT AND INDIGESTION.
THE SAFEST MILD APERIENT FOR DELICATE CONSTITUTIONS, LADIES, CHILDREN, INFANTS, AND REGULAR USE IN WARM CLIMATES.
DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA **MAGNESIA**
SOLD THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.
N.B.—ASK FOR DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA.

"CARLTON" WHISKEY.
ELEVEN YEARS OLD & FIVE YEARS OLD
THESE GRAND OLD SCOTCH WHISKIES are shipped only by RICHARD MATHEWS AND COMPANY, of London and Inverness, who are sole possessors of the Brand "CARLTON." They are distilled from the finest Highland Malt only, are in every respect equal to the best Cognac Brandy, and guaranteed to be entirely free from Fusil Oil or other noxious impurities.

The following letter has been received from the Secretary of the "CARLTON" CLUB:—

CARLTON CLUB, Dec. 20, 1875.
MESSRS. R. MATHEWS & COMPANY.
GENTLEMEN,—In reply to your enquiry as to whether the Whiskey you are supplying to this Club is approved by the Members, the best answer I can give is that the consumption of this Whiskey in the Club has GREATLY INCREASED since it has been supplied by your firm. There can be no doubt whatever about the Whiskey being MOST EXCELLENT. It is Old and Soft, and I may safely say that it is much approved by the Members
Yours obediently,
W. GRIFFIN SUTTON, *Secretary.*

CAUTION.—It has come to the knowledge of the shippers of the "CARLTON" WHISKIES, that the empty Bottles have been dishonestly refilled with the poisonous trash very often sold in India under the name of WHISKEY, this is therefore to caution consumers to CAREFULLY EXAMINE the CORKS and CAPSULES to see they have not been tampered with; also that the Corks, Capsules and Label are branded with Their Trade Mark.

Sold Everywhere. Wholesale of all Wholesale Houses,
Shippers: RICHARD MATHEWS & Co., "Carlton" Whiskey Merchants, London.

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For INDIA and all HOT CLIMATES this sweetly scented emollient Milk is INVALUABLE
IT KEEPS the SKIN COOL and REFRESHED in the HOTTEST WEATHER,
Removes and prevents all SUNBURN, REDNESS, FRECKLES, TAN, etc., and RENDERS the SKIN DELICATELY SOFT, SMOOTH and WHITE.
It entirely prevents it from becoming DRY and WRINKLED, and PRESERVES the COMPLEXION from the scorching effects of the SUN and WIND more effectually than any other preparation. The IRRITATION caused by the BITES and STINGS of INSECTS is wonderfully allayed by its use. For imparting that soft velvety feeling to the skin, this delightful preparation has no equal. Sold by all Chemists.
Sole Makers M. BEETHAM & SON, Chemists, Cheltenham, England.
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ADMIRABLY ADAPTED TO THE WANTS OF INFANTS
Sir Chas. A. Cameron M.D.
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FOR INFANTS, CHILDREN, INVALIDS & THE AGED.
"HIGHLY NUTRITIOUS."
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Don't use Boiled Soap for the Toilet.

VINOLIA IS A REFINED SOAP.

It keeps the complexion fresh and clear.

No other soap has received such high awards as VINOLIA SOAP.

DON'T ECONOMIZE AT THE EXPENSE OF YOUR COMPLEXION.

For Itching. For Itching. For Itching. For Itching. For Itching. For Itching.

Face Spots. Face Spots. Face Spots. Face Spots. Face Spots. Face Spots.

The Editor, "BABY," reports :—For acne spots on the face it is undoubtedly efficacious, frequently healing eruptions, and removing pimples in a few days. It relieves itching at once.

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HIGH CLASS EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES.

MANUFACTURED BY US

At our Large Factory at Cairo (Egypt).

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72, MERCHANT STREET, RANGOON.

Agents in all Principal Places in the World.

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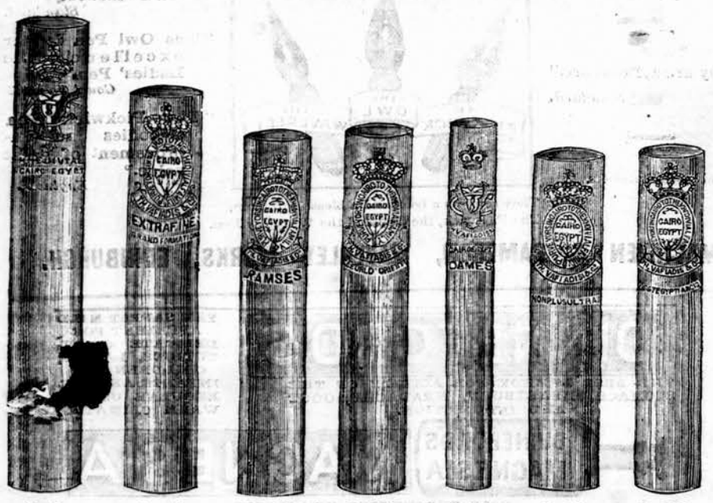

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The above illustrations show the exact sizes and lengths of the brands of Cigarettes manufactured by us, and the marks thereon. They are the only genuine and high-class Egyption Cigarettes made of pure and unadulterated tobacco of good flavour. They are of excellent quality throughout.

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HEMAGLOBINE in a form suitable for internal administration is one of the most interesting and remarkable discoveries of modern therapeutics. It has been largely employed with excellent results by Dr. Dujardin Beaumetz in the Paris Hospitals (*Hopital Cochin and Hopital de la Pitié*) in all cases of anæmia, loss of appetite, general weakness and debility. It is especially valuable as a restorative and for counteracting that feeling of weakness and lassitude so common in tropical climates.

On each packet observe the signature Adrian et Cie in red letters and the name of the discoverer Vor. Deschiens.

May be obtained from all Chemists in the form of Wine, Elixir, Syrup, Pills and Powder.

Price Rs. 3-8, the Elixir, Rs. 4.

Gold Medals, Paris, 1878 : 1889.

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Of Highest Quality, and Having Greatest Durability are Therefore CHEAPEST.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S, LTD.

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LATEST NOVELTIES.

Silver Mounted Toilet Bottles, 3½ in., Rs. 4-8 each.

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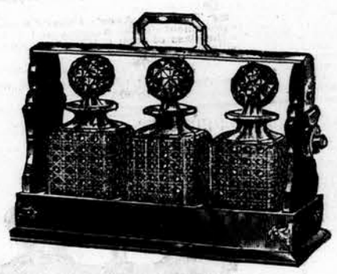
Silver Mounted Toilet Bottle, 8 in., Rs. 13.

Tantalus Spirit Stand .....Rs. 35.
Do. do. 2 pint Bottles ... „ 26.

New Jewel, Perfume and Toilet Cabinet, Rs. 200.



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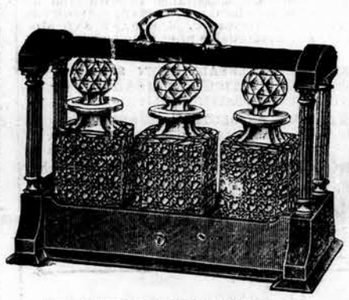
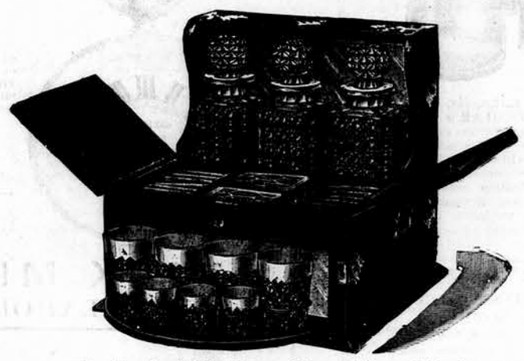
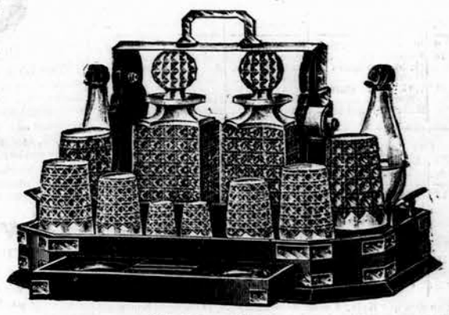


Corinthian Tantalus Spirit Frame, 3 quart Bottles, Rs. 145.



Combination Spirit, Liqueur, Cigar and Game Cabinet, Rs. 180.



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THE BEST SELECTED STOCK IN INDIA FOR
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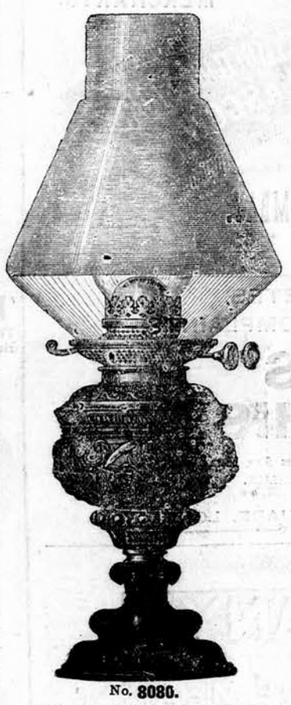
OF EVERY KIND.

PRICES EXCEPTIONALLY LOW.



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Avoid low-priced brands from which the cream has been abstracted, and ask for the "Milkmaid" Brand, the best for all purposes.

Largest Sale in the World.

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THE NEW DRUG FOR

DIARRHŒA AND DYSENTERY

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"GENTLEMEN,—I have much pleasure in telling you that I have taken the Lungili you so kindly sent me, and is appears to have completely cured me. I have been suffering four years from dysentery, the result of malarial fever caught in Africa, and no doctors were able to do me any permanent good by the ordinary remedies.

Yours truly, C. ALGERNON MOREING."

Price 4s. 6d. per oz., from the Importers.

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BROWN'S FOUR CROWN
RED SEAL BRAND
OLD SCOTCH WHISKY
same as supplied to
H. R. H. the PRINCE of WALES.

This is the cream of Specially Selected Old Scotch Whiskies, being soft, potent and rich in bouquet; it is of perfect purity, free from all fusel oils, and from its age and incomparable quality it continues to be THE MOST POPULAR BRAND in the country.

NOTA BENE—Please note that fac-simile of ROBERT BROWN'S AUTOGRAPH SIGNATURE and RED SEAL are on the label, without which none represents the celebrated **FOUR CROWN RED SEAL BRAND.**

Rs. 27-8 per case of one dozen.

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H.R.H. The Duchess of York.

ATKINSON'S WHITE ROSE.

"The Sweetest of Sweet Odours."
Delightfully and delicately fragrant
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.
ATKINSON'S IS THE ONLY GENUINE.
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